

NETURP - L-114

Commission of the European Communities
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MASTER

Preliminary

THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT COMPILATION

84030001

THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT COMPILATION

Forward

In the following is presented a Compilation of Neutron Experiments suited to check the basic data involved in the neutron balance and power distribution calculations of thermal reactor systems.

This compilation has been set-up according to a recommendation of the European American Reactor Physics Committee in view of facilitating the exchange of information on nuclear data libraries and methods in use at the various laboratories and industries for thermal reactor calculations.

The experiments have been selected in order to satisfy a number of requirements, namely:

- a simple and well defined geometrical configuration (homogeneous or lattice systems)
- a limited number of materials involved
- a high sensitivity, from the neutron balance point of view, to the nuclear data of one material of the test configuration, in order to facilitate the comparison with nuclear data files.

The experiments are listed according to this last criterion, with reference to fuel materials. First ^{235}U -systems are considered, then measurements involving Plutonium. In all cases, results for different moderators and temperatures have been included.

No measurements permitting a check of fission product data have been so far included in the compilation.

The description of the data of each experiment is presented in sheet-form; the results are given as reactivity, buckling and reaction rates; no detailed spectrum measurements are reported because these results are already covered by another EACRP Compilation.

The list has been drawn up primarily on the basis of information directly supplied by the national Representatives of EACRP. Any new proposal intended to cover an area not yet considered in this first list or considered more suited for the indicated use as compared to those already included will gladly be accepted and the compilation, if necessary, updated.

Ispra, May 1974.

G. CASINI
J.R.C. EURATOM Ispra

84030002

THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT COMPILATION

Sheet No. 1

Date submitted: January 1972

Status: Final

Laboratory: ORNL (USA)

Experimental identification: ^{235}U -Water Homogeneous (ORNL-1,2,3,4, 10)

Core configuration: Homogenous unreflected spheres of aqueous solutions

Geometrical data: Benchmarks ORNL-1 through ORNL-4 are of radius 34.595 cm;
ORNL-10 has radius 61.011 cm

Composition data:

Case/ Material	Atom Density, 10^{24} atoms/cm ³				
	ORNL-1	ORNL-2	ORNL-3	ORNL-4	ORNL-10
^{10}B	0.0	1.029×10^{-6}	2.057×10^{-6}	2.532×10^{-6}	0.0
H	0.06623	0.006615	0.00661	0.00660	0.0664
O	0.03374	0.03380	0.00386	0.03390	0.3359
N	1.87×10^{-4}	2.13×10^{-4}	2.29×10^{-4}	2.55×10^{-4}	1.11×10^{-4}
^{234}U	5.38×10^{-7}	6.31×10^{-7}	7.16×10^{-7}	7.62×10^{-7}	4.09×10^{-7}
^{235}U	4.807×10^{-5}	5.621×10^{-5}	6.394×10^{-5}	6.80×10^{-5}	3.62×10^{-5}
^{236}U	1.38×10^{-7}	1.63×10^{-7}	1.84×10^{-7}	1.97×10^{-7}	2.20×10^{-7}
^{238}U	2.81×10^{-6}	3.29×10^{-6}	3.73×10^{-6}	3.97×10^{-6}	1.98×10^{-6}

Temperatures: 20°C

Type of experiment: Criticality as a function of the chemical concentration of the fissile isotope

Results:

Case	Measured k	'Corrected' Measured k
ORNL- 1	1.00118	1.00026
2	1.00073	.99975
3	1.00090	.99994
4	1.00028	.99924
10	1.00129	1.00031

The 'corrected' values were evaluated (Ref.2) to account for newer β values, the thin aluminium shells, distortion of the spherical shape, fill tubes and room return

Auxiliary measurements: Spatial Neutron Flux Distribution, Kinetic Behaviour, Neutron Energy Deposition

Comments: Similar Experiments with the same type of solutions in cylinders of 5 and 9 ft diameter

References:

1. R. Gwin and D.W. Magunson, 'Eta and ^{233}U and ^{235}U for critical experiments, Nuc. Sci. Eng. 12, 364 (1962)
2. A. Staub, et al. 'Analysis of a Set of Critical Homogeneous U-H₂O spheres', Nuc. Sci. Eng. 34, 263 (1968)

THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT COMPILATION

Sheet No. 2

Date submitted: June 1972
 Status: Final
 Laboratory: JAERI (Japan)
 Experimental identification: $^{235}\text{U}-\text{D}_2\text{O}$ Homogeneous (JAERI-A,B,C)
 Core configuration: Homogeneous Reflected Spheres of Aqueous solutions

Geometrical data:

Case	Core Radius (cm)	Core Volume (liters)	Blanket Thickness (cm)
A	40.0	262.1±10.5	35.0
B	33.0	142.1±0.3	42.0
C	26.5	73.0±0.2	48.5

Composition data:

Core solution: Uranic sulfate- D_2O solution of 19.82% enriched uranium;
 Blanket composition: Boron-poisoned- D_2O (99.75% purity)

Case	D/ ^{235}U	^{235}U -Conc. g/l	B-Conc. g/l
A	4468	6.81	182.6
B	1978	12.93	69.0
C	1080	20.41	18.11

Core Tante: 3S-Aluminium lined with polyethylene

Temperature: 20°C
 Type of experiment: Criticality as a function of fissile and boron concentration
 Results: $k = 1.000 \pm 0.5\%$ in all cases
 Auxiliary parameters: Cadmium ratios of ^{235}U and Au at the core center
 References: J. Hirota, et al: Experimental and Theoretical Studies of Heavy Water Homogeneous Two Region Systems, J. Nucl. Sci. Tech. 2 (1965) 132-140

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THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT COMPILATION

Sheet No. 3

Date submitted: June 1972
 Status: Final
 Laboratory: JAERI (Japan)
 Experiment identification: ^{235}U -graphite semi-homogeneous (SHE-1,5,6,7,8,9)
 Core configuration: Graphite-modulated 20% enriched uranium critical assembly.
 The core region is made up of UO_2 rods, surrounded by a radial reflector region composed of graphite rods (horizontal axis).

