

EXFOR data correction system.

**EXFOR relational database. X4Lite.
Accessing data in C5, XML, JSON.**

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Contents

Part I. EXFOR data correction system

1. Concept. Plan.
2. Syntax. Examples. Implementing corrections.
3. “Manual” and “Automatic” corrections. Database.
4. Archive of Monitors.
5. Web interface. Real examples.

Part II. EXFOR relational database. X4Lite.

Accessing data in C5, XML, JSON

1. Data formats overview: X4+, XML, StdOut, C5, JSON
2. C5 versus C4
3. EXFOR database: structure, content, updates
4. Access to EXFOR data on Web and PC: GUI, API, FTP
5. X4Lite: database, retrieval and converter codes

Concluding remarks

Part I.

EXFOR data correction system

EXFOR data correction system /2009-2015/ (renormalization system)

Goal: To create tools for re-calculation absolute values from EXFOR according to

- (a) today's knowledge (new standards, decay data, abundances)
- (b) evaluators' experience based on additional information about experiments

Main tasks:

- 1) to re-normalize data using **old monitors** and **new standards**
- 2) to re-normalize data using decay data
- 3) to create a convenient tool for data modifications: multiply data to a factor, correct wrong units, set up uncertainties, delete part of a data set, recalculate data using isotope abundances, etc.

2009 Initial plan:

- 1) to define concept and syntax describing data corrections
- 2) to develop software implementing data corrections according the syntax
- 3) to develop software to generate **automatic corrections** using EXFOR information
- 4) to collect **experts' corrections** to a database
- 5) to develop Web system implementing (a) automatic, (b) experts' and (c) user's corrections in optional, semi-automatic and interactive modes

2014

- 6) to generate and distribute renormalized data for whole EXFOR database

Concept

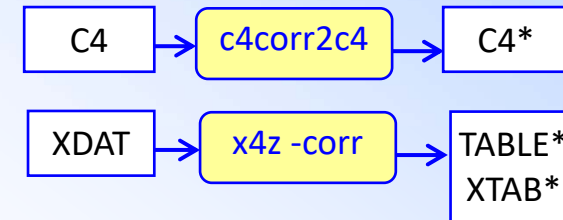
- We DO NOT change data in EXFOR.

We re-normalize output from EXFOR system:

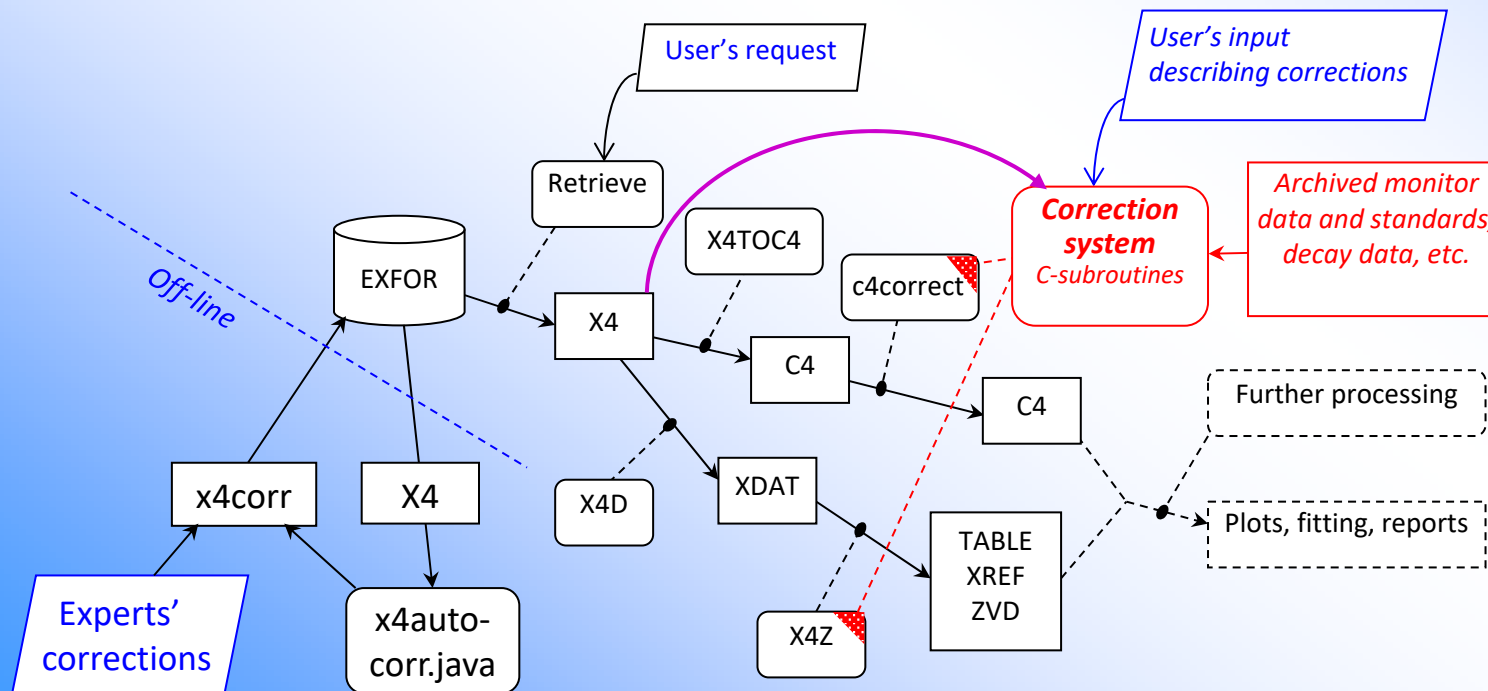
- C4 computational format
- TABLE, XREF (NNDC computational formats)

Results can be plotted as:

- Quick plots (TABLE)
- Advanced plots (C4)
- + comparison to evaluated data (ENDF)



Software structure and data flow



“Manual” and “automatic” corrections

“Automatic” corrections are based on the information given in EXFOR file: keywords MONITOR and MONIT-REF, monitor data in the DATA and COMMON sections.

This method is **objective**.

It needs “clever” EXFOR software.

“Manual” corrections are based user’s knowledge and experience – therefore can include **subjective** judgment.

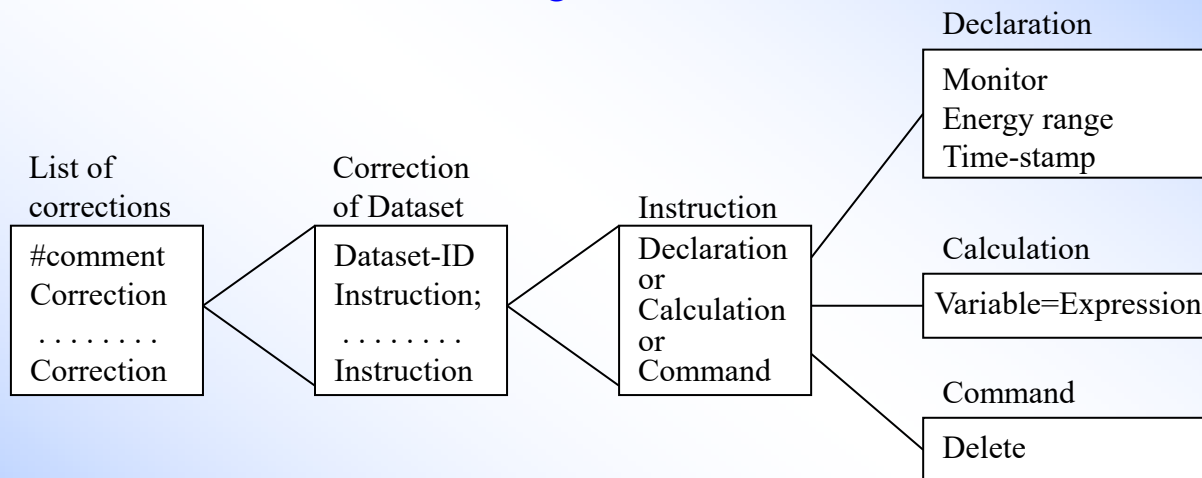
We are going to collect **database** of experts’ corrections.

Both methods need:

- archive of old monitors
- library of “recommended” monitors (standards)
- software, database, information, Web support
- participation of nuclear data experts

Syntax. Structure.

Corrections (data modifications) are described in a text file with following structure



Datasets from EXFOR are identified by the
DatasetID := SubentryPointer

All operations described in the list of corrections will
be applied to the current dataset.

First examples

40274002A $y=y*0.85$

This means: take data from Subentry 40274.002 having Pointer=<A>, and for every data point perform action: multiply data value (y) by factor 0.85
//S. Mughabhab: 2009 request for Web system

10221039 $dSys=y*0.02;$

This means: set systematic uncertainties equal to 2% of data for Subentry 10221039

```
10221039 m0:endfb4 $ u235nf; #old monitor
          m1:iaeastd2006 $ u235nf;      #new monitor
          dy=dy/y;                      #abs. to relative uncertainty
          y=y/m0*m1;                    #re-normalize data value
          dy=dy**2 -(dm0/m0)**2 +(dm1/m1)**2; #re-calc.errors
          dy=dy**0.5*y;                 #back to abs. uncertainty
```

Monitor data used for measurements: CS from ENDF-B/IV, reaction U-235(n,f). We define for renormalization old and new monitors: data from ENDF-B/IV, U-235(n,f) and modern data from IAEA Standards-2006 library; re-calculate data values and uncertainty using old and new monitors for every data point.

Syntax. Declarations.

Energy dependent monitor from the Archive.

Energy dependent monitor must be “declared” before first time used.

syntax: `m0:Library$Reaction;`
the same for `m1,m2,m3,...,m7`

example: `m0:allen58$u235nf;`
`m1:std05$u235nf;`

Use value interpolated for the current energy in the variable `m1` and `dm1`

example: `y=y*m1/m0;`

Energy dependent monitor from EXFOR file.

Energy dependent monitor must be “declared” before first time used.

syntax: `m0:[EN, MONIT, MONIT-ERR];`
to describe column with monitor uncertainties (after that, `dm0` will have a value)

Use value interpolated for the current energy in the variable `m0` and `dm0`

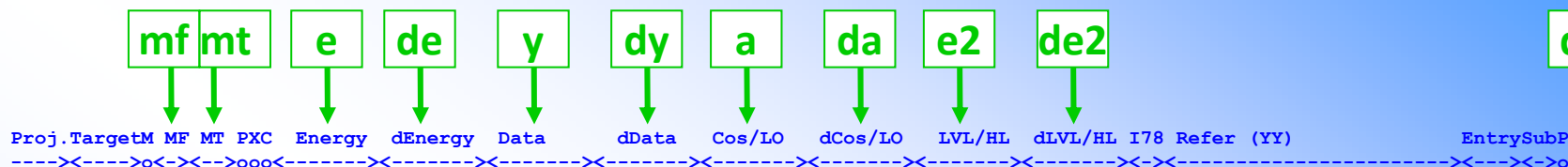
example: `y=y*m1/m0;`

After you declare monitor (`m0`, `m1`, etc.), you can use variable (`m0`, `m1`, etc.) in your expressions

Example: `y=y*m1/m0;`

`dy=((dy/y)**2 -(dm0/m0)**2 +(dm1/m1)**2)**0.5*y;`

Syntax. Mapping variables on C4 file.



C4 file

Proj	TargetM	MF	MT	PXC	Energy	dEnergy	Data	dData	Cos/LO	dCos/LO	LVL/HL	dLVL/HL	I78	Refer (YY)	EntrySubP
1	9019	69000			1.4830+7	150000.0	1.3600-8	1.2000-9	0.939692		1.9	1.5900+7	100000.0	E2A. Takahashi, ET. AL.	(83) 21875 42
1	9019	69000			1.4830+7	150000.0	4.1600-8	2.0000-9	0.939692		1.9	1.5700+7	100000.0	E2A. Takahashi, ET. AL.	(83) 21875 42
1	9019	69000			1.4830+7	150000.0	9.3400-8	3.0000-9	0.939692		1.9	1.5500+7	100000.0	E2A. Takahashi, ET. AL.	(83) 21875 42
1	9019	69000			1.4830+7	150000.0	2.1200-7	5.0000-9	0.939692		1.9	1.5300+7	100000.0	E2A. Takahashi, ET. AL.	(83) 21875 42
1	9019	69000			1.4830+7	150000.0	3.8400-7	6.0000-9	0.939692		1.9	1.5100+7	100000.0	E2A. Takahashi, ET. AL.	(83) 21875 42
1	9019	69000			1.4830+7	150000.0	5.8700-7	8.0000-9	0.939692		1.9	1.4900+7	100000.0	E2A. Takahashi, ET. AL.	(83) 21875 42
1	9019	69000			1.4830+7	150000.0	7.5100-7	9.0000-9	0.939692		1.9	1.4700+7	100000.0	E2A. Takahashi, ET. AL.	(83) 21875 42

COLUMNS	NAME	VARIABLE	MEANING
1- 5	Prj		Projectile ZA (e.g. neutron =1, proton =1001)
6- 11	Targ		Target ZA (e.g. 26-Fe-56 = 26056)
12	M		Target metastable state (e.g. 26-FE-56m = M)
13-15	MF	MF	MF (ENDF conventions: 1-40, plus additions: 1-999)
16- 19	MT	MT	MT (ENDF conventions 1-999, plus additions: 1-9999)
20	P		Product metastable state (e.g. 26-FE-56M = M)
21	X		EXFOR status
22	C		Center-of-mass flag (C=center-of-mass, blank=lab)
23- 94		8 data fields (each in E9.3 format)
23- 31	Energy	E	Projectile incident energy
32- 40	dEnergy	dE	Projectile incident energy uncertainty
41- 49	Data	Y	Data, e.g., cross section, angular distribution, etc.
50- 58	dData	dY	Data uncertainty
59- 67	Cos/LO	A	Cosine or legendre order
68- 76	dCos/LO	dA	Cosine uncertainty
77- 85	LVL/HL	E2	Identified by columns 95-97 (e.g., level E, half-life)
86- 94	dLVL/HL	dE2	Identified by columns 95-97 (e.g., level E, uncertainty)
95- 97	I78		Identification of data fields 7 and 8 (e.g., LVL=level, HL=half-life, etc.).
98-122	Refer		Reference (first author and year)
123-127	ENTRY		EXFOR accession number
128-130	Sub		sub-accession number
131	P		Multi-dimension table flag (Pointer)
132-140	dSys	dSys	Systematic uncertainty
141-149	dStat	dStat	Statistical uncertainty

Other variables and constants.

