# NUCLEAR SAFETY & SECURITY COMMISSION BUILDS UP SAFETY & SECURITY



## BACKGROUND OF ESTABLISHMENT OF NSSC

2009 to 2010

2011

## Nuclear regulatory reform initiatives

3 bills were introduced from July 2009 to March 2010

## Strong will of the Administration

A strong movement of the Administration to establish an independent nuclear regulatory authority

- Expansion of the overall size of nuclear industries:
- 28 reactors, in operation and under construction
- about 5,600 radiation using institutes
- A national consensus on revising nuclear regulatory system was mounting after the Fukushima accident.

## BACKGROUND OF ESTABLISHMENT OF NSSC

2011

Oct 26, 2011

Passing of the bills

The bills to establish
NSSC and revise
the Nuclear Safety
Act were passed
in the National
Assembly

Dividing of the Nuclear Safety Act :Safety and Promotion.

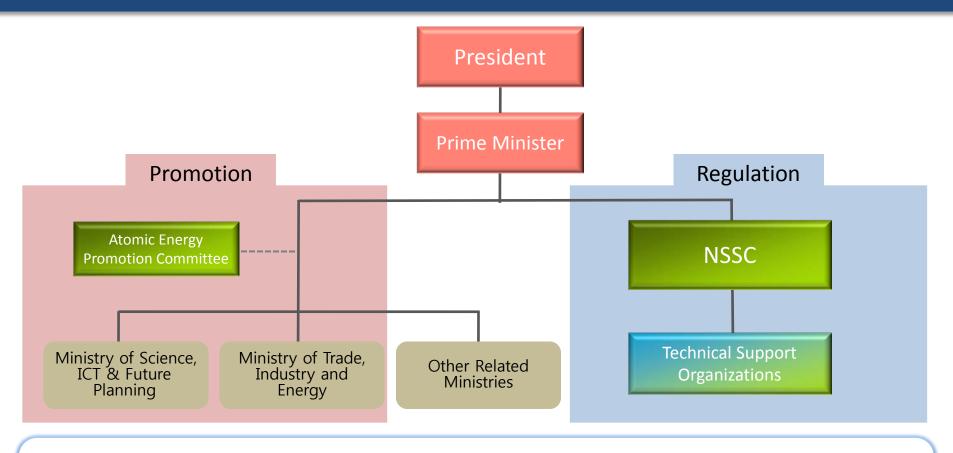
Safety related laws – 7 laws including
the Nuclear Safety Act,
the Act on Physical Protection and
Radiological Emergency,
the Nuclear Liability Act and
the Act on Protective Action Guidelines
Against Radiation in the Natural
Environment.

The official launch of NSSC

Birth of an independent government organization



## NUCLEAR-RELATED GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATION



Ministry of Science, ICT & Future Planning: development of advanced reactors, R&D of RI and radiation

Ministry of Trade, Industry and Energy: establishment of promotion plans and strategies on nuclear energy

Other Related Ministries: inspections on fishery and agricultural products, management of radiation in ground water,

management of radiation workers, and etc,.

### ROLES AND FUNCTIONS OF NSSC

### **SAFETY**

NSSC ensures the highest level of nuclear safety.

### **SECURITY**

NSSC protects nuclear facilities from terrorism and other threats from in and outside of Korea.

## NON-PROLIFERATION

NSSC contributes to building a stronger global nuclear regime for the peaceful use of nuclear energy.

### **NSSC** Assures

"Nuclear Safety, Security, and Non-Proliferation"

### VISION OF NSSC

#### **VISION**

Building nuclear safety that people and the world trust

#### **Principles of NSSC**

**Technical Excellence**: accumulate expertise and experiences that people and the world build trust on

**Independence**: progress vigorously with works only for the

nation and people

**Transparency**: leave no doubts throughout the safety regulatory

process

**Impartiality**: stand with impartiality and objectiveness

Reliability: comply with principles and maintain clarity and

consistency

## GOVERNING ACTS OF NSSC

- Act on the Establishment and Management of Nuclear Safety and Security Commission
- Nuclear Safety Act
- Act on Physical Protection and Radiological Emergency
- Act on Protective Action Guidelines Against Radiation in the Natural Environment
- Nuclear Liability Act
- Act on Indemnity Agreement for Nuclear Liability
- Act on Korea Institute of Nuclear Safety

## SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES OF NSSC

#### **LICENSING**

of Nuclear Facilities, Materials & Activities

## INSPECTION & ENFORCEMENT

of Nuclear Facilities, Materials & Activities

#### **INCIDENT & EMERGENCY**

Preparedness & Response

## NON-PROLIFERATION & SAFEGUARDS

for global peaceful uses of nuclear energy

## PHYSICAL PROTECTION

against malevolent acts and terrorism

## EXPORT & IMPORT CONTROL

of sensitive material and technology

### TECHNICAL SUPPORT ORGANIZATIONS



#### **Korea Institute of Nuclear Safety**



- Entrusted regulatory inspection :
   Pre-Operational Inspection, QA Inspection,

   Periodic Inspection, etc.
- Entrusted safety review : Construction
   Permission Review, Operation License
   Review, Amendment Review, etc.

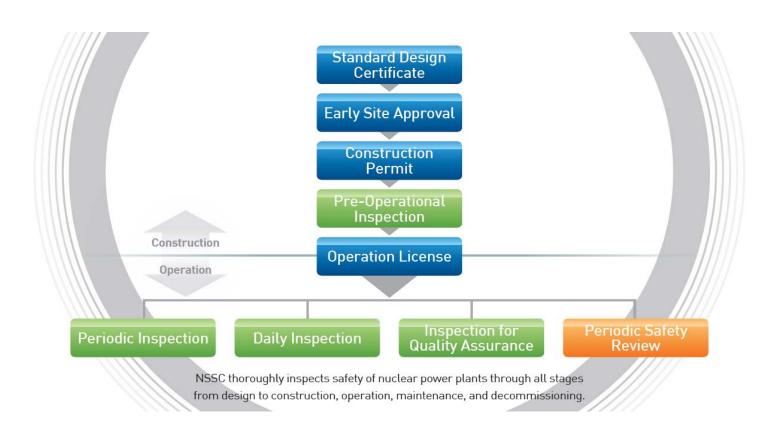
## Korea Institute of Non-proliferation and Control



- Review and inspection of Nuclear
   Material Control and Accountancy
- International nuclear material management

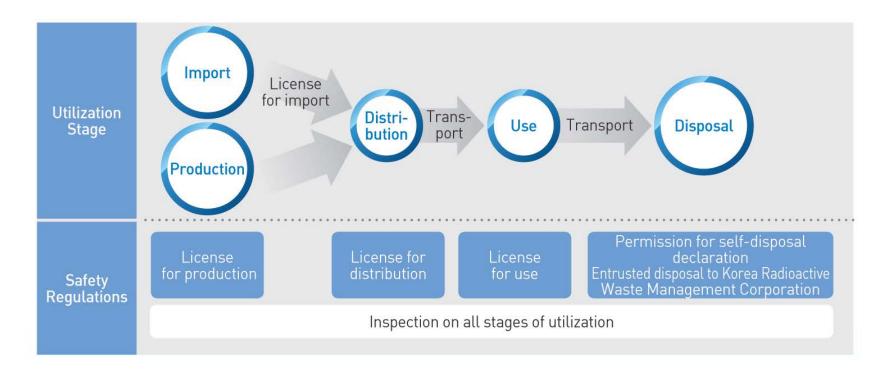
## NPP SAFETY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