Geometrical data:

Configuration	C/ ^{235}U	Fuel Rods number	Critical Mass U^{235}	Inner reflector radius(cm)	Core radius (cm)	Core length (cm)	Axial reflector thickness
SHE-1	5378	365	3.40	0	44.0	100	70
SHE-5	5378	219	5.29	0	35.7	240	0
SHE-6	4328	196	5.95	0	33.8	240	0
SHE-7	3276	173	6.99	0	31.8	240	0
SHE-8	2226	147	8.69	0	29.3	240	0
SHE-9	5378	298	7.20	44.4	60.8	240	0

Composition data: Fuel rods packed with fuel disks of a mixture of 19.85% enriched UO_2 and pure graphite (C/ UO_2 = 10/1), alternated with spacer disks of pure graphite

Temperature: 20°C

Type of experiment: Prompt neutron decay measurement by pulsed neutron technique

Results:

Config.	SHE-1	SHE-5	SHE-6	SHE-7	SHE-8	SHE-9
α_c	5.54±0.11	5.73±0.07	5.86±0.15	6.48±0.29	6.74±0.35	3.86±0.34

α_c = prompt neutron decay constant at delayed critical

References:

Y. Kancko, et al.: Measurement of Prompt Neutron Decay Constant in Delayed Critical State of Heavily Reflected Reactor, J. Nucl. Sci. Tech. 4 (1967) 462-467

THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT COMPILATION

Sheet No. 4

Date submitted: January 1972

Status: Final

Laboratory: BNL (USA)

Experimental identification: ^{235}U -graphite, nearly homogeneous (BNL 1 through 5)

Core configuration: Five assemblies, each composed of highly enriched uranium-aluminium fuel, in rectangular strips or plates and graphite bars 24 in. long and 1 in. high by 1 in wide. Fuel and graphite are stacked in a V-shaped aluminium supporting structure to form a rectangular parallelepiped with upper and lower faces making an angle of 45° with respect to the horizontal and the end faces vertical. The two lower faces of the assembly (apart from 5) are lined with a thick cadmium sheet. In each assembly there are four control rods (three for assembly 5) completely withdrawn during the reactivity measurements.

Geometrical data:

Assembly	Dimensions (cm)	^{235}U (kg)	$C/^{235}\text{U} \times 10^4$
1	162.45x183.36x182.88	7.904	2.290
2	139.67x168.31x182.88	8.302	1.718
3	133.19x132.95x182.88	9.355	1.145
4	105.06x121.13x182.88	13.866	5.724×10^{-1}
5	98.27x101.71x182.88	60.584	9.582×10^{-2}

Homogenized atomic density away from control rods
at/cm³

Assembly	$C(\times 10^{22})$	$^{235}\text{U}(\times 10^{18})$	$^{238}\text{U}(\times 10^{17})$	$\text{Al}(\times 10^{20})$
1	8.518	3.720	2.702	2.141
2	8.501	4.948	3.593	2.847
3	8.486	7.412	5.382	4.265
4	8.425	14.72	10.69	8.469
5	8.121	84.75	48.81	29.34

Temperatures:

Assembly	1	2	3	4	5
Temperature °C	25	22	20.7	22.5	18.9

Type of experiment:

Criticality measurements

Results:

Assembly	$k_{\text{eff}}(20^\circ\text{C})$	$B^2 \times 10^{-4} (\text{cm}^{-2})$	$l^x/\beta(\text{ugc})(+)$	$d\beta/dT(\text{c}^\circ\text{C})$
1	1.0058 ± 0.0011	9.33 ± 0.02	173 ± 3	-4.43 ± 0.07
2	1.0027 ± 0.0011	11.02 ± 0.03	143 ± 3	-4.0 ± 0.4
3	1.0033 ± 0.0012	13.46 ± 0.05	99 ± 2	-2.7 ± 0.5
4	1.9288 ± 0.0020	16.88 ± 0.08	54 ± 1	-1.69 ± 0.24
5	0.9935 ± 0.0036	20.93 ± 0.12	9.92 ± 0.09	-0.45 ± 0.02

(+) Ratio of neutron lifetime to effective delayed neutron fraction

Auxiliary parameters:

Moderator to fuel disadvantage factors, cadmium ratios, activation ratios (Au, In, ^{176}Cu , Mn, ^{239}Pu , ^{235}U)

References:

J.P. Phelps and E.V. Weinstock: Criticality Measurements on Nearly Homogeneous Enriched Uranium-Graphite Systems, Nucl. Sc. and Eng. 34, 237-250 (1968)

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THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT COMPILATION

Sheet No. 5

Date submitted:

Status:

Final

Laboratory:

AEE - Winfrith (UK)

Experimental identification:

Low Enrichment - UO₂ rods - H₂O lattices (UKAEA-R1-R2-R3)

Core configuration:

Three core configurations using enriched UO₂ rods arranged in as near a cylindrical array as possible, the radial extent of each core being adjusted to give approximately equal buckling axially and radially

Core	Equivalent Radius (cm)	Number of fuel rods
R1	29.44	1565
R2	27.15	665
R3	37.47	2820

Composition data:

Fuel cladding.