Numerical values

These values can be used in expressions in the format of REAL numbers in Fortran. It is assumed that values without units are presented in “basic” units (e.g. 20 means 20eV). Expressions allow also usage of units (which must be presented in special working dictionary), then units will be replaced by factor, e.g. 2hr will be replaced by (2*3600)., 2% will be replaced by (2*0.01), 20kev will be replaced by (20*1e3).

Intermediate variables.

syntax: a0, a1, a2, a3, a4, a5, a6, a7, c0, c1, c2, c3, c4, c5, c6, Fc
default value=0

Monitor point.

Monitor value for given point (e.g. thermal cross section) can be used in any expression:

syntax: Library\$Reaction[Energy]

example: a1=iaea05\$au197ng[0.0253];

It is also possible to use energy value from COMMON block:

a1=iaea05\$au197ng[EN-NRM];

Monitor point from EXFOR.

Single monitor value is usually given in EXFOR file in COMMON block. This value can be used in an expression referring to Header of the column in the COMMON block by using [Header], e.g.

a0=[MONIT1];

So, renormalization by single point can also be described without using intermediate variables, e.g.:

y = y * iaea05\$au197ng[0.0253] / [MONIT1];

Other constants and operations.

Abundance

When necessary, cross sections can be corrected by using natural abundance of isotopes and cross section of competing reaction. Abundance is coded as `abu[isotope]`, can be used in expressions and will be replaced by value taken from internal library. For example:

```
20388002 m2:rrdf07$ni61nnp;  
y = y - abu[ni61]/abu[ni60]*m2;
```

Half-life

If necessary (for long-lived residuals), cross sections can be corrected by using new half-life value, which is coded as `t12[isotope]`. It can be used in expressions and will be replaced by value taken from internal library. For example:

```
30449003 y=y*t12[bi207]/38yr; # converted to y=y*32.9yr/38yr;
```

Operations.

Traditional operations:

`+` `-` `*` `/` `**` `^`

parentheses `()` change order of operations

Calculations

syntax: `variable=expression;`

Traditional for programming languages

Results in 2011: “manual system”

- expert K.Zolotarev (physicist from IPPE, Russia) uses the system to prepare corrections and test the system (2011): 33 dataset for the reaction Zn-64(n,p) were analysed, correction file was prepared
- Zolotarev’s collection of monitors was adopted to archive and tested
- functions of the Web system were extended (precise data checking, uploading user’s monitor, etc.)
- syntax was extended to include parentheses and monitor data errors

Example of Zolotarev’s corrections:

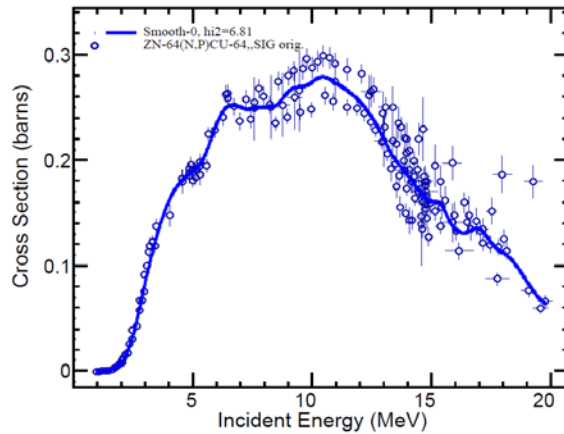
```
10224003          # 1972 D.C.Santry+
                  #measurements with T(p,n)He3 neutron source
                  #monitor S32(n,p)P32 reaction
a0=0.91582;       #experimental data were renormalized to the integral of
                  #cross-section calculated from experimental data of Mannhart
                  #and Schmidt 2007 in the overlapping energy
                  #range 1.500 - 3.958 MeV, a0=0.91582
a1=0.0115;       #error in b+ mode in Cu64 decay      - 1.15%
a2=0.03;         #error in normalization value      - 3%
a3=0.03;         #error in angular neutron intensity - 3%
m0: [en,monit];  #old cs for S32(n,p)P32 monitor reaction
m1: rrdf10 $ s32np; #new cs for S32(n,p)P32 monitor reaction
c1=dm1/m1;       #relative error in new cs for S32(n,p)P32 monitor reaction
dy=dy/y;         #relative uncertainty in original cs for Zn64(n,p)Cu64 reaction
fc=m1/m0*a0;     #total correction factor
y=y*fc;         #correction exp. cs
dy=dy^2+c1^2+a1^2+a2^2+a3^2; #determination the quadrature of new total error
dy=dy^0.5*y;     #determination the absolute error in new Zn64(n,p) cs

12956003          #1975 R.Spangler+
m0: [en,monit];  #old cs for Al27(n,a)Na24 monitor reaction
m1: rrdf10 $ al27na; #new cs for Al27(n,a)Na24 monitor reaction
a=0.380/0.348;   #correction to new 511 keV gamma-yield per decay Cu-64
fc=m1/m0*a;     #total correction factor
y=y*fc;         #correction exp. cs
dy=dy*fc;       #correction abs. uncertainty in renorm. cs
```