### Nuclear Reactor Regulation Process



### RADIATION SAFETY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

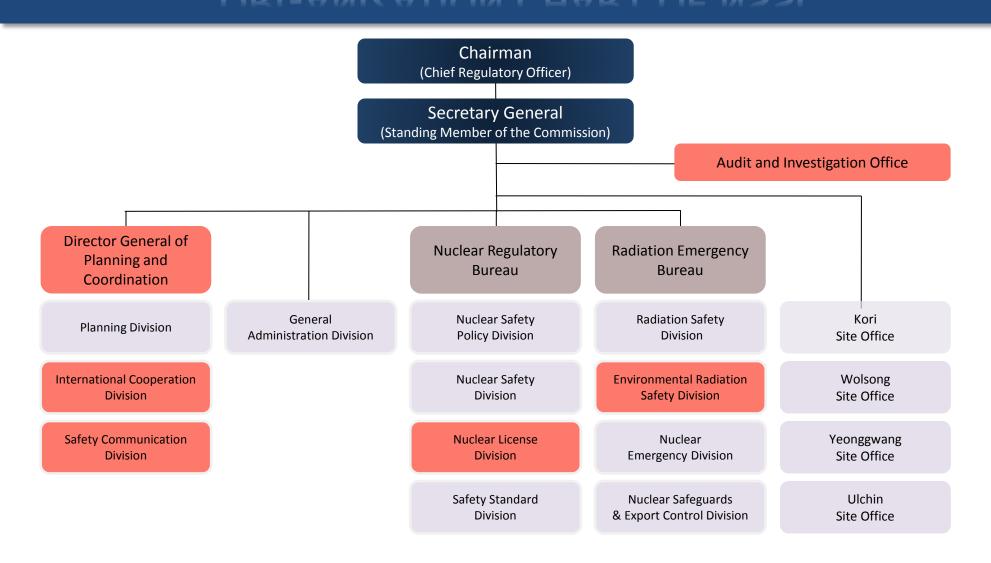
- RI & Radiation Safety Management
- Radioactive Waste Safety Management
- Protective Actions Against Radiation in the Natural Environment



### RADIOLOGICAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM



## ORGANIZATION CHART OF NSSC



## OPERATION OF THE COMMISSION

#### Members of The Commission

- 2 standing members (appointed by President.)
- 7 non-standing members (3, recommended by President, 4, by the National Assembly)

#### Meetings of The Commission

- 2-3 times a month (at least one regular meeting in a month)
- All meetings are required to be opened to the public

#### Resolution and Deliberation of The Commission

- Construction Permit, Operation License, life extension permit
- Approval of the use of nuclear materials and radioactive isotopes
- Punishments and sanctions
- Budgets, and etc,..

### OPERATION OF THE ADVISORY COMMITTEE

- The Nuclear Safety Special Committee (an advisory committee)
  - 15 non-standing members
  - The Committee provides practical advice, review matters subject to deliberation and resolution in advance, and perform consigned duties.
  - Areas: safety analysis, serious accidents, machinery, electricity, geology, physical protection, environment and etc,.

### Establishment of Special committees

- A serious accident
- Environmental contamination
- Radiation leak
- A serious exposure to radiation.

### MOVES TO STRENGTHEN SAFETY AFTER FUKUSHIMA



### **Earthquake**

Equipment to automatically shut down reactors was installed



### Flooding of Sea water

- Flood barriers were reinforced.
- Flood control gates and water-tight drainage pumps were installed.



#### **Loss of Power**

- Each site secured emergency power generating cars.
- Supplementary EDGs were reinforced.



# Hydrogen Explosion

- Hydrogen removal devices that work without electricity were installed.
- Pressure reducing equipment was installed in containment buildings.

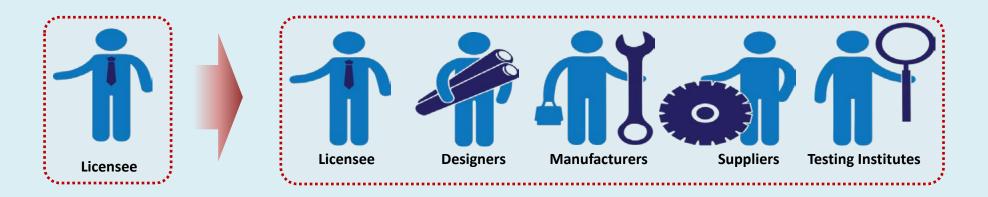


## **Emergency** Response

- Additional protective gears for residents were secured.
- Emergency drills were improved.

### RECENT MOVES TO STRENGTHEN REGULATION

Expansion of the scope of regulation



- Reinforcement of safety culture and quality control
  - Special inspections on safety culture
  - The interval of quality control inspections: every 2 year to 1 year

### RECENT MOVES TO STRENGTHEN REGULATION

### Equipment and Material Tracking System

- Three parts: design, manufacturing & purchase, and history of operation
- One comprehensive system covering from construction to decommissioning

### ■ Real-name system

Recording real names of employees
 from supply to disposal of all parts and items

### Environmental Radiation Management

 Radiation monitoring of processed products & radiation monitoring devices in major ports.



# Thank You