Σ_a (2200 m/s absorption cross-section) .0343±.0006 cm²/g

Mass per unit length .6983±.0035 g/cm

Outer diameter 1.0925±.0016 cm

Thickness .0267±.00013 cm

Equivalent density 7.8 g/cm³

Percentage weights of clad constituents

Fe	Cr	Ni	Mn	Ti	P	S	Si	C
67.48	19.11	10.80	1.87	0.5	0.028	.003	.20	.012

Fuel.

length of one pellet 1.0174±.0003 cm

weight 8.539 ± .008 g

Number of pellets per rod 68

Pellet diameter 1.012±.008 cm

Enrichment ²³⁵U by total by weight 3.003±.011%

Density 10.44±0.011 g/cm³

Pellets are wrapped in four groups of 8 and four of 9 in each pencil. Total weight of wrapping is 3.6±0.1 g; each fuel rod is 71.83 cm overall length and fitted with 1 cm thick aluminium bungs

Geometrical data:

Core	Lattice pitch (cm)	Moderator to fuel volume ratio
R1	1.320	1.001
R2	1.866	3.164
R3	1.251	0.775

Temperature:

20 - 80°C

Type of experiment:

Criticality as a function of the fuel rods in the core

see overleaf

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Results:

Core	R1-20°C	R1-80°C	R2	R3
$Bm^2(cm^{-2})$	66.00 ±0.22	62.58 ±0.40	100.44 ±0.64	50.96 ±0.30
$\frac{^{238}U \text{ Fiss}}{^{235}U \text{ Fiss}}$	4.149±	4.263 ±0.047	—	4.789 ±0.053
$\frac{^{176}Lu}{^{55}Mn}$	1.160 ±0.006	1.241 ±0.008	—	1.122 ±0.009
^{235}U Coolant cell to fuel	1.26 ±0.013	1.233 ±0.013	—	1.223 ±0.016
fine Claddy structure to fuel	1.13 ±0.004	1.12 ±0.003	—	1.097 ±0.007
$\frac{^{239}Pu \text{ Fiss}}{^{235}U \text{ Fiss}}$	1.589 ±0.009	1.637 ±0.009	—	1.661 ±0.009
$\frac{d\rho}{dH} \%$ (cm^{-1})	0.248 ±0.011	0.206 ±0.007	0.593 ±0.016	0.284 ±0.008

References:

Fox W.N. et al, Measurements of Material Buckling and Detailed Reaction Rates in a series of Low Enriched UO_2 fuelled cores moderated by light water. AEEW - R502 (1967)

THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT COMPILATION

Sheet No. 6

Data submitted: January 1972
 Status: Final
 Laboratory: BAPL (USA)
 Experiment identification: Enriched Uranium Metal Rod H₂O lattices (TRX metal)
 Core configuration: Uranium metal rods loaded according a triangular pitch, fully reflected radially

Geometrical data

Fuel dimensions (cm)

Fuel radius 0.4915
 Clad I.R. 0.5042
 Clad O.R. 0.5753
 Fuel rod length 122
 Cell V_{mod}/V_{fuel}
 TRX-1 2.35
 TRX-2 4.02

Composition data

Fuel atom densities ($\times 10^{24} \text{cm}^{-3}$)

U²³⁸ 0.047205
 U²³⁵ 0.0006253
 Al²⁷ 0.06025

Moderator atom densities ($\times 10^{24} \text{cm}^{-3}$)

H 0.06676
 O¹⁶ 0.03338

Results

Cell	$B^2 \text{ (cm}^{-2}\text{)}$
TRX 1	0.0057 ± 0.0001
TRX 2	0.005469 ± 0.000036

Results

Lattice	σ^{28}	σ^{25}	σ^{28}
TRX 1	0.830 ± 0.015	0.0608 ± 0.0007	0.0667 ± 0.0020
TRX 2	1.311 ± 0.020	0.0981 ± 0.0001	0.0914 ± 0.0020

σ^{28} = ratio of epithermal-to-thermal U-238 captures

σ^{25} = ratio of epithermal-to-thermal U-235 fissions

σ^{28} = ratio of U-238 fissions to U-235 fissions.

Data adjusted to 0.625 eV thermal neutron energy cutoff.

see overleaf

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Activation Disadvantage Factors

$V_{Mod}/Fuel$	Detector	Experiment
2.352	U-235	1.317 ± 0.013
4.023		1.378 ± 0.013
2.352	Dy-164	1.303 ± 0.013
4.023		1.360 ± 0.008
2.352	Lu-176	1.200 ± 0.011
4.023		1.236 ± 0.011

References

J. Hardy Jr., D. Klein and J.I. Volpe "A Study of Physics Parameters in Several Water Moderated Lattices of slightly Enriched and Natural Uranium", WAPD-TM-931, March 1970

THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT COMPILATION

Sheet No. 7

Date submitted: January 1973
 Status: Final
 Laboratory: BAPL (USA)
 Experiment identification: Natural Uranium metal slabs - H₂O-lattices (SLAB-1,2)
 Critical flux mapping

Geometrical data: Fuel dimensions.
 Slab thickness (cm) 2.540
 Slab length x width (cm²) 61 x 61
 Moderator dimensions:

	Vrod/V Fuel	Thickness
SLAB-1	1.09	2.7686
SLAB-2	0.50	1.2700

Composition data: Fuel atom density (x10²⁴ cm⁻³)
 U²³² 0.047483
 U²³⁵ 0.0003401
 Cell atom density (x10²⁴ cm⁻³)
 H¹ 0.06676
 O¹⁶ 0.03338

Temperatures: 20°C

Results:

Lattice	B ² (cm ⁻²)	ρ^{238}	δ^{25}	δ^{28}
SLAB-1	-0.0013 ±0.0001	1.21 ±0.03	0.124 ±0.002	0.190 ±0.004
SLAB-2	-0.0037 ±0.0003	2.63 ±0.06	0.267 ±0.006	0.264 ±0.006