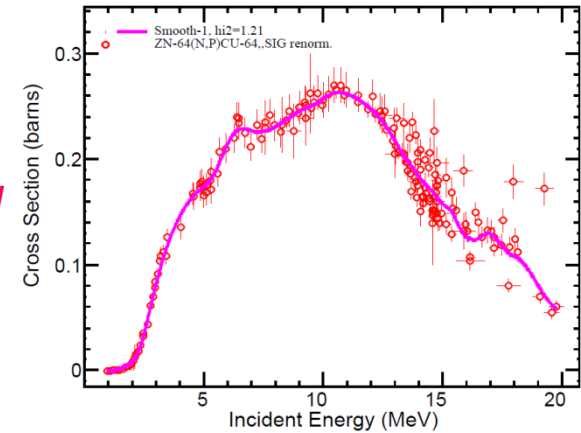
Example of “manual” corrections results

by K.Zolotarev, 2011

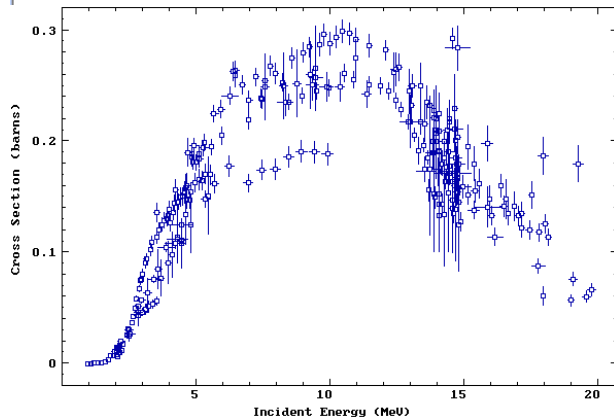
Data selected



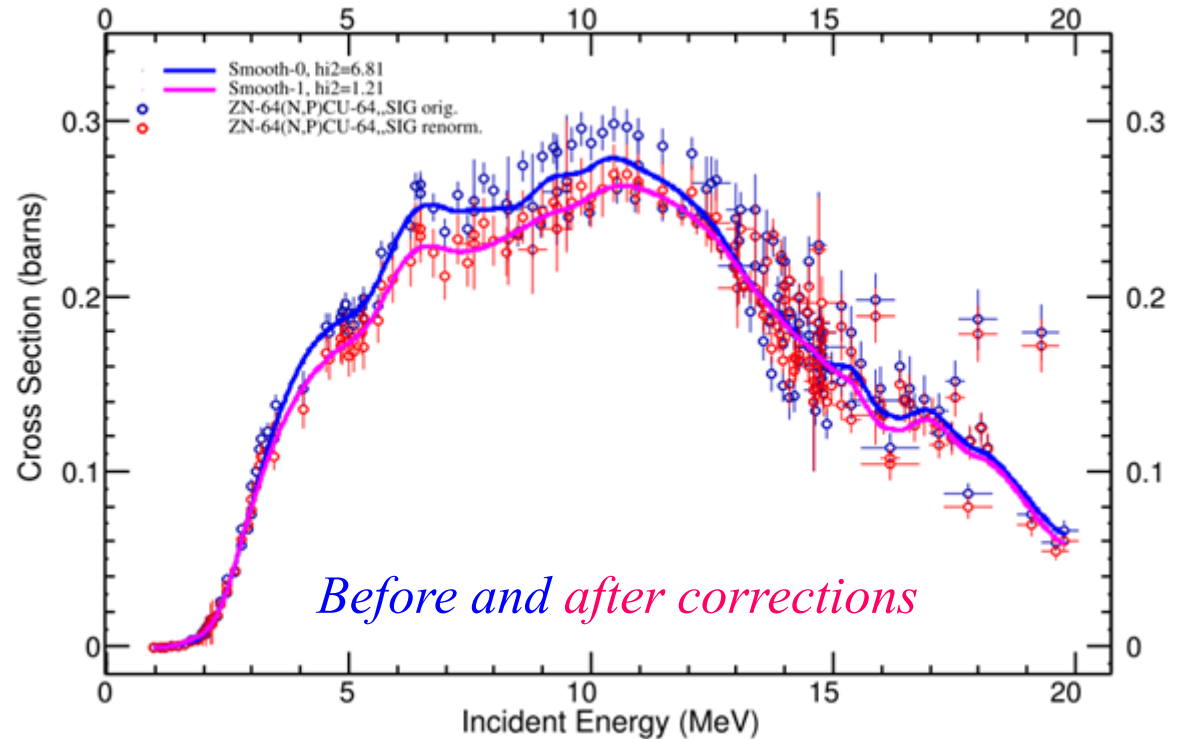
Data corrected



30-ZN-64(N,P)29-CU-64,,SIG

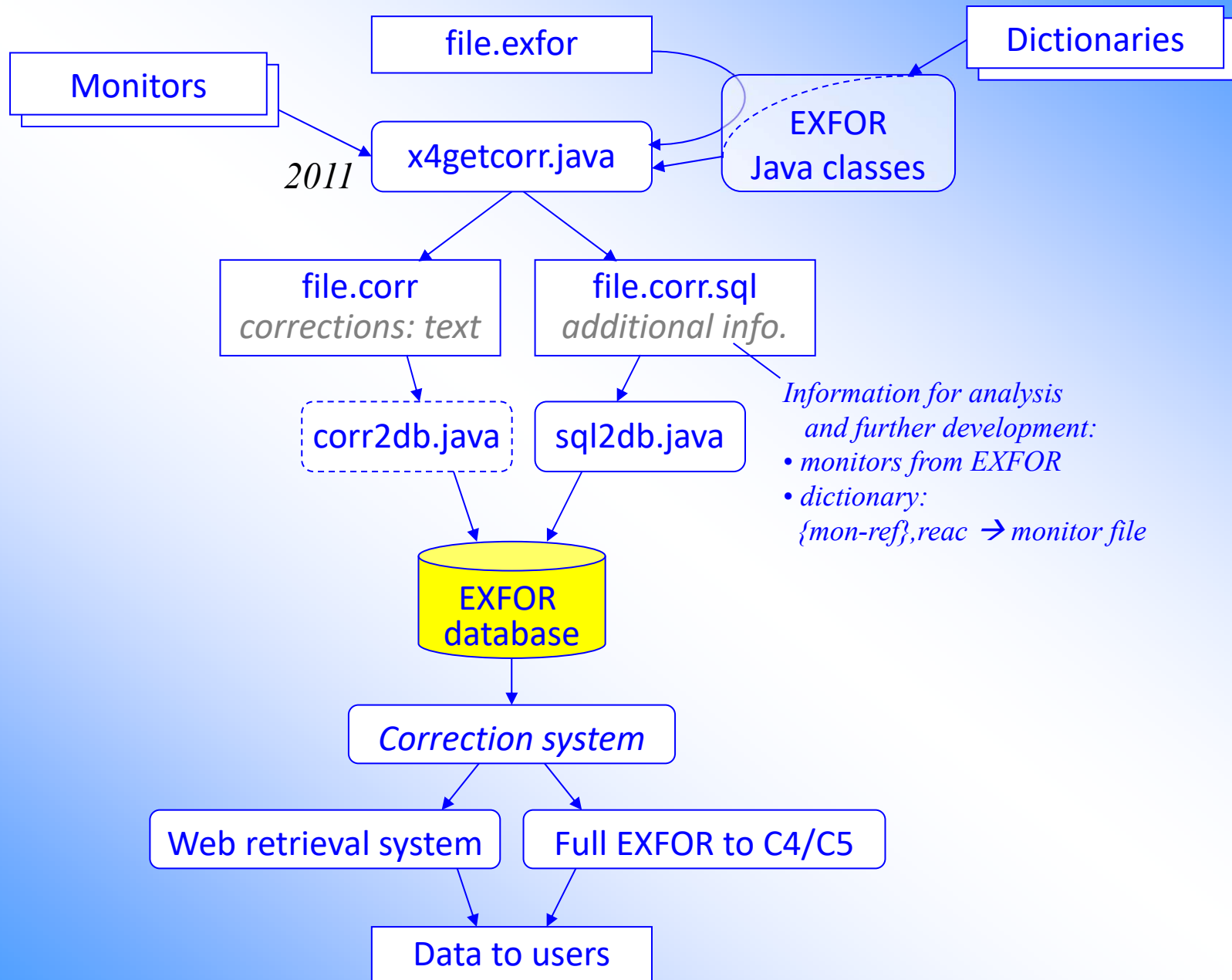


Original EXFOR data



Before and after corrections

Automatic corrections based on EXFOR information



Available automatic corrections

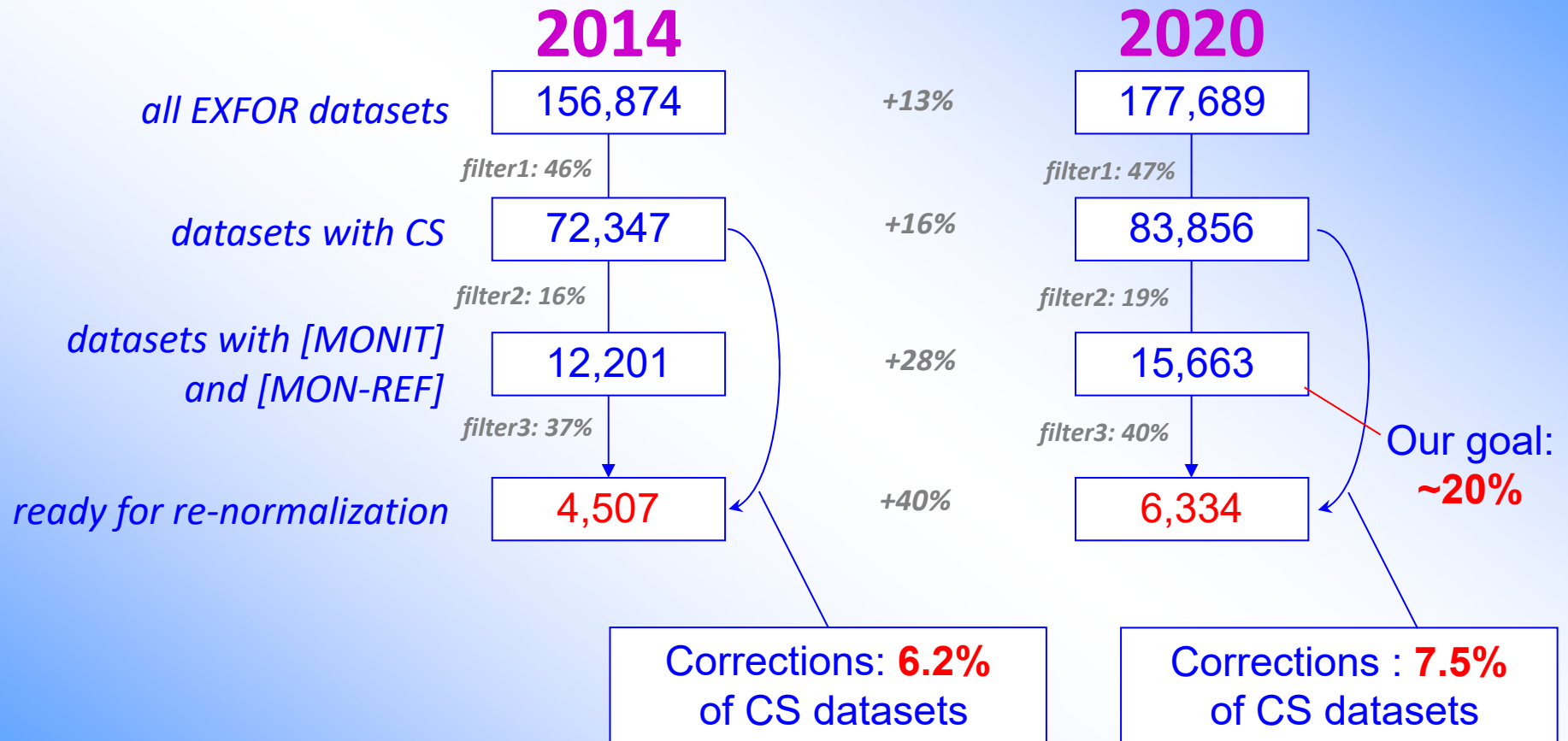


Table Name:

Columns and Indices | Table Options

Column Name	Datatype	NOT NULL
DatasetID	VARCHAR(9)	✓
author	VARCHAR(40)	✓
itype	VARCHAR(40)	
fileID	INTEGER	✓
fileDate	DATE	
dbDate	DATE	
x4reac	VARCHAR(255)	
x4monreac	VARCHAR(255)	
pts	INTEGER	
enMin	DOUBLE	
enMax	DOUBLE	
m0lib	VARCHAR(255)	
monreac	VARCHAR(255)	
m1lib	VARCHAR(255)	
monfile	VARCHAR(255)	
link2exfor	VARCHAR(255)	
link2endf	VARCHAR(255)	
ratioGiven	INTEGER	
oldMonitorExists	INTEGER	
monitorFileExi...	INTEGER	
ready4correc...	INTEGER	
strcorr	VARCHAR(8192)	

Corrections in EXFOR database

← Table x4corr used for system's extensions

Missing new-monitor-file (neutron induced)

monfile	x4monreac	noNewMonFile
b0nabs	5-B-0(N,ABS),,SIG,,MXW	246
i127ng	53-I-127(N,G)53-I-128,,SIG	222
co59ng	27-CO-59(N,G)27-CO-60,,SIG,,MXW	206
pu239nf	94-PU-239(N,F),,SIG	80
fe56ninl	26-FE-56(N,INL)26-FE-56,,SIG,G	75
mn55ng	25-MN-55(N,G)25-MN-56,,SIG	61
in115ng	49-IN-115(N,G)49-IN-116-M,,SIG	61
v51nel	23-V-51(N,EL)23-V-51,,SIG	46
in0ng	49-IN-0(N,G),,SIG	46
h1ng	1-H-1(N,G)1-H-2,,SIG	44

Missing new-monitor-file (CP and gamma)

monfile	x4monreac	noNewMonFile
al27pn3p	13-AL-27(P,N+3P)11-NA-24,,SIG	290
al27dx	13-AL-27(D,X)11-NA-24,,SIG	223
al27c12x	13-AL-27(6-C-12,X)11-NA-24,,SIG	64
ti0dx	22-TI-0(D,X)23-V-48,,SIG	49
al27gx	13-AL-27(G,X)11-NA-24,,SIG,,BRA	41
al27ax	13-AL-27(A,X)11-NA-24,,SIG	40
al27p3n3p	13-AL-27(P,3N+3P)11-NA-22,,SIG	38
au197af	79-AU-197(A,F),,SIG	37

Corrections database

Experts' correction database

#	Last update	Title	Datasets
1	2014-07-03	K.Zolotarev 2011, Zn64(n,p)Cu64	33
2	2014-07-02	K.Zolotarev 2011, Fe-54(n,p)Mn-54	30
3	2014-07-03	A.Trkov 2012, Mn-55(n,2n)	48
4	2014-07-03	D.Smith and R.Capote 2010	59
5	2016-09-23	R.Capote 2016-09-23, Fe-0(n,2n)	2
6	2018-09-12	H.Sjostrand 2018, Ni-59(n,*)	10
			182

Automatic correction database

#	Type	Generated	Ready
1	MON-REF	6301	333 (5%)
2	X4DATA (EN)	1905	1345 (70%)
3	X4POINT	7457	4656 (62%)
		15663	6334 (40%)

6. Library: ENDF-B/VI, USA, 1990

- 6.1. [m0: endfb6 \\$ al27np;](#)
- 6.2. [m0: endfb6 \\$ al27na;](#)
- 6.3. [m0: endfb6 \\$ u235nf;](#)
- 6.4. [m0: endfb6 \\$ u238nf;](#)

7. Library: ENDF-B/V, USA, 1984

- 7.1. [m0: endfb5 \\$ li6nt;](#)
- 7.2. [m0: endfb5 \\$ al27np;](#)
- 7.3. [m0: endfb5 \\$ al27na;](#)
- 7.4. [m0: endfb5 \\$ fe56np;](#)
- 7.5. [m0: endfb5 \\$ in115nnm;](#)
- 7.6. [m0: endfb5 \\$ u235nf;](#)

8. Library: ENDF-B/IV, USA, 1974

- 8.1. [m0: endfb4 \\$ al27np;](#)
- 8.2. [m0: endfb4 \\$ al27na;](#)
- 8.3. [m0: endfb4 \\$ fe56np;](#)
- 8.4. [m0: endfb4 \\$ ni58np;](#)
- 8.5. [m0: endfb4 \\$ u235nf;](#)

9. Library: IRK-90, H.Vonach, Vienna, 1990

- 9.1. [m0: irk90 \\$ al27na;](#)
- 9.2. [m0: irk90 \\$ nb93n2nm;](#)
- 9.3. [m0: irk90 \\$ au197n2n;](#)
- 9.4. [m0: irk90 \\$ zr90n2n;](#)

10. Monitors used in the past

- 10.1. [m0: gammel60 \\$ h01nn;](#)
J.L.Gammel, Fast Neutron Physics, Vol II, p.2185, Interscience Pub., Inc., New York, 1960
- 10.2. [m0: sowerbay73 \\$ u238nf;](#)
M.G.Sowerby et al. Report AERE-R-7373, 1973
- 10.3. [m0: allen58 \\$ u235nf;](#)
W.D.Allen, R.Henkel
Fast Neutron on the Isotopes of Thorium, Uranium and Plutonium.
Progress in Nuclear Energy. Pergamon Press, New York, 1958, series 1, vol.2, pp. 1-50
- 10.4. [m0: smith57 \\$ u238nf;](#)
R.K.Smith, R.L.Henkel, R.A.Nobles
Neutron-Induced Fission Cross Sections for U233, U235, U238 and Pu241 from 2 To 10 MeV.
Bulletin of the American Physical Society; Vol.2, p.196(K4), 1957
- 10.5. [m0: vonach83 \\$ al27na;](#)
H.Vonach
The Al-27(n,a)Na-24 Cross Section. Nuclear Data Standards for Nuclear Measurements. Technical Reports Series No.227, IAEA, Vienna, 1983, pp.59-63
- 10.6. [m0: filatenkov96 \\$ nb93n2nm;](#)
A.A.Filatenkov et al.
Systematic Measurement of Activation Cross Sections at Neutron Energy of 13.4 - 14.9 MeV.
VANT, Ser.:Yadernye Konstanty, v.2, p.8, Moscow, 1996

Libraries: 10, files: 69. Last update: 2015-03-30

Archive of monitors

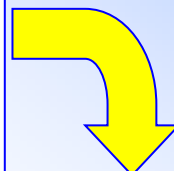
- Organized in two level structure: library \$ monitor ==> directory / file
- Data are stored in 3-col. text files
- Monitor-covariance: not yet
- Total: 69 data files
- Initial source: IRDF-2002 project (K.Zolotarev, IPPE, Russia)
- Last update: 2015-03-30

Example: Energy dependent monitor given in DATA section

```

SUBENT      10421001  20030221
REFERENCE   (J,NSE,57,300,197508)
AUTHOR      (W.P.Poenitz)
TITLE       Measurements of the Neutron Capture Cross Sections of
            Gold-197 and Uranium-238 Between 20 and 3500 keV
SUBENT      10421003  20030221
REACTION    (92-U-238(N,G)92-U-239,,SIG)
MONITOR     (79-AU-197(N,G)79-AU-198,,SIG) Relative standard
    
```

EN	EN-RSL	DATA	DATA-ERR	MONIT	MONIT-ERR
KEV	KEV	MB	MB	MB	PER-CENT
20.	4.	631.	54.	720.	2.
24.		550.	47.	655.	2.
28.		490.	42.	600.	2.
32.		459.	39.	552.	2.
36.		434.	37.	518.	2.
40.		425.	37.	488.	2.
44.		389.	33.	464.	2.
48.		353.	30.	446.	2.
52.		315.	27.	430.	2.
56.		305.	26.	412.	2.