ρ^{238} = ratio of epithermal to thermal ²³⁸U captures

δ^{25} = ratio of epithermal to thermal ²³⁵U fissions

δ^{28} = ratio of ²³⁸U fissions to ²³⁵U fissions

Data adjusted to 0.625 ev thermal neutron cut off

Thermal activation disadvantage factors

Lattice	²³⁵ U	¹⁶⁴ Dy	¹⁷⁶ Lu	²³⁹ Pu
SLAB-1	-	2.112 ±0.027	1.723 ±0.028	1.800 ±0.025
SLAB-2	2.843 ±0.025	2.856 ±0.020	2.119 ±0.03	2.368 ±0.03

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THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT COLLECTION

Sheet No. 8

Date submitted:

Status: Final

Laboratory: EIR - Wurenlingen (Switzerland)

Experiment identification: Natural uranium rods - D₂O lattices (MINOR - 8 through 16)

Core configuration: Uranium metal rods loaded according to a square pitch fully reflected radially (MINOR facility)

Geometrical and composition data: Fuel. (natural uranium metal)

Fuel radius 1.0 cm
 Clad thickness 0.075 cm
 Fuel density 18.94 g/cm³

Cell.

Lattice pitch (square): for 8.0 to 16.0 cm (see Results)

D₂O concentration (see Results)

Temperature: 20°C

Type of experiment: Subcritical flux mapping

Results:

Lattice pitch (cm)	V _M /V _F	Number of rods	D ₂ O conc. (mol. %)	B _m ² (μB)	B _m ² corrected to 99.75% D ₂ O (μB)
MINOR 8	19.37	216	99.70	780±6	781±6
9	24.78	180	99.62	835±6	841±6
10	30.83	148	99.74	840±3	842±3
10	—	148	99.62	833±3	843±3
11	37.52	120	99.62	791±3	804±3
12	44.84	112	99.74	757±3	759±3
12	"	112	99.66	748±3	760±3
12	"	112	99.61	743±3	761±3
14	61.39	76	99.74	647±3	650±3
14	"	76	99.49	617±3	657±3
16	80.49	60	99.49	506±3	551±3

References:

Lutz H.R. et al. Proceedings of IAEA Conference on Exponential and Critical Experiments (1964) p. 85, M374/1+2+3

THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT COLLECTION

Sheet No. 9

Data submitted: September 1971

Status: Final

Laboratory: Kjeller (Norway)

Experimental Identification: Enriched Uranium Oxide Rods - H₂O moderated lattices (NORA 1 through 3)

Core configuration: Uranium oxide rods loaded according a square pitch in water, radially reflected (90 cm of H₂O)
Number of rods in the core: 240, 248, 384

Geometrical and Composition Data

Fuel

Fuel diameter (cm) 1.27

Clad thickness (cm) 0.048

Clad material SAE-304 Stainless steel

Fuel enrichment 3.41 ± 0.02 %

Fuel density (g/cm³) 10.4

Active fuel length (cm) 121.9 ± 0.6

End plugs : bottom steel plugs 11.4 cm length

Lattice cell

Core	V_m/V_f	Lattice pitch (cm)
NORA-1	4.51	2.687
NORA-2	3.03	2.314
NORA-3	1.66	1.900

Temperature: 20 ± 3 °C

Type of Experiment

Criticality of a function of the water height

Results

	B_m^2 (m ⁻²)	Thermal Disadvantage factor (cm)	ρ_{28}	Temper. coeff. pcm/°C
NORA-1	86.4	1.622	1.065	- 0.1857 . t°
NORA-2	98.8	1.572	1.542	- 0.2728 . t
NORA-3	91.8	1.441	—	- 0.3206 . t

*temperature (t) : 15-60°C

References

Topics in light water reactor physics: Final Report of the NORA Project
Technical Report Series N.113-IAEA, Vienna (1971)

THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT COLLECTION

Sheet No. 10

Date submitted:

May 1973

Status

final

Laboratory

CEA-CADARACHE (France)

Experimental Identification

Natural Uranium metal rod – Graphite lattices (CEA-UN -1-2)

Geometrical Data

	CEA-UN-1	CEA-UN-2
Fuel radius (cm)	1.535	2.50
Fuel density (gr/cm ³)	18.92	18.54
Canning thickness		
Canning volume per unit height (cm ²)	4.50	3.38
Channel diameter	11.0	17.0
Lattice pitch (cm ²)	22.4	31.68

Composition Data

Fuel : Natural Uranium

Fuel Density : 18.92 g/cm³

Canning : Mg-Zr Alloy

2200-n/s Absorption cross section: 0.0028 cm⁻¹

Graphite density: 1.7 g/cm³

2200 m/s absorption cross section : 3,79 mb

Temperature

20°C

Type of Experiment

Critical Flux Mapping

Results

	Parallel* buckling(m ⁻²)	Transversal buckling(m ⁻²)	Buckling (m ⁻²)
CEA-UN-1	0.2590	0.7285	0.9875
CEA-UN-2	0.2535	0.5914	0.8449

* parallel to the channel orientation

References

Private Communication (Dr. ROCHE, CEA, Saclay)

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THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT COLLECTION

Sheet No. 11

Data Submitted:

Status: Final

Experiment Identification: Natural Uranium Rod – Graphite Lattices (BICEP – Nat)