Automatically generated
by x4getcorr.java

```

10421003  x4u:20030221  #1975 Poenitz
#Reaction: 92-U-238(N,G)92-U-239,,SIG
#Monitor: 79-AU-197(N,G)79-AU-198,,SIG
m0: [EN,MONIT,MONIT-ERR];      #old monitor(energy)
m1: recom$au197ng;            #new monitor(energy)
dy=dy/y;                       #to rel. uncertainties
y=y/m0*m1;                      #renormalized CS
dy=(dy**2-dm0**2+dm1**2)**0.5; #replace monitor uncertainty
dy=dy*y;                         #to abs. uncertainties
    
```

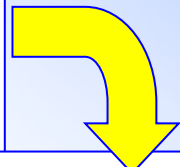
-1	En (MeV)=0.02	Y (mb)=631	dY (mb)=54	(8.56%)	10421003	W.P.Poenitz (75)
+1		Y (mb)=614.184	dY (mb)=52.107	(8.48%)	10421003	*Fc=0.973351
-2	En (MeV)=0.024	Y (mb)=550	dY (mb)=47	(8.55%)	10421003	W.P.Poenitz (75)
+2		Y (mb)=540.62	dY (mb)=45.7459	(8.46%)	10421003	*Fc=0.982946
-3	En (MeV)=0.028	Y (mb)=490	dY (mb)=42	(8.57%)	10421003	W.P.Poenitz (75)
+3		Y (mb)=497.788	dY (mb)=42.3081	(8.50%)	10421003	*Fc=1.01589
-4	En (MeV)=0.032	Y (mb)=459	dY (mb)=39	(8.50%)	10421003	W.P.Poenitz (75)
+4		Y (mb)=478.342	dY (mb)=40.3473	(8.43%)	10421003	*Fc=1.04214
-5	En (MeV)=0.036	Y (mb)=434	dY (mb)=37	(8.53%)	10421003	W.P.Poenitz (75)
+5		Y (mb)=453.274	dY (mb)=38.4025	(8.47%)	10421003	*Fc=1.04441
-6	En (MeV)=0.04	Y (mb)=425	dY (mb)=37	(8.71%)	10421003	W.P.Poenitz (75)
+6		Y (mb)=441.328	dY (mb)=38.2229	(8.66%)	10421003	*Fc=1.03842
-7	En (MeV)=0.044	Y (mb)=389	dY (mb)=33	(8.48%)	10421003	W.P.Poenitz (75)
+7		Y (mb)=396.12	dY (mb)=33.4425	(8.44%)	10421003	*Fc=1.0183
-8	En (MeV)=0.048	Y (mb)=353	dY (mb)=30	(8.50%)	10421003	W.P.Poenitz (75)
+8		Y (mb)=357.414	dY (mb)=30.2427	(8.46%)	10421003	*Fc=1.0125
-9	En (MeV)=0.052	Y (mb)=315	dY (mb)=27	(8.57%)	10421003	W.P.Poenitz (75)
+9		Y (mb)=318.742	dY (mb)=27.2133	(8.54%)	10421003	*Fc=1.01188
-10	En (MeV)=0.056	Y (mb)=305	dY (mb)=26	(8.52%)	10421003	W.P.Poenitz (75)
+10		Y (mb)=310.399	dY (mb)=26.3649	(8.49%)	10421003	*Fc=1.0177

Generated by
x4-correction system
on Web

Example: monitor given in MONIT-REF pointing to ENDF/B-V

```

SUBENT      22325001  20190205  20190424  20190420  2274
BIB         17      70
TITLE      Activation cross section measurement of reactions
           producing short-lived nuclei at neutron energy
           between 13.4 MeV and 14.9 MeV
AUTHOR     (Y.Kasugai, H.Yamamoto, K.Kawade, Y.Ikeda, Y.Uno,
           H.Maekawa)
REFERENCE  (C,94GATLIN,2,935,1994) Main ref.
MONITOR    (13-AL-27(N,P)12-MG-27,,SIG) Based on the standard
           Al-27(n,a) reaction in ENDF/B-V.
MONIT-REF  (,,3,ENDF/B-V,,1978)
. . . . .
SUBENT      22325004  20190205  20190424  20190420
REACTION   (26-FE-57(N,P)25-MN-57,,SIG)
DATA       3      6
EN         DATA  ERR-T
MEV        MB      MB
   13.38    63.     7.
   13.70    60.     4.
   14.03    59.     4.
   14.36    59.     4.
   14.66    55.     4.
   14.95    53.     4.
ENDDATA    8
ENDSUBENT  17
    
```



Automatically generated
by x4getcorr.java

```

22325004  x4u:20190205  #1994 Kasugai
#Reaction: 26-FE-57(N,P)25-MN-57,,SIG
#Monitor:  13-AL-27(N,P)12-MG-27,,SIG
#m0: {,,3,ENDF/B-V,,1978} $ al27np;#old monit-ref
m0: endfb5$al27np;           #old monitor(energy) in ENDF
m1: recom$al27np;           #new monitor(energy)
dy=dy/y;                     #to rel. uncertainties----
y=y/m0*m1;                   #renormalized CS
dy=(dy**2-dm0**2+dm1**2)**0.5;#replace monitor uncertainties
dy=dy*y;                     #to abs. uncertainties
    
```

En (MeV)	Y (mb)	dY (mb)	Y (%)	Y Factor	Author
-1	13.38	63	7	(11.11%)	22325004 Y.Kasugai+ (94)
+1		64.8167	7.17063	(11.06%)	22325004 *Fc=1.02884
-2	13.7	60	4	(6.67%)	22325004 Y.Kasugai+ (94)
+2		60.1809	3.96481	(6.59%)	22325004 *Fc=1.00302
-3	14.03	59	4	(6.78%)	22325004 Y.Kasugai+ (94)
+3		57.7125	3.86958	(6.70%)	22325004 *Fc=0.978177
-4	14.36	59	4	(6.78%)	22325004 Y.Kasugai+ (94)
+4		56.1903	3.76892	(6.71%)	22325004 *Fc=0.952378
-5	14.66	55	4	(7.27%)	22325004 Y.Kasugai+ (94)
+5		51.193	3.68991	(7.21%)	22325004 *Fc=0.930782
-6	14.95	53	4	(7.55%)	22325004 Y.Kasugai+ (94)
+6		48.3388	3.6192	(7.49%)	22325004 *Fc=0.912052

Generated by
x4-correction system
on Web

Correction protocol

Applied corrections. Datasets: 1

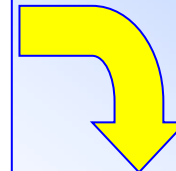
1) EXFOR:#22325004 Ref:Y.Kasugai,ET.AL. (94) Corrected_Points:6 yFactor_Ave:0.96754 yFactor_Min:0.912052 yFactor_Max:1.02884

22325004 X4U:20190205; M0:endfb5\$al27np; M1:recom\$al27np; dY=dY/Y; Y=Y/M0*M1; tmp0=dY^2-dM0^2+dM1^2; dY=tmp0^0.5; dY=dY*Y;

Example: monitor given in MONIT-REF pointing to EXFOR

```

ENTRY          30581  20090506
REFERENCE      (J,APP/B,11,853,198011) Final
AUTHOR         (E.Zupranska,K.Rusek,J.Turkiewicz,P.Zupranski)
TITLE          Excitation functions for (n,a) reactions in the neutron
                energy range from 13 to 18 MeV.
MONITOR        (26-FE-56(N,P)25-MN-56,,SIG)
MONIT-REF      (20377002,H.LISKIEN+,J,JNE/AB,19,73,196502)
STATUS         (APRVD) Approved with corrections, by M.Herman,81/06/15
SUBENT         30581004  20090506
REACTION        (25-MN-55(N,A)23-V-52,,SIG)
DATA           4          10
EN             EN-RSL      DATA      ERR-T
MEV            MEV         MB          MB
1.3000E+01    1.0000E-01    2.1900E+01  2.1000E+00
1.3300E+01    1.0000E-01    2.1800E+01  1.4000E+00
1.3900E+01    2.0000E-01    2.4100E+01  1.5000E+00
1.4500E+01    2.0000E-01    2.7700E+01  1.6000E+00
1.5100E+01    2.0000E-01    2.9200E+01  1.9000E+00
1.5500E+01    2.0000E-01    2.4900E+01  1.8000E+00
1.5900E+01    2.0000E-01    2.3700E+01  2.2000E+00
1.6600E+01    1.0000E-01    2.3900E+01  2.6000E+00
1.7400E+01    2.0000E-01    2.1300E+01  2.6000E+00
1.7800E+01    1.0000E-01    1.8100E+01  2.4000E+00
ENDDATA                12
    
```



Automatically generated
by x4getcorr.java

```

30581004 x4u:20090506 #1980 Zupranska
#Reaction: 25-MN-55(N,A)23-V-52,,SIG
#Monitor: 26-FE-56(N,P)25-MN-56,,SIG
#m0:{20377002,H.LISKIEN+,J,JNE/AB,19,73,196502}$fe56np;#old monit-ref
m0: exfor$20377002_fe56np; #old monitor(energy)
m1: recom$fe56np; #new monitor(energy)
dy=dy/y; #to rel. uncertainties
y=y/m0*m1; #renormalized CS
dy=(dy**2-dm0**2+dm1**2)**0.5;#replace monitor uncertainties
dy=dy*y; #to abs. uncertainties
    
```

En (MeV)	Y (mb)	dY (mb)	(%)	30581004	E. Zupranska, ET. AL. (80)
-1	En (MeV)=13	Y (mb)=21.9	dY (mb)=2.1	(9.59%)	30581004 E. Zupranska, ET. AL. (80)
+1		Y (mb)=22.258	dY (mb)=2.12897	(9.56%)	30581004 *Fc=1.01635
-2	En (MeV)=13.3	Y (mb)=21.8	dY (mb)=1.4	(6.42%)	30581004 E. Zupranska, ET. AL. (80)
+2		Y (mb)=22.3688	dY (mb)=1.42838	(6.39%)	30581004 *Fc=1.02609
-3	En (MeV)=13.9	Y (mb)=24.1	dY (mb)=1.5	(6.22%)	30581004 E. Zupranska, ET. AL. (80)
+3		Y (mb)=25.8839	dY (mb)=1.60114	(6.19%)	30581004 *Fc=1.07402
-4	En (MeV)=14.5	Y (mb)=27.7	dY (mb)=1.6	(5.78%)	30581004 E. Zupranska, ET. AL. (80)
+4		Y (mb)=30.6262	dY (mb)=1.75976	(5.75%)	30581004 *Fc=1.10564
-5	En (MeV)=15.1	Y (mb)=29.2	dY (mb)=1.9	(6.51%)	30581004 E. Zupranska, ET. AL. (80)
+5		Y (mb)=32.8526	dY (mb)=2.12995	(6.48%)	30581004 *Fc=1.12509
-6	En (MeV)=15.5	Y (mb)=24.9	dY (mb)=1.8	(7.23%)	30581004 E. Zupranska, ET. AL. (80)
+6		Y (mb)=27.1053	dY (mb)=1.95423	(7.21%)	30581004 *Fc=1.08857
-7	En (MeV)=15.9	Y (mb)=23.7	dY (mb)=2.2	(9.28%)	30581004 E. Zupranska, ET. AL. (80)
+7		Y (mb)=25.9568	dY (mb)=2.40631	(9.27%)	30581004 *Fc=1.09522
-8	En (MeV)=16.6	Y (mb)=23.9	dY (mb)=2.6	(10.88%)	30581004 E. Zupranska, ET. AL. (80)
+8		Y (mb)=25.9387	dY (mb)=2.82001	(10.87%)	30581004 *Fc=1.0853
-9	En (MeV)=17.4	Y (mb)=21.3	dY (mb)=2.6	(12.21%)	30581004 E. Zupranska, ET. AL. (80)
+9		Y (mb)=22.7836	dY (mb)=2.77977	(12.20%)	30581004 *Fc=1.06965
-10	En (MeV)=17.8	Y (mb)=18.1	dY (mb)=2.4	(13.26%)	30581004 E. Zupranska, ET. AL. (80)
+10		Y (mb)=19.3299	dY (mb)=2.56225	(13.26%)	30581004 *Fc=1.06795

Generated by
x4-correction system
on Web

Applying automatic data re-normalization on Web

X4/Servlet: Select - Mozilla Firefox
 File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help
 www-nds.iaea.org/exfor/servlet/X4sSearch5

Request #862
 Access-Level=2
 Results: Reactions: 2 Datasets: 26

Data Selection

Retrieve Selected Unselected

Output: EXFOR EXFOR+ Bibliography TAB C4 PlotC4
Plot: Quick-plot (cross-sections only) Advanced plot [how-to] using C5 and converting ratios to cross sections, 2006
 Narrow Energy (optional), eV: Min: Max:
 Apply(7A) Data re-normalization (for advanced users, results in: C4, TAB and Plots)

n	Display	Year	Author-1	Energy range, eV	Points	Reference
1)	25-MN-55 (N,A) 23-V-52,, SIG		C4: MF3 MT107			
Quantity: [CS] Cross section						
1	<input type="checkbox"/> Info X4 X4+ X4± T4 Cov	2000	A.Fessler+	1.61e7 2.03e7	5	[pdf]+ J,NSE,134, (2), 171, 200
2	<input type="checkbox"/> Info X4 X4+ X4± T4 Cov	1999	A.A.Filatenkov+	1.35e7 1.48e7	8	+ R,RI-252,199905
3	<input type="checkbox"/> Info X4 X4+ X4± T4 Cov	1999	A.A.Filatenkov+	1.41e7	1	+ R,RI-252,199905
4	<input type="checkbox"/> Info X4 X4+ X4± T4 Cov	1994	M.Bostant+	6.33e6 1.20e7	7	[pdf]+ J,PR/C,49,266,1994
5	<input type="checkbox"/> Info X4 X4+ X4± T4 Cov	1993	A.Grallert+	1.47e7	1	[pdf]+ R,INDC(NDS)-286,131,1
6	<input type="checkbox"/> A Info X4 X4+ X4± T4 Cov	1991	A.Ercan+	1.46e7	1	+ C,91JUELIC,,376,19910
7	<input type="checkbox"/> Info X4 X4+ X4± T4 Cov	1985	B.M.Bahal+	1.47e7	1	+ R,GKSS-85-E-11,1985
8	<input type="checkbox"/> Info X4 X4+ X4± T4 Cov	1984	G.Helfer+	2.96e6	1	[pdf]+ J,CZJ/B,34,30,1984
9	<input type="checkbox"/> Info X4 X4+ X4± T4 Cov	1980	R.Vaenskae+	1.47e7	2	[pdf]+ J,NIM,171,281,80
10	<input type="checkbox"/> Info X4 X4+ X4± T4 Cov	1980	P.N.Ngoc+	1.46e7	1	+ T,NGOC,1980
11	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A Info X4 X4+ X4± T4 Cov	1980	E.Zupranska+	1.30e7 1.78e7	10	[pdf]+ J,APP/B,11,853,198011
12	<input type="checkbox"/> A Info X4 X4+ X4± T4 Cov	1978	U.Garuska+	1.46e7	1	+ P,INR-1773/I/PL/A,16,
13	<input type="checkbox"/> Info X4 X4+ X4± T4 Cov	1977	G.P.Dolya+	1.47e7	1	+ J,VAI/F,1, (18), 15,197
14	<input type="checkbox"/> A Info X4 X4+ X4± T4 Cov	1967	B.Minetti+	1.47e7	1	[pdf]+ J,ZP,199,275,6701
15	<input type="checkbox"/> Info X4 X4+ X4± T4 Cov	1965	E.Frevert	1.48e7	1	[pdf]+ J,APA,20,304,6508

Apply corrections

Auto corrections is possible



Users' corrections, help, documentation

Automatic re-normalization: simple plot

EXFOR Request #862/276

Output Data

Format	Data (Size)
EXFOR	Text (7Kb) ZIP (3Kb) Generate: X4+ Test:
Bibliography	html (4Kb) BibTeX (2Kb)
<i>Computational</i>	
C4	C4 (2Kb) C4.ZIP (1Kb) LST (128Kb)

Advanced Plotting: LST (1Kb)

Select experimental data for plotting...

Go to Quantity type Cross section data #Plots

Go to plot evaluated data...

Retrieve evaluated data and plot...

```

30581004 x4u:20090506 #1980 Zupranska
#Reaction: 25-MN-55(N,A)23-V-52,,SIG
#Monitor: 26-FE-56(N,P)25-MN-56,,SIG
#m0: {20377002,H.LISKIEN+,J,JNE/AB,19,73,196502} $ fe56np;#old monit-ref
m0: exfor$20377002_fe56np; #old monitor(energy) in EXFOR
m1: recom$fe56np; #new monitor(energy)
dy=dy/y; #to rel. uncertainties----
y=y/m0*m1; #renormalized CS
dy=(dy**2-dm0**2+dm1**2)**0.5;#replace monitor uncertainties
dy=dy*y; #to abs. uncertainties
    
```

Requested corrections

```

30581004 x4u:20090506 #1980 Zupranska
#Reaction: 25-MN-55(N,A)23-V-52,,SIG
#Monitor: 26-FE-56(N,P)25-MN-56,,SIG
#m0: {20377002,H.LISKIEN+,J,JNE/AB,19,73,196502} $ fe56np;#old monit-ref
m0: exfor$20377002_fe56np; #old monitor(energy) in EXFOR
m1: recom$fe56np; #new monitor(energy)
dy=dy/y; #to rel. uncertainties----
y=y/m0*m1; #renormalized CS
dy=(dy**2-dm0**2+dm1**2)**0.5;#replace monitor uncertainties
dy=dy*y; #to abs. uncertainties
    
```

Correction protocol

Applied corrections. Datasets: 1

1) EXFOR:#30581004 Ref:E.Zupranska,ET.AL. (80) Corrected_Points:10 Deleted_Points:0

30581004 X4U:20090506; M0:exfor\$20377002_fe56np; M1:recom\$fe56np; dY=dY/Y; Y=Y/M0*M1; tmp0=dY^2-dM0^2+dM1^2; dY=tmp0^0.5; dY=dY*Y;

See used monitors: [plot]

See: [selected] [unselected] datasets [corrections] [data-check]

25-MN-55(N,A)23-V-52
EXFOR Request: 862/1, 2012-Apr-13 17:10:16

ENDF Find and add to the plot evaluated data

1) 25-MN-55(N,A)23-V-52,,SIG

2) Use my data [example]

See: plotted data (2Kb)