Experimental Method: Exponential flux mapping

Geometrical Data and

Composition Data

Stack	Uranium		Can			Graphite			Material buckling $K_{eff}(m^{-2})$
	o.d. (in.)	S_U	o.d. (in.)	i.d. (in.)	S_{Al}	Pitch (in.)	Channel dia. (in.)	S_g	
Bicep I	1.64	0.9673	1.76	1.68	0.9944	14	4.5	1.052	0.595 ± .021
Bicep I	1.64	0.9673	1.76	1.68	0.9944	12	3.75	1.045	1.155 ± .037
Bicep I	1.64	0.9673	1.76	1.68	0.9944	8√2	3.75	1.058	1.250 ± .018
Bicep I	1.64	0.9673	1.76	1.68	0.9944	7/2	4.5	1.055	1.243 ± .017
Bicep I	1.64	0.9673	1.76	1.68	0.9944	8	3.75	1.062	0.645 ± .020
H	1.2	0.9968	1.445	1.365	1.022	7/2	2.75	1.0405	1.100 ± .020
E	1.2	0.9968	1.445	1.365	1.022	7.875	1.5	1.0231	1.341 ± .041
Bicep I	1.2	0.9958	1.445	1.365	1.022	8	3.75	1.0522	1.052 ± .024
B	1.2	0.9968	1.445	1.365	1.022	8.25	3.77	0.9753	0.869 ± .033
E	1.2	0.9968	1.445	1.365	1.022	7.875	3.75	1.0368	1.101 ± .030
C	1.2	0.9968	1.445	1.365	1.022	7 x 8 1/6	1.75	0.9798	1.020 ± .023
H	1.2	0.9958	1.445	1.365	1.022	7	3.75	1.0425	0.721 ± .020
Bicep I	1.0	1.0004	1.264	1.06	0.9967	8	2.0	1.0573	1.093 ± .028
EE	1.0	1.0004	1.264	1.06	0.9967	7.875	1.5	1.0231	1.032 ± .018
EE	1.0	1.0004	1.264	1.06	0.9967	7.875	2.75	1.0245	0.982 ± .018
CE	1.0	1.0004	1.445	1.365	1.022	7 x 8 1/6	1.75	0.9798	0.851 ± .030
E	1.0	1.0004	1.264	1.06	0.9967	7.875	3.75	1.0368	0.836 ± .020
Bicep I	1.0	1.0004	1.264	1.06	0.9967	8	4.5	1.0654	0.755 ± .012
EE	1.0	1.0004	1.264	1.06	0.9967	7	1.5	1.0204	1.181 ± .018
EE	1.0	1.0004	1.264	1.06	0.9967	7	2.75	1.0221	1.035 ± .017
EE	1.0	1.0004	1.264	1.06	0.9967	7	3.75	1.0391	0.730 ± .035
W	1.0	1.0004	1.264	1.06	0.9967	6.2	1.5	1.0254	1.117 ± .050
A Mod	1.0	1.0004	1.445	1.365	1.022	6.3	1.83	0.9772	0.944 ± .050
Bicep I	1.0	1.0004	1.264	1.06	0.9967	6	3.75	1.0535	0.291 ± .030
W	1.0	1.0004	1.264	1.06	0.9967	5	1.5	1.0173	0.136 ± .059
W	1.0	1.0004	1.264	1.06	0.9967	5	2.75	1.0231	0.670 ± .056

- * S_U = Fuel effective density relative to 18.9 gr/cm³
- ** S_g = Graphite effective density relative to 1.65 gr/cm³
- *** S_{Al} = Aluminium effective density relative 2.7 gr/cm³

Temperature: 20°C

Results: (see table)

Auxiliary parameters: Neutron fine flux structure measurements

References: BICEP -- AEEW -- R235 Volume I: Exponential Experiments on Rods and Tubes of Natural Uranium Metal; Volume III: Fine Structure Experiments -- Exponential Experiments.

THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT COLLECTION

Sheet no. 12

Data Submitted: May 1972
 Status: Final
 Laboratory: AEE-Winfrith (U.K.)
 Experiment Identification: Enriched Uranium Rod – Graphite Lattices (BICEP-E)

Geometrical Data and Composition Data

Core	Uranium fuel rod			Graphite			Aluminium can		
	Fuel enrichment (Co)	Dia. (in.)	Relative density S_u	Pitch (in.)	Channel dia. (in.)	Relative density (S_g)	o.d. (in.)	i.d. (in.)	Relative density (S_{Al})
BICEP-1	1.606	1.196	.9909	8/2	4.5	1.0594	1.445	1.365	1.022
" 2				7	3.75	1.0584			
" 3				7	3.75	1.0584			
" 4				7	3.75	1.0584			
" 5				6	2.75	1.0486			
" 6	1.303	1.197	.9894	7/2	4.5	1.0548	1.445	1.365	1.022
" 7				7	3.75	1.0584			
" 8				6	2.75	1.0486			
" 9	0.589	1.193	.9884	8/2	2.75	1.0438	1.42	1.22	1.006
" 10				7/2	4.5	1.0548			
" 11				8	4.5	1.0654			
" 12				7	3.75	1.0584			
" 13				7	2.75	1.0544			

Temperature: 20°C
 Type of Experiment: Exponential flux mapping
 Results:

B_m^2 (m^{-2})	$\frac{M_2^2}{M_1^2}$
2.835 ± .016	1.189 ± .011
3.168 ± .023	*1.229 ± .025
3.227 ± .033	*1.229 ± .025
3.347 ± .033	*1.229 ± .025
3.445 ± .023	1.127 ± .009
2.207 ± .016	1.257 ± .012
2.122 ± .016	1.213 ± .011
2.001 ± .023	1.054 ± .010
-2.410 ± .041	*1.045 ± .010
-1.715 ± .038	1.298 ± .014
-1.825 ± .043	*1.362 ± .028
-2.451 ± .028	1.297 ± .014
-2.997 ± .071	*1.094 ± .013

References: BICEP – AEEW – R235 – Volume II: Exponential Experiments on Enriched Metal Rods and on Clusters of Uranium Metal and Uranium Oxide Rods (1963).