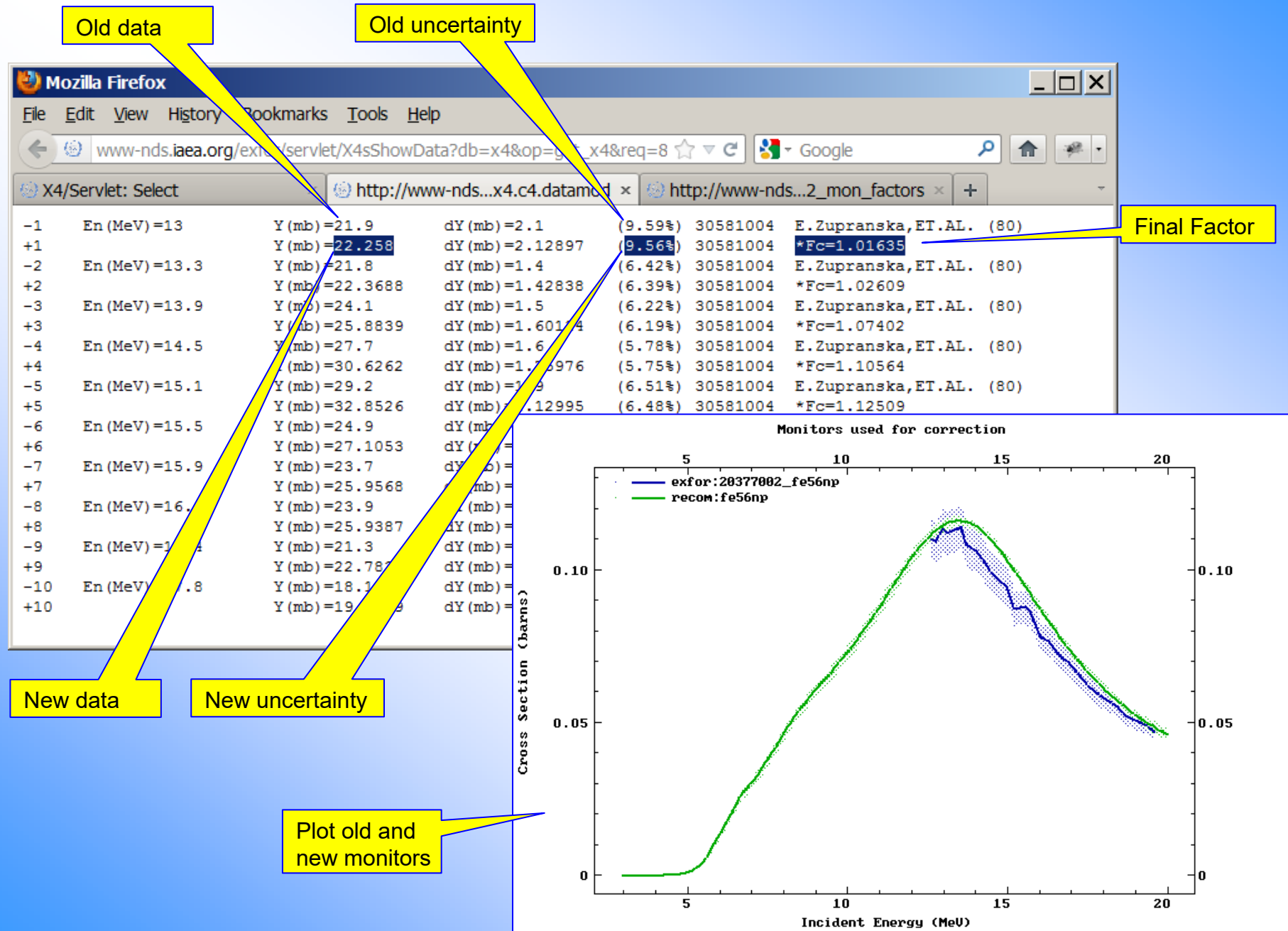
Applied corrections

Check Monitors

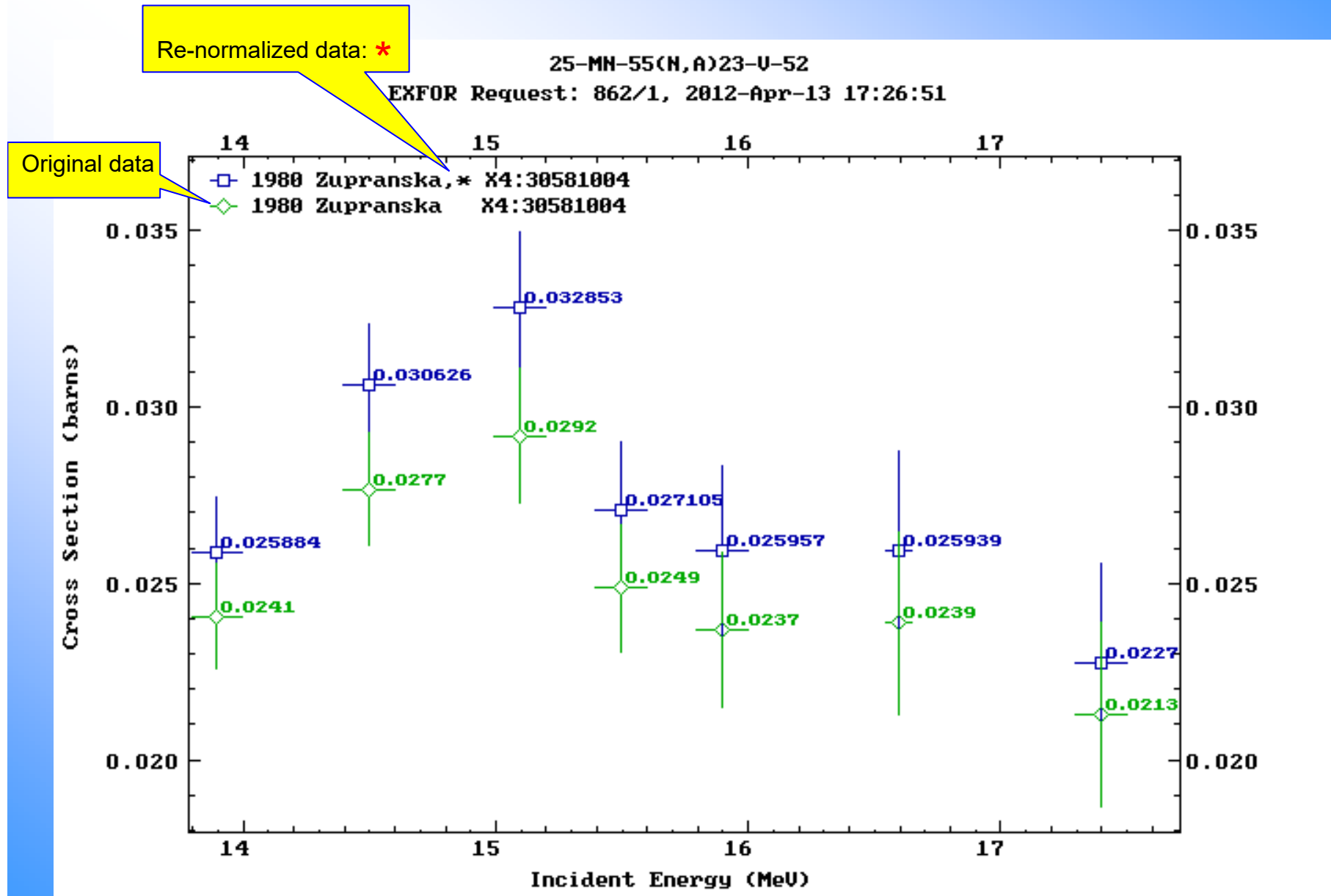
Check data

Plot result of corrections

Automatic re-normalization: data checking



Automatic data re-normalization: common plot



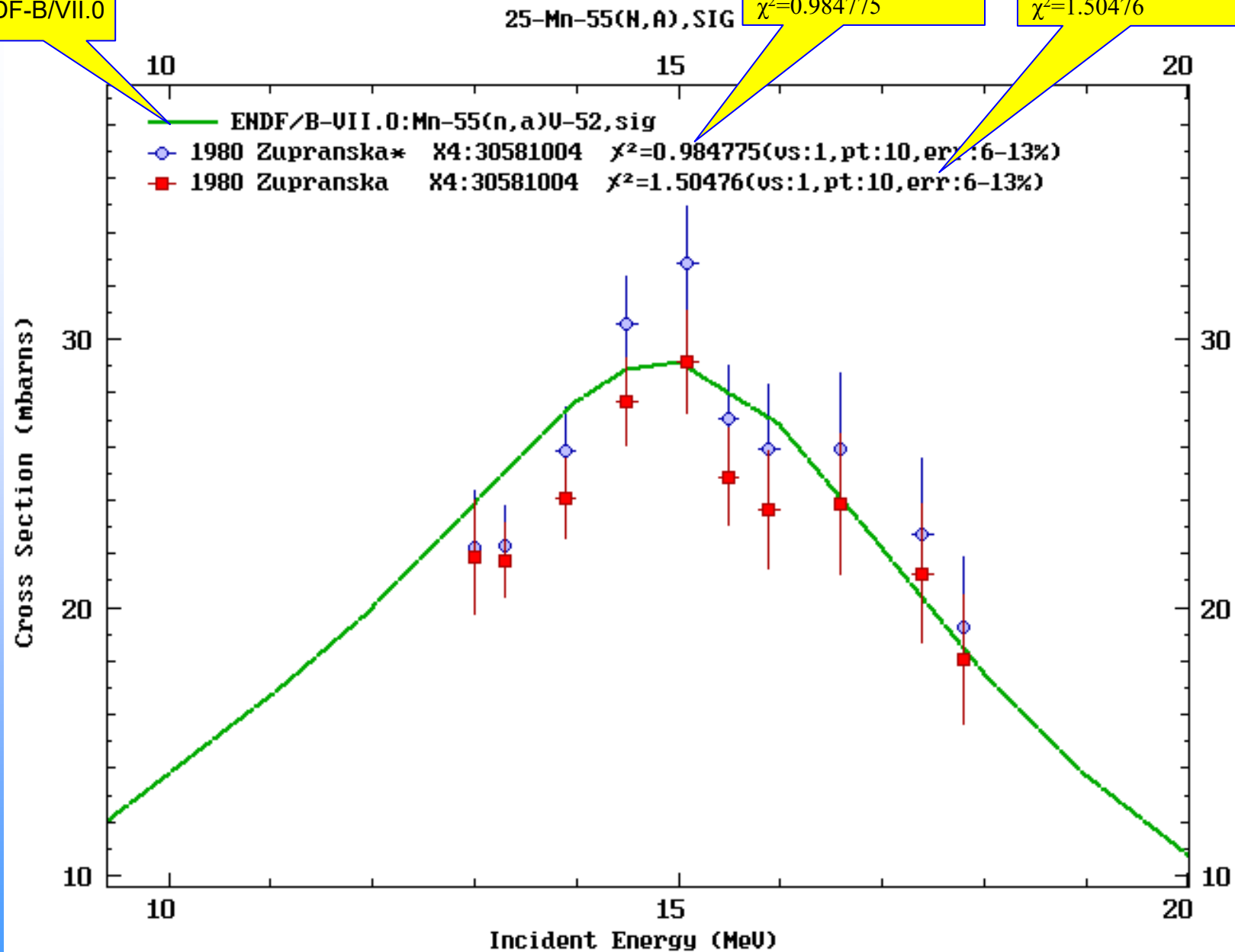
Plotting: Copy/Paste

Comparing to ENDF

Compare with ENDF-B/VII.0

After re-normalization:
 $\chi^2=0.984775$

Before re-normalization:
 $\chi^2=1.50476$



Documentation, online help

www-nds.iaea.org

Corrections of experimental data given in computational formats.
V.Zerkin, IAEA-NDS, November 2009 – May 2011

<https://www-nds.iaea.org/exfor/x4guide/x4corrections/x4corrections.pdf>


EXFOR Correction Coding. Online help.

https://www-nds.iaea.org/exfor/x4js/help_corr.htm

[youtube.com](http://www.youtube.com)

<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=n9P1Z134WYM>

Automatic re-normalization of EXFOR data under Web
retrieval system using Web-ZVView

308 views Jan 28, 2013  4

Part II.

**EXFOR relational database. X4Lite.
Accessing data in C5, XML, JSON.**

```

ENTRY          41323    20050902
SUBENT         41323001  20050902
BIB            7        12
INSTITUTE      (4RUSMIF)
REFERENCE      (J,AE,50,(5),350,198105) M
               (J,SJA,50,325,1981) ENGLI
AUTHOR         (V.E.ZHITAREV,A.M.MOTORIN,
TITLE          .INTERACTION CROSS SECTION
               WITH COLD NEUTRONS
FACILITY       (REAC)
ERR-ANALYS    (EN-ERR)  WAVE-LENGTH RES
               TIMES 100 (IN P
HISTORY        (19981121C) + + COMPILED
               (20050902A) . . Correcte
               Data-heading
ENDBIB         12
COMMON         3        3
EN-ERR         TEMP      TEMP-ERR
PER-CENT       DEG-C     DEG-C
               3.        22.    3.
ENDCOMMON      3
ENDSUBENT      19
SUBENT         41323002  20050902
BIB            5        8
REACTION       (13-AL-27(N,TOT),,SIG)
SAMPLE         .ALUMINIUM MONOCRYSTAL, PU
               96 MM, DENSITY 2.70 GRAM/
               MACROCRISTALLINE ALUMINIU
               THICKNESS 50 MM, DENSITY
ERR-ANALYS    (DATA-ERR) NO INFORMATION
STATUS         (TABLE) DATA ARE TAKEN FR
HISTORY        (19981121T) + + CONVERTED
ENDBIB         8
NOCOMMON       0        0
DATA           3        8
WVE-LN        DATA     DATA-ERR
ANGSTROM      B         B
1.3000E+01 1.9300E+00 1.3000E-01
1.4000E+01 2.1200E+00 9.0000E-02
1.5000E+01 2.2500E+00 8.0000E-02
1.6000E+01 2.3800E+00 7.0000E-02
1.7000E+01 2.5400E+00 6.0000E-02
1.8000E+01 2.6100E+00 6.0000E-02
1.9000E+01 2.8200E+00 8.0000E-02
2.0000E+01 3.1500E+00 6.0000E-02
ENDDATA       10
ENDSUBENT     23
ENDENTRY      2

```

```

ENTRY          41323    20050902
SUBENT         41323001  20050902
BIB            7        12
INSTITUTE      (4RUSMIF)
REFERENCE      (J,AE,50,(5),350,198105) MAIN REFERENCE, DATA ARE GIVEN
               (J,SJA,50,325,1981) ENGLISH TRANSLATION
AUTHOR         (V.E.ZHITAREV,A.M.MOTORIN,S.B.STEPANOV)
TITLE          .INTERACTION CROSS SECTIONS OF CERTAIN METALS
               WITH COLD NEUTRONS
FACILITY       (REAC)
ERR-ANALYS    (EN-ERR)  WAVE-LENGTH RESOLUTION DELTA-LAMBDA/LAMBDA
               TIMES 100 (IN PERCENT)
HISTORY        (19981121C) + + COMPILED AT THE CJD + +
               (20050902A) . . Corrected at the CJD + +
               Data-heading "EN" changed to "WVE-LN"
ENDBIB         12
COMMON         3        3
EN-ERR         TEMP      TEMP-ERR
PER-CENT       DEG-C     DEG-C
               3.        22.    3.
ENDCOMMON      3
ENDSUBENT      19
SUBENT         41323002  20050902
BIB            5        8
REACTION       (13-AL-27(N,TOT),,SIG)
SAMPLE         .ALUMINIUM MONOCRYSTAL, PURITY 99.99 PC, THICKNESS
               96 MM, DENSITY 2.70 GRAM/CM3 AND
               MACROCRISTALLINE ALUMINIUM, PURITY 99.99 PC,
               THICKNESS 50 MM, DENSITY 2.70 GRAM/CM3
ERR-ANALYS    (DATA-ERR) NO INFORMATION GIVEN
STATUS         (TABLE) DATA ARE TAKEN FROM TABLE 1 OF MAIN REF.
HISTORY        (19981121T) + + CONVERTED FROM SUBENT 88023002
ENDBIB         8
NOCOMMON       0        0
DATA           3        8
WVE-LN        DATA     DATA-ERR
ANGSTROM      B         B
1.3000E+01 1.9300E+00 1.3000E-01
1.4000E+01 2.1200E+00 9.0000E-02
1.5000E+01 2.2500E+00 8.0000E-02
1.6000E+01 2.3800E+00 7.0000E-02
1.7000E+01 2.5400E+00 6.0000E-02
1.8000E+01 2.6100E+00 6.0000E-02
1.9000E+01 2.8200E+00 8.0000E-02
2.0000E+01 3.1500E+00 6.0000E-02
ENDDATA       10
ENDSUBENT     23
ENDENTRY      2

```

Data formats.
EXFOR.

Data formats. EXFOR Interpreted: X4+, XML, X4±

EXFOR data: <http://www>
Data retrieved from the EX

ENTRY	41323
SUBENT	41323001
BIB	7
INSTITUTE	(4RUSMIF) Mc
REFERENCE	#(4RUSMIF) Mc (J,AE,50,(5), (J,SJA,50,325, (J,AE,50,(5), (J,SJA,50,325,)
AUTHOR	(V.E.ZHITAREV
TITLE	.INTERACTION WITH COLD NE
FACILITY	(REAC) #(REAC) React
ERR-ANALYS	(EN-ERR) W
HISTORY	(19981121C) (20050902A)
ENDBIB	12
COMMON	3
EN-ERR	TEMP
PER-CENT	DEG-C
3.	22.
ENDCOMMON	3
ENDSUBENT	19
SUBENT	41323002
BIB	5
REACTION	(13-AL-27(N,T), #(13-AL-27(N,T) # Proc=
SAMPLE	.ALUMINIUM MC 96 MM, DENS: MACROCRISTAL THICKNESS 50
ERR-ANALYS	(DATA-ERR) N
STATUS	(TABLE) DAT
HISTORY	(19981121T)
ENDBIB	8
NOCOMMON	0
DATA	3
WVE-LN	DATA
ANGSTROM	B
13.	1.93
14.	2.12
15.	2.25
16.	2.38
17.	2.54
18.	2.61
19.	2.82
20.	3.15
ENDDATA	10
ENDSUBENT	23
ENDENTRY	2

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="WINDOWS-1251"?>
<x4files>
  - <x4entry Author="V.E.Zhitarev" Ref1Year="1981" accnum="41323"
    - <x4subent N2="20050902" subacc="41323001">
      - <bib nKw="12">
        - <keyword subacc="41323001" nCodes="1" kw="INSTITU
          - <kwCode iCode="0" pointer=" ">
            - <x4code type="INSTITUTE">
              <x4code1 expansion="Moscow Inst.of Enginee
                dictionary="INSTITUTE">4RUSMIF</x4cod
              </x4code>
            </kwCode>
          </keyword>
        - <keyword subacc="41323001" nCodes="2" kw="REFEREN
          - <kwCode iCode="0" pointer=" ">
            - <x4code type="REFERENCE">
              <x4code1 expansion="Jour: Atomnaya Energi
                dictionary="REFERENCE" Year="1981" pag
                Type="J">J,AE,50,(5),350,198105</x4cod
              </x4code>
              <Free type="1" ln="1"> MAIN REFERENCE, DATA
            </kwCode>
            - <kwCode iCode="1" pointer=" ">
              - <x4code type="REFERENCE">
                <x4code1 expansion="Jour: Soviet Atomic En
                  dictionary="REFERENCE" Year="1981" pag
                  Type="J">J,SJA,50,325,1981</x4code1>
                </x4code>
                <Free type="1" ln="1"> ENGLISH TRANSLATION
              </kwCode>
            </keyword>
          - <keyword subacc="41323001" nCodes="1" kw="AUTHOR
            - <kwCode iCode="0" pointer=" ">
              - <x4code type="AUTHOR">
                - <authors a1ini="V.E." a1="Zhitarev" nn="3">
                  <author ii="1">V.E.ZHITAREV</author>
                  <author ii="2">A.M.MOTORIN</author>
                  <author ii="3">S.B.STEPANOV</author>
                </authors>
              </x4code>
            </kwCode>
          </keyword>
        - <keyword subacc="41323001" nCodes="1" kw="TITLE">
          - <kwCode iCode="0" pointer=" ">
            <Free type="1" ln="2">.INTERACTION CROSS SE
              NEUTRONS</Free>
            </kwCode>
          </keyword>
        - <keyword subacc="41323001" nCodes="1" kw="FACILITY
          - <kwCode iCode="0" pointer=" ">
            - <x4code type="FACILITY">
              <x4code1 expansion="Reactor" dictionary="FA
            </x4code>
          </kwCode>
        - <keyword subacc="41323001" nCodes="1" kw="ERR-ANA
          - <kwCode iCode="0" pointer=" ">
            <Code type="0">EN-ERR</Code>
            <Free type="1" ln="2"> WAVE-LENGTH RESOLUT
              (IN PERCENT)</Free>
            </kwCode>

```

EXFOR file

- ENTRY 41323 ⚡ 1981, V.E.Zhitarev+ last-updated: 2005-09-02
 - SUBENT 41323001 ⚡ last-updated: 2005-09-02
 - BIB #bibliographic and descriptive information
 - INSTITUTE
 - (4RUSMIF) #Moscow Inst.of Engineering Physics, Moscow, Russia
 - REFERENCE
 - (J,AE,50,(5),350,198105) #Jour: Atomnaya Energiya, Vol.50, Issue.5, p.350 (1981), Russia
 - MAIN REFERENCE, DATA ARE GIVEN
 - (J,SJA,50,325,1981) #Jour: Soviet Atomic Energy, Vol.50, p.325 (1981), USA
 - ENGLISH TRANSLATION
 - AUTHOR
 - (V.E.ZHITAREV, A.M.MOTORIN, S.B.STEPANOV)
 - TITLE
 - .INTERACTION CROSS SECTIONS OF CERTAIN METALS WITH COLD NEUTRONS
 - FACILITY
 - ERR-ANALYS
 - HISTORY
 - COMMON 3x1 #Constant parameters
 - Legend

EN-ERR	Uncertainty in incident projectile energy	PER-CENT	per-cent
TEMP	Sample temperature	DEG-C	degrees Celsius, Centigrad
TEMP-ERR	Error in sample temperature	DEG-C	degrees Celsius, Centigrad
 - Data

EN-ERR	TEMP	TEMP-ERR
PER-CENT	DEG-C	DEG-C
3.0	22.0	3.0
 - SUBENT 41323002 ⚡ last-updated: 2005-09-02
 - BIB #bibliographic and descriptive information
 - REACTION
 - (13-AL-27(N,TOT),SIG)
 - #Target:AL-27 #Projectile:N #Reaction:N,TOT #Process:TOT:Total #Quantity:,SIG:CS:(
 - SAMPLE
 - .ALUMINIUM MONOCRYSTAL, PURITY 99.99 PC, THICKNESS 96 MM, DENSITY 2.70 GRAM/CM3 AND MACROCRISTALLINE ALUMINIUM, PURITY 99.99 PC, THICKNESS 50 MM, DENSITY 2.70 GRAM/CM3
 - ERR-ANALYS
 - STATUS
 - HISTORY
 - NOCOMMON
 - DATA 3x8
 - Legend

WVE-LN	Wave length of incident particle	ANGSTROM	Angstroms
DATA	Cross section 13-AL-27(N,TOT),SIG	B	barns
DATA-ERR	Error in value of quantity, defined under ERR-ANALYS	B	barns
 - Data

WVE-LN	DATA	DATA-ERR
ANGSTROM	B	B
13.0	1.93	0.13
14.0	2.12	0.09
15.0	2.25	0.08
16.0	2.38	0.07
17.0	2.54	0.06

Data formats overview

X4+ EXFOR-Interpreted; X4± Interactive Tree

1. Presents EXFOR as it is + extra lines with information from Dictionaries, NSR, etc.
2. Numbers in traditional style
3. No limit on the number of values per line

XML

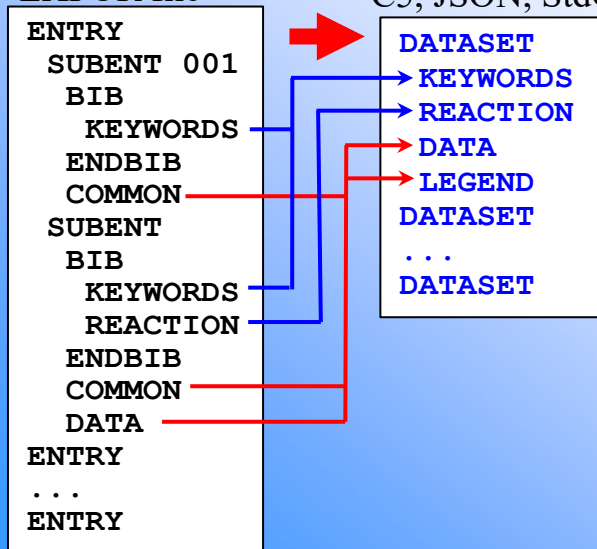
1. Repeats structure of EXFOR file using nested <elements>; includes information from EXFOR Dictionaries explaining codes
2. Numbers are presented in traditional style
(no more E-less Fortran format for numbers)

C5, JSON, JSON_FY, Std_out

1. File contains Datasets; no text blocks for ENTRY, SUBENT, BIB; **no Pointers**
2. Dataset is identified by DatasetID (SUBENT + Pointer); includes all information related to one reaction: Reaction-code, selected/all Keywords from SUBENT-1 and current SUBENT, Data-section and Legend
3. Data are presented as function $Y=Y(X_1, X_2, \dots)$, **columns are sorted** (fixed order according to Dictionary)
4. Data-section: **all data** from DATA and COMMON from EXFOR SUBENT-1 and current SUBENT
5. Legend and Keywords contain EXFOR codes and their interpretation (e.g. basic-units and conversion factors)
6. C5 and JSON_FY contain computational data values; StdOut, XML and JSON (as of now) – only original values

EXFOR file

C5, JSON, StdOut



Comparison of formats: summary

Nucl. data format	Numbers' format /Language	Sequence (main block)	Meta data	Interpret. from Dictionaries	Orig. data	Computational data
EXFOR	Fixed-length, E-less	ENTRY	yes	no	yes	no
C4	Fixed-fmt lines	SUBENT	no	no	no	yes
C5	Fixed-fmt lines	Datasets	yes	yes	no	yes
X4+	Flex. fields /HTML	ENTRY	yes	yes	yes	no
XML	Flex. fields /XML	ENTRY	yes	yes	yes	no
JSON	Flex. fields /JSON	Datasets	yes	yes	yes	no
JSON_FY	Flex. fields / JSON	Datasets	yes	yes	no	yes
JSON_X4	Flex. fields / JSON	Datasets	yes	yes	yes	yes

C5 versus C4

	Columns	Name	Meaning
C5 Line	C4 Line	1- 5	Prj Projectile ZA (e.g. neutron =1, proton =1001)
		6-11	Targ Target ZA (e.g. 26-Fe-56 = 26056)
		12	M Target metastable state (e.g. 26-FE-56m = M)
		13-15	MF MF (ENDF conventions: 1-40, plus additions: 1-999)
		16-19	MT MT (ENDF conventions 1-999, plus additions: 1-9999)
		20	P Product metastable state (e.g. 26-FE-56M = M)
		21	X EXFOR status
		22	C Center-of-mass flag (C=center-of-mass, blank=lab)
		23- 94 8 data fields (each in E9.3 format)
		23- 31	Energy Projectile incident energy
		32- 40	dEnergy Projectile incident energy uncertainty
		41- 49	Data Data, e.g., cross section, angular distribution, etc.
		50- 58	dData Data uncertainty
		59- 67	Cos/LO Cosine or legendre order
		68- 76	dCos/LO Cosine uncertainty
		77- 85	LVL/HL Identified by columns 95-97 (e.g., level E, half-life)
		86- 94	dLVL/HL Identified by columns 95-97 (e.g., level E, uncertainty)
		95- 97	I78 Identification of data fields 7 and 8 (e.g., LVL=level, HL=half-life, etc.)
		98-122	Refer Reference (first author and year)
		123-127	ENTRY EXFOR accession number
		128-130	Sub sub-accession number
		131	P Multi-dimension table flag (Pointer)
C5 optional	132-140	dSys Systematic uncertainty	
	141-149	dStat Statistical uncertainty	
	150-158	dOther Other partial uncertainty	
	159-167	dTot Total uncertainty given in EXFOR file	
	168-176	dSys% Systematic uncertainty, relative in per-cent	
	177-185	dStat% Statistical uncertainty, relative in per-cent	
	186-194	dOther% Other partial uncertainty, relative in per-cent	
	195-203	dTot% Total uncertainty given in EXFOR file, relative in per-cent	
	204-212	M0 Old Monitor value	
	213-221	dM0 Old Monitor uncertainty, relative in per-cent	
222-230	M1 New Monitor value		
231-239	dM1 New Monitor uncertainty, relative in per-cent		

C5 is C4 extended by
 - new data columns (after 132)
 - meta data (lines started #)

#C5 →

C4 →

Programming language:

C4: by Fortran code//1980's

C5: by Java code //2011-2020

Reactions dictionary:

C4: EXFOR14A.DAT

C5: EXFOR14A.DAT +

Extended table

SF2-SF7 ::: MF-MF-LR

(V.Pronyaev, 2010)

EXFOR coverage:

C4: ~65%

C5: ~75%

C5:

More detailed uncertainties

Correct processing –CM (DA)

Correct processing compounds

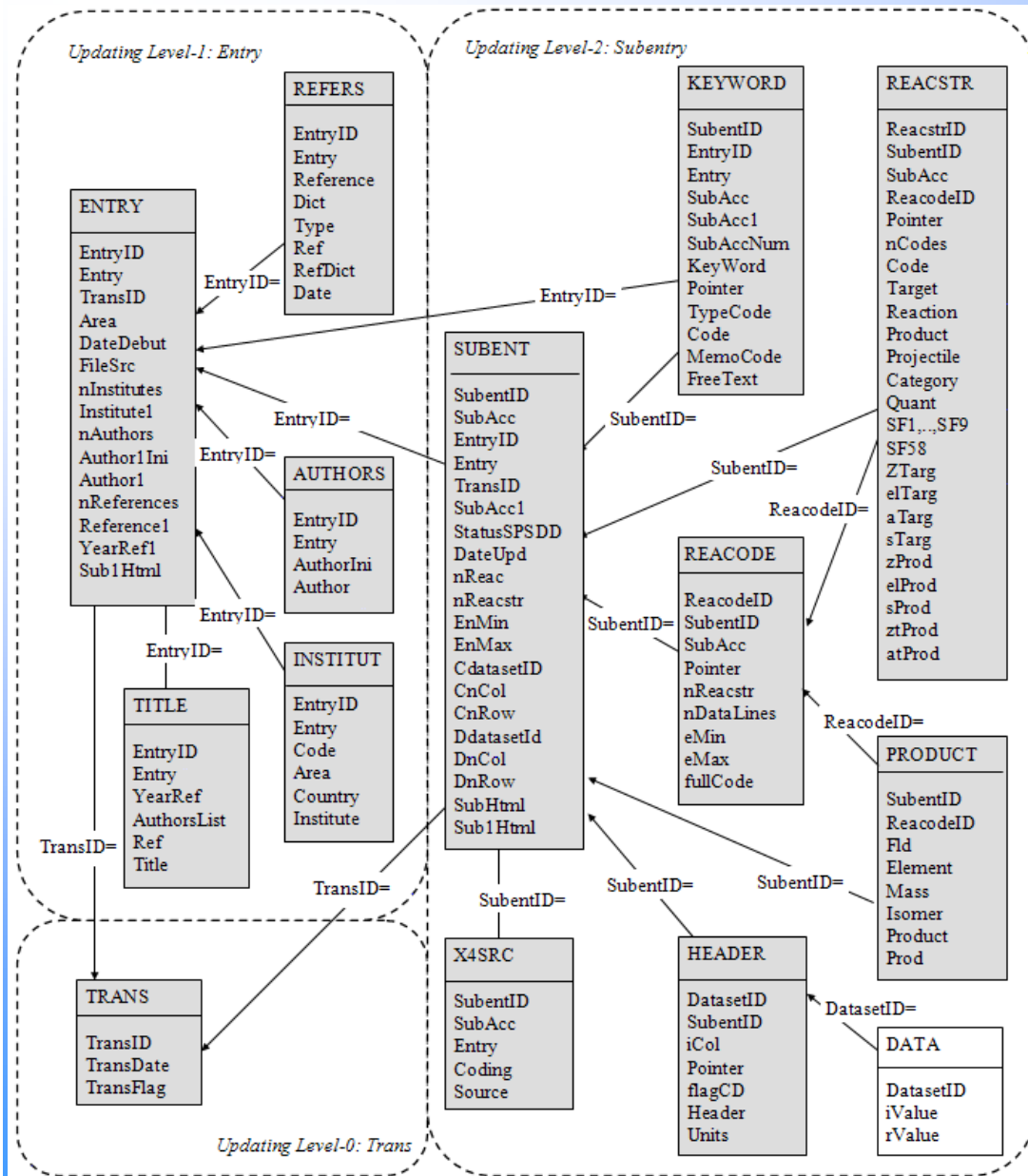
C5 options:

Converting RR-B/SR

C5M: include correlation

matrix (Web default-2)

EXFOR database: structure and content



Relations:
 → Many to One
 - One to One

Fig.1. EXFOR Relational: Schema (August-2003)

Initial database:
 EXFOR + Dictionaries
 Database extensions:

Corrections

Created: 2010
 Updated: 2020-09-10
 Records: 15,663
 Size: 9.2 Mb

Automatic and experts' corrections. Available online via C4, TAB, Plots.

X4-NSR PDF

Created: 2012
 Updated: 2020-09-04
 Records: 218,210
 Size: 180 Gb

PDF files of published materials of EXFOR and NSR databases. Full contents available online for authorized users.

Test search

Created: 2014
 Updated: 2020-09-10
 Records: 1,440,084
 Size: 184 Mb

Google-like search in interpreted EXFOR, incl. free text, keywords, codes and their interpretation from dictionaries.

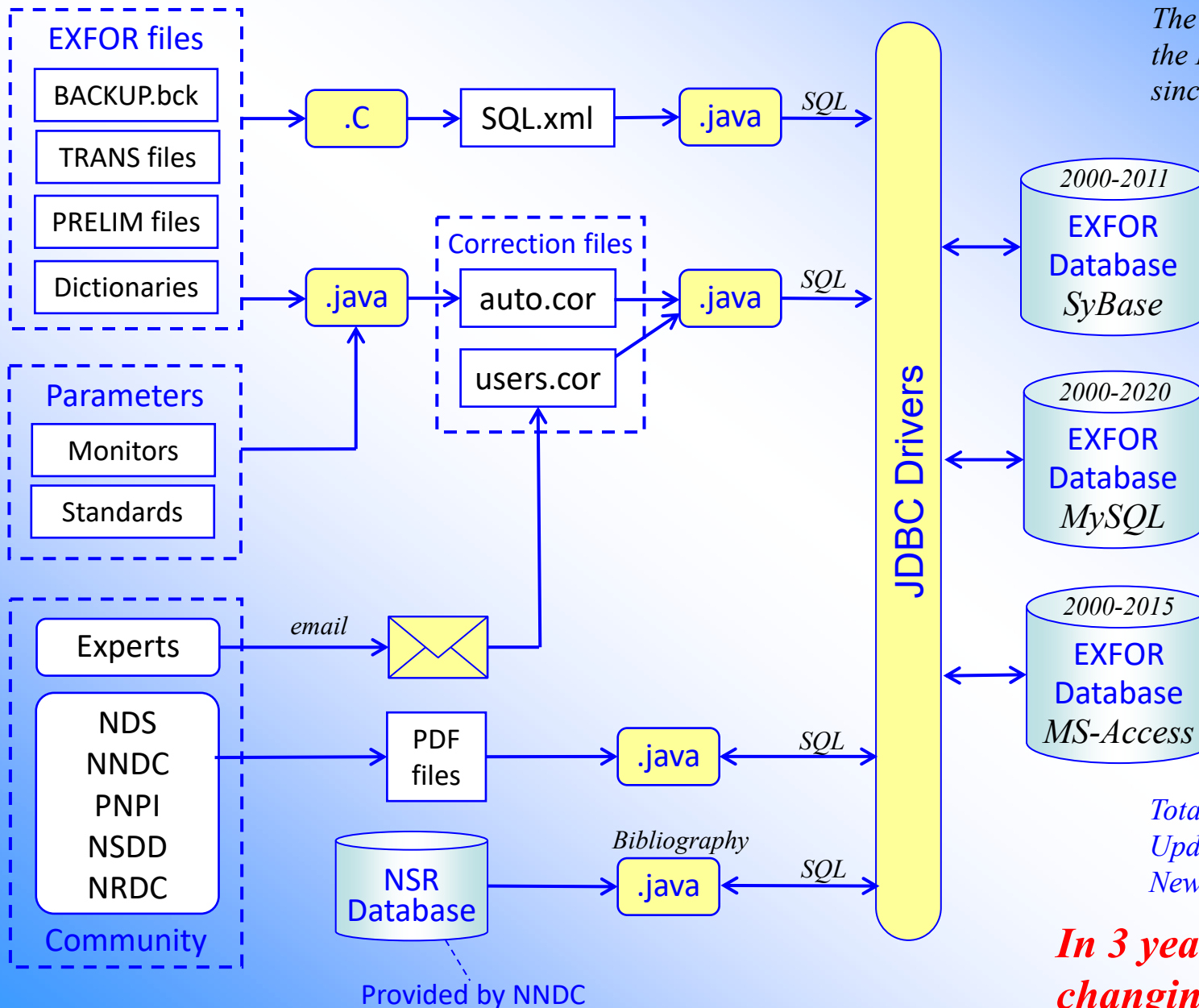
EXFOR Archive

Created: 2014
 Updated: 2020-09-10
 Entries: 99,381
 Subent: 783,183
 Size: 0.9 Gb

Contains current and all previous versions of every SUBENT. Available online for EXFOR compilers.

EXFOR relational database

The system is functioning at the IAEA-NDS and NNDC since 2004



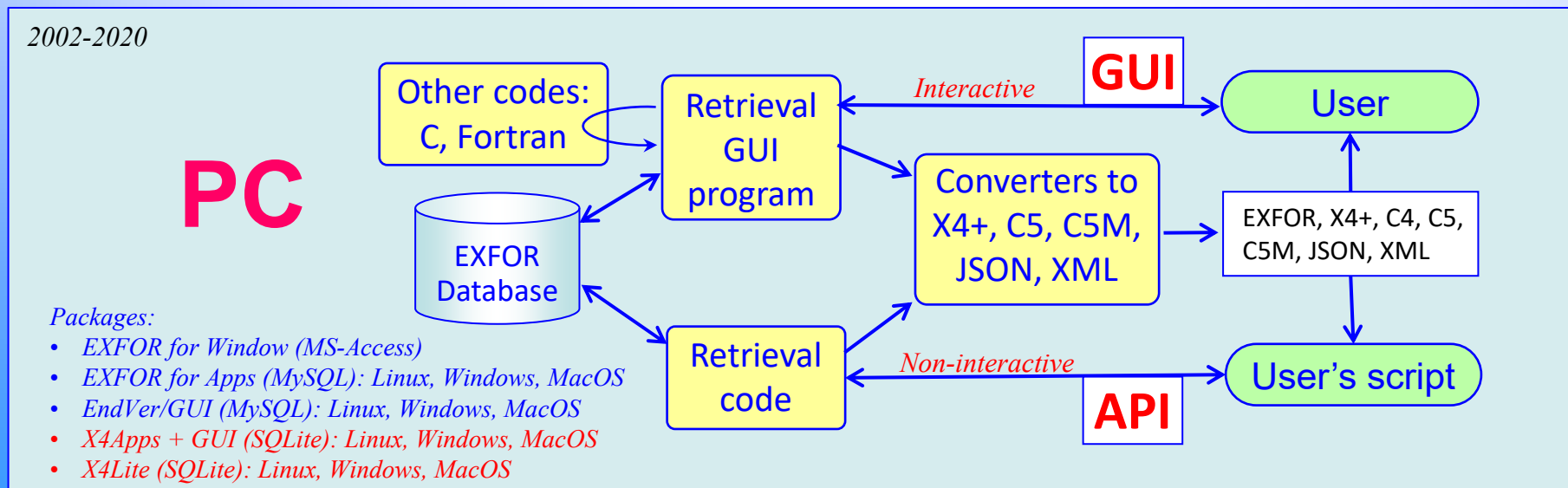
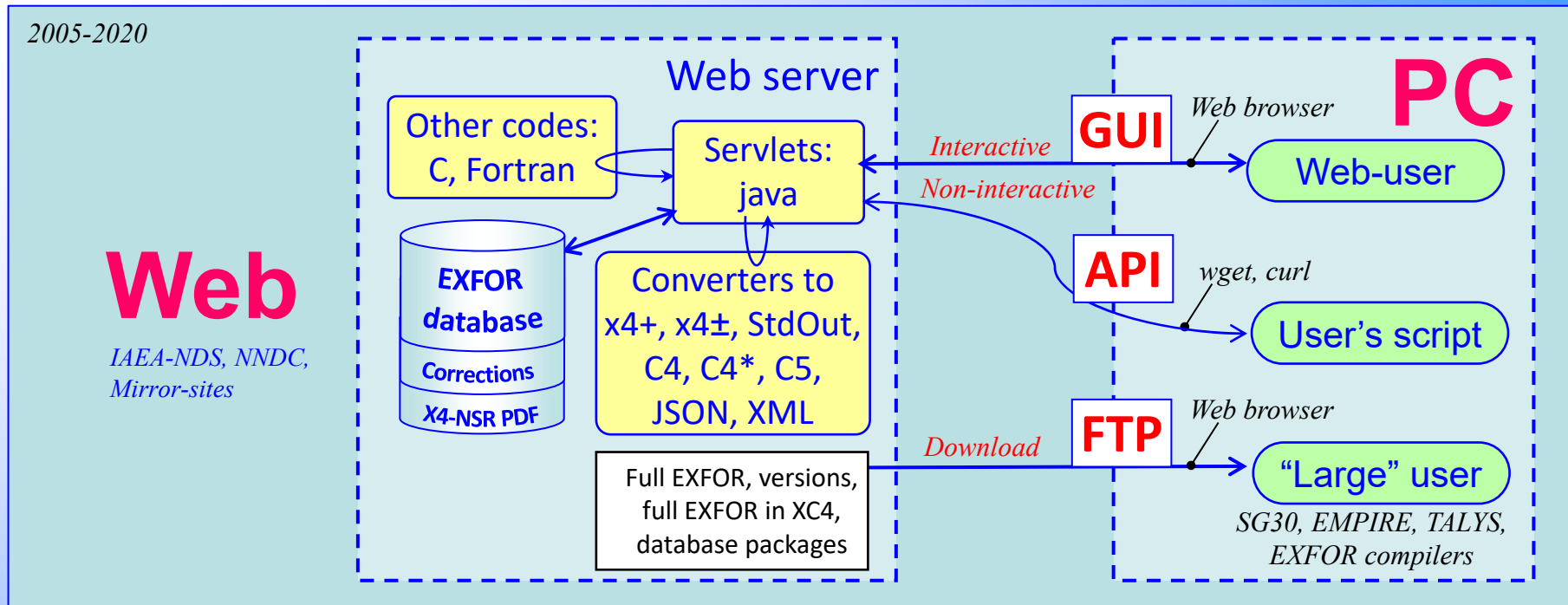
Statistics of the database updates:

Year	Upd	Entry(new)
2020	67	1438(251)
2019	89	1739(560)
2018	80	1718(513)
2017	74	1231(450)
2016	89	2239(401)
2015	63	1088(441)
2014	75	1467(440)
2013	65	1454(460)
2012	74	1755(628)
2011	73	1845(451)
2010	68	1459(482)
2009	63	1967(743)
2008	97	2317(660)
2007	72	1500(720)
2006	50	1543(680)
2005	65	1475(936)

Total Entries: 24,542 (2020)
 Updates: ~7.5% per year
 New: ~2.5% per year

In 3 years EXFOR is changing by 20% !!!

Access to EXFOR on Web and PC: GUI, API, FTP



Access to EXFOR data: Web API examples

#Get list of DatasetID's for: Target: Pb-204 Reaction: n,g Quantity: cross section in text form:

<https://www-nds.iaea.org/exfor/servlet/X4sSearch5?Target=Pb-204&Reaction=n,g&Quantity=SIG&api=1>

#Get list of DatasetID's for: Target: Pb-204 Reaction: n,g Quantity: cross section in JSON form:

<https://www-nds.iaea.org/exfor/servlet/X4sSearch5?Target=PB-204&Reaction=n,g&Quantity=SIG&json>