84030016

THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT

Sheet No. 13

Date submitted June 1973
 Laboratory JRC-EURATOM (ISPRA)
 Status Final
 Experiment Identification Natural Uranium rods — Heavy water moderated lattices (ECO-U-1, 2, 3) — Temperature coefficients

Geometrical Data
 Fuel diameter 29.2 mm
 Canning tube (I.D./O.D.) 29.5/ 31.5 mm
 Separation tube 58/60 mm
 Pressure tube 78.5/81.5 mm
 Calandria tube 91.5/93.5 mm

Core	Lattice pitch (cm)
ECO-U-1	17.5
ECO-U-2	20.5
ECO-U-3	23.5

Composition data
 Fuel : natural Uranium metal
 density 18.94 g/cm³
 Canning, pressure and calandria tube, Zircalloy-2
 Separation tube: Aluminium
 Coolant and Moderator: (99%)
 Insulation atmosphere between pressure and calandria tube: Nitrogen

Temperatures
 Fuel channel 20-200°C
 Moderator 20-60°C

Type of experiment
 Criticality as a function of the water height by progressive heating of test fuel channels

Results:

Core	Moderator Temperature (°C)	Mean Coolant Temperature T _c (°C)	$\Delta B_m^2 / \Delta T_c$ (10 ⁻³ m ⁻² /°C)
ECO-U-1	22.3	41.7	- 1.955±0.209
		78.8	- 2.060±0.203
		122.9	- 2.002±0.190
		174.5	- 1.888±0.184
ECO-U-2	22.3	41.2	- 1.770±0.179
		79.4	- 1.585±0.159
		123.8	- 1.449±0.132
		175.5	- 1.249±0.116
ECO-U-3	60.3	82.0	- 1.299±0.12
		126.2	- 1.057±0.10
		175.5	- 0.865±0.08

See overleaf

84030017

Sheet No.13 (continued)

References

Deutsches Atomforum, Reaktortagung - Karlsruhe 1973
"Messung von Kühlkanaltemperaturkoeffizienten des Buckling von
Natrium- und Pu-haltigen Brennelementen und Vergleich mit der
Theorie, W. HAGE et al.

84030018

THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT COLLECTION

Sheet No. 14

Data Submitted: January 1972
 Laboratory: ORNL (USA)
 Status: Final
 Experiment Identification: ORNL-U233 - Homogeneous
 Acqueous Spheres (ORNL - 233U-5, 7, 11)
 Geometrical and Composition Data: Homogeneous Spheres
 (see also sheet no. 1)
 Atom Densities (in units of $10^{24}/\text{cm}^3$)

	ORNL-233-U - 5	ORNL-233-U - 7	ORNL-233-U - 11
	Sphere Diameter (in.)		
	27.24	27.24	48.04
^{10}B	0.0	5.1230×10^{-7}	0.0
H	0.066360	0.066329	0.066467
O	0.033607	0.033633	0.033525
N	1.178×10^{-4}	1.274×10^{-4}	7.530×10^{-5}
233-U	4.328×10^{-5}	4.6798×10^{-5}	3.3460×10^{-5}
234-U	7.16×10^{-7}	7.72×10^{-7}	5.25×10^{-7}
235-U	1.8×10^{-8}	1.8×10^{-8}	1.0×10^{-8}
232-U	2.81×10^{-7}	3.01×10^{-7}	2.56×10^{-7}
232-Th	1.9641×10^{-7}	2.1333×10^{-7}	1.4757×10^{-7}

Temperatures: 20°C
 Type of Experiment: Criticality as a function of the chemical concentration of the fissile isotope

Results:

Core	keff
ORNL-233-U - 5	1.00050
ORNL-233-U - 7	1.00109
ORNL-233-U - 11	1.00046

Auxiliary Experiments: Spatial Neutron flux distribution, kinetic behaviour, neutron energy distribution.
 References: R. Gwin and D.W. Magunson, Nuclear Science and Engineering 12, 364 (1962).

THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT COMPILATION

Sheet No. 15

Data submitted: June 1972
 Status: Final
 Laboratory: AB - Atomenergy, STUDSVIK, Sweden
 Experimental Identification: Enriched Uranium Oxide - H₂O Lattices - Temperature Coefficient (KZ-39,46)

Geometrical and
 Compilation Data:

Fuel

Material UO₂ pellets
 Enrichment 1.35 weight-% U²³⁵O₂
 Diameter 12.38 ± 0.03 mm
 Density, effective 10.26 ± 0.02 g/cm³
 Total weight UO₂ per rod 2.71 ± 0.02 kg
 Total length UO₂ per rod 2194 ± 3 mm
 Weight UO₂ per unit length 1.235 ± 0.01 g/mm

Canning

Material Zircaloy-2
 Thickness 0.63 ± 0.08 mm
 Diameter, inner 12.60 ± 0.05 mm
 diameter, outer 13.86 ± 0.13 mm

Fuel rod

Rod length 2365 mm
 Rod weight 3.23 kg
 Total number available 2160 rods

Core data

Square lattice pitch 18.0 mm
 Spacer material Stainless steel (SIS-2343)
 Spacer diameter 3.99 ± 0.01 mm
 Spacer plane separation 360 mm
 Number of lattice positions 39 x 39 46 x 46
 Core side
 (Number of cells x 18.0 mm) 702 mm 828 mm
 Water reflector thickness
 Southern and west. sides 75 mm 75 mm
 Northern and eastern sides 293 mm 167 mm

Temperatures: 20 - 245°C

Type of Experiment: Buckling Determination by activation and measurements of critical water level

Results:

Lattice	Boron ^{a)} conc. (ppm)	Temp. (°C)	B _z ^{2 b)} (m ⁻²)	B _r ^{2 c)} (m ⁻²)	B _m ² (m ⁻²)
KZ-39-1	0.8	41.2	11.83	27.44	39.27
		90.0	9.94	27.18	37.12
		120.4	8.49	26.96	35.45
		142.4	7.38	26.76	34.14
		183.1	4.99	26.32	31.31
		195.6	4.21	26.15	30.36
		207.2	3.44	25.99	29.43
		216.6	2.78	25.86	28.64
		225.6	2.12	25.72	27.84

See overleaf

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KZ-46-2	46.3	90.4	13.88	20.63	34.51
		206.0	7.53	19.86	27.39
		227.3	6.12	19.64	25.76
		245.8	4.72	19.43	24.15
KZ-46-2	175	22.4	9.02	20.83	29.85
		34.3	8.76	20.81	29.57
		50.3	8.35	20.78	29.13
		64.0	7.97	20.73	28.70
		79.4	7.50	20.67	28.17
		89.4	7.17	20.63	27.80
		162.1	4.23	20.22	24.45
		171.7	3.78	20.15	23.93
		186.7	3.04	20.02	23.06
		201.3	2.32	19.90	22.22
		205.3	2.10	19.86	21.96

a) Accuracy $\pm 1.0 \%$

b) $\lambda_z = 175$ mm for the first three cases and $\lambda_z = 165$ mm for the last case

c) $B_r^2 = B_x^2 + B_y^2$; $2\lambda_x = 2\lambda_y = 145/\theta$ (T)/ θ (20°C) mm.

Auxiliary Parameters:

Buckling effect of spaces at 20°C: $-1.3 \pm 0.2 \text{ m}^{-2}$

References:

Private Communication (R. Persson, Stuswik, Sweden)

THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT

Sheet No. 16

Date submitted: 12th June 1972

Status Final

Laboratory CSN Casaccia - CNEN - (Italy)

Experimental identification "Reticolo ad Ossidi Misti PuO₂- UO₂"

Geometrical data See References No. 1, 3, 4 and 5

Material data See References No. 1, 3, 4 and 5

Temperatures 20°C

Type of Experiment γ - scanning and foil activation (RITMO Reactor)

Results Relative power distributions and relative values and spatial distributions for several spectral indices

Auxiliary parameters See References No. 3

Comments See References No. 5, 6 and 7

References

- 1) JNE, 25 (1971) 623
- 2) NSE, 46 (1971) 376
- 3) RT/FI(69)49 and RT/FI(70)51, CNEN, Rome (1969) and (1970)
- 4) RT/FI (70)45, CNEN, Rome (1970)
- 5) RTI/FCR (67)24, CNEN, Rome (1967)
- 6) RT/FI(70)48, CNEN, Rome (1970)
- 7) PL-447/34, IAEA, Vienna (1971)

84030022

THEMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT COLLECTION

Sheet No. 17

Data submitted:

Status: Final

Laboratory: PNL - Handford (USA)

Experiment Identification: Plutonium - Aluminium Rods - H₂O lattices (PNL - 1,2)

Geometrical Data: Fuel Dimensions(cm)

Fuel Radius 0.635
 Clad I.R. 0.64262
 Clad O.R. 0.68072
 Fuel Rod Length 60.96
 Cell Dimensions

Core	V_{mod}/V_{rod}	Spacing (cm) (triangular pitch)
PNL-1	2.442	2.54
PNL-2	4.182	3.302

Composition Data:

Fuel atomic density ($\times 10^{24} \text{ cm}^{-3}$) and weight fractions (w/o)

Pu-239	3.3830×10^{-4}	94.09
Pu-240	1.9084×10^{-5}	5.33
Pu-241	1.9611×10^{-6}	0.55
Pu-242	1.0653×10^{-7}	0.03
Al	5.9120×10^{-2}	*
Ni	4.4680×10^{-4}	1.61
Fe	1.4294×10^{-4}	0.49
Zr (Clad)	4.3310×10^{-2}	---

* Silicon (0.69 w/o) combined with aluminium (97.21w/o)

Cell Atomic Density ($\times 10^{24} \text{ cm}^{-3}$)	
H ¹	6.6799×10^{-2}
O ¹⁶	3.3399×10^{-2}

Temperatures:

20°C

Type of Experiment:

Criticality

Results:

H/Pu Atom Ratio	Critical Number of Rods	Critical Buckling (10^{-6} m^{-2})	Reflector Savings and Extra- polation - Length, λ (cms)
583	170.1	108.5	7.73
1149	215.5	76.8	6.04

References:

- 1) V.I. Nalley, R.C. Lloyd and E.D. Clayton, "Neutron Multiplication Measurements with Pu-Al Alloy Rods in Light Water, HW-70944 Handford Laboratory, August 1961.
- 2) G.D. Trimble, et al., Vol. I of Lattice Physics Study, Summary Report through June 30, 1969. USAEC Report GA-9658 July 1969.

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THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT COLLECTION

Sheet No. 18

Date submitted: June 1973
 Laboratory: J.R.C. — EURATOM (ISPRA, Italy)
 Status: Preliminary
 Experimental Identification: Uranium — Plutonium Rods — Heavy water cooled and moderated lattices (ECO — Pu - 1, 2, 3)
 Geometrical Data: See sheet 13 for fuel dimensions

Core	Lattice pitch (cm)
ECO—Pu-1	17.5
ECO—Pu-2	20.5
ECO—Pu-3	23.5

Composition Data: Fuel Material: Uranium — Plutonium metal
 235-U/238-U 0.22%
 239-Pu/238-U 0.27%
 240-Pu/239-Pu 8.53%
 241-Pu/239-Pu 0.66%
 Density (g/cm³) 18.69
 Other materials: see sheet no. 16
 Heavy water purity: 99.73 W %

Temperatures: Channel: 20°C to 200°C
 Moderator: 20°C to 60°C

Type of Experiment: Criticality as a function of the water level by progressive heating of the test fuel channels.

Core	Moderator Temperature (°C)	Coolant Temperature Range (°C)	Mean Cool. Temp.	$\frac{\Delta B_{eff}^2}{\Delta TC}$ (10 ⁻³ m ⁻² / °C)
ECO—Pu-1	22.3	22.3 — 58.3	40.3	- 0.231 ± 0.105
		58.3 — 97.3	77.8	+ 0.004 ± 0.112
		97.3 — 148.1	122.7	+ 0.127 ± 0.119
		148.1 — 198.7	173.4	+ 0.207 ± 0.148
ECO—Pu-2	22.3	22.5 — 60.1	41.3	+ 0.157 ± 0.064
		60.1 — 101.0	80.6	+ 0.168 ± 0.071
		101.0 — 146.7	123.9	+ 0.451 ± 0.089
		146.7 — 199.5	173.1	+ 0.508 ± 0.106
ECO—Pu-3	22.3	22.3 — 63.1	42.7	- 0.089 ± 0.036
		63.1 — 98.8	80.9	- 0.056 ± 0.038
		98.8 — 153.0	125.9	+ 0.355 ± 0.057
		153.0 — 304.0	178.5	+ 0.632 ± 0.086

References: Deutsches Atomforum Reaktortagung 1973 — Karlsruhe "Messung von Kühlmitteltemperaturkoeffizienten des Bückling von Natururaen — und Pu-haltigen Brennelementen und Vergleich mit der Theorie. W. Hage et al.

84030024

THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT COLLECTION

Sheet No. 19

Data Submitted: May 1973
 Status: Final
 Laboratory: CEA - CADARACHE (France)
 Experimental Identification: Uranium - Plutonium Fuel - Graphyte - Lattice - Temperature Coefficient (CEA-T-UN,T-P2)

Geometrical Data:

Fuel Radius (cm)	1.46
Fuel Density (gr/cm ³)	18.94
Coming Value per unit height (cm ²)	
Channel Diameter (cm)	70
Lattice pitch (cm)	22.516

Composition Data:

Core	CEA-T-N	CEA-T-P2
Fuel	Natural Uranium	U-Pu Fuel
Fuel Density	18.85	18.69
N ₅ /N ₅ +N ₈ %	0.72406	0.216
Pu tot/U tot N%	—	0.297
100 240-Pu/239-Pu	—	8.54

Canning Mg-Zr Alloy
 2200 - m/sec Absorption Cross Section 0.0028 cm⁻¹
 Graphite Density 1.7 g/cm³
 2200 m/sec Absorption Cross Section: 3.79 mb

Temperatures: 20 - 450°C

Type of experiment: Critical Flux Mapping and Reactivity Temperature Coefficient Measurements

Results:

Core	Temperature °C	Parallel Buckling m ⁻²	Trasversal Buckling m ⁻²	Total Buckling m ⁻²
CEA-T-UN	20	0.473 ± 0.006	0.340 ± 0.006	0.810
	200	0.4634 ± 0.003	0.257 ± 0.010	0.7204

Temperature Coefficients (pcm/°C)

	20-40 (°C)	100-120 (°C)	200-220 (°C)	300-320 (°C)	420-450 (°C)
CEA-T-UN	± 0.1 ± 0.8	- 1.5 ± 0.7	- 2.2 ± 0.7	—	—
CEA-T-P2	+ 13.6	+ 19.2	+ 22.9	+ 22.4	+ 20.8

References: Private Communication

THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT

Sheet No. 20

Date submitted:	June 1972
Status	Final
Laboratory	CSN Casaccia — CNEN - Italy — Francesco V. Orestano
Experiment identification	"Simulazione Eterogenea del Plutonio"
Geometrical data	See References No. 1 and 2
Material data	See References No. 1 and 2
Temperatures	20°C
Results	Relative power distributions and spectral Index Eu-151 (activation)/U(fission)
Auxiliary parameters	See References No. 1 and 2
Type of Experiment	γ - scanning (RITMO Reactor)
Comments	See References No. 3 and 4
References	1) JNE, 24 (1970) 253 2) RT/FI(69)23, CNEN, Rome (1969) 3) RT/FI(70)48, CNEN, Rome (1970) 4) PL-447/34, IAEA, Vienna (1971)

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THERMAL BENCHMARK EXPERIMENT COMPILATION

Sheet No. 21

Date submitted	June 1972
Status	Final
Laboratory	CSN - Casaccia - CNEN (Italy)
Experiment identification	"Simulazione Omogenea del Plutonio"
Geometrical data	See References No. 1, 2 and 4
Material data	See References No. 1, 2 and 4
Temperatures	20°C
Type of Experiment	Foil activation RITMO Reactor
Results	Relative Spectral Indices
Auxiliary Parameters	See References No. 3 and 4
Comments	See References No. 5 and 6
References	1) NSE, 40 (1970) 51 2) RTI/FCR(68)4, CNEN, Rome (1968) 3) RT/FI(61)15, CNEN, Rome (1967) or NASA-TT-F11, 671, Washington (1968) 4) Doc. Int. LFCR967)15, CNEN, Rome (1967) 5) RT/FI (70)48, CNEN, Rome (1970) 6) PL-447/34, IAEA, Vienna (1971)

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