```
{ "format": "WebExforDatasetsList-0.1" , "now": "2020-09-11T14:09:52.000Z"
, "program": "X4sSearch5, by V.Zerkin, IAEA-NDS, ver.2020-02-03"
, "req": "2139, "x4Datasets": [
  { "id": "22945010", "RC": "82-PB-204 (N,G) 82-PB-205, , RYL, , MSC", "npts": 1011, "enMax": 4.71e5
    , "A1": "2007, C.Domingo-Pardo+"
    , "ref": "Jour: Physical Review, Part C, Nuclear Physics, Vol.75, p.015806 (2007)" }
  , { "id": "10243003", "RC": "82-PB-204 (N,G) 82-PB-205, , SIG", "npts": 1, "A1": "1971, R.C.Greenwood+"
    , "ref": "Jour: Physical Review, Part C, Nuclear Physics, Vol.4, p.2249 (1971)" }
```

10243003
11133009
11507099
11679024
12210002
12237002
12758006
22945004
22945005
22945006
22945007
22945008
22945009
22945010
V0102481
V0102482
V10025241
V1002526

#Get Dataset by DatasetID in C4 format:

<https://www-nds.iaea.org/exfor/servlet/X4sGetDataset?DatasetID=11420003&op=x4toc4>

1	25055	3	102	970000.0	100000.0	2.8000-3	2.2000-4	H.O.MENLOVE, ET.AL. (67)	11420	3
1	25055	3	102	1560000.	120000.0	1.9400-3	1.5000-4	H.O.MENLOVE, ET.AL. (67)	11420	3

#Get Dataset in C5:

<https://www-nds.iaea.org/exfor/servlet/X4sGetDataset?DatasetID=A1495003&op=x4toc5>

#Get Dataset in JSON:

<https://www-nds.iaea.org/exfor/servlet/X4sGetDataset?DatasetID=11679024&op=x4json2>

#Get Dataset in JSON_FY (JSON format for fission yield data developed together with NNDC)

<https://www-nds.iaea.org/exfor/servlet/X4sGetDataset?DatasetID=12729002&op=x4jsfy>

#Get JSON_FY & filter products

https://www-nds.iaea.org/exfor/servlet/X4sGetDataset?DatasetID=12729002&op=x4jsfy&prod=s*

https://www-nds.iaea.org/exfor/servlet/X4sGetDataset?DatasetID=12729002&op=x4jsfy&prod=*-G;*-m1

Access to local EXFOR database: API examples

Search and retrieve original EXFOR data from database

```
java -cp x4retr2.jar:sqlite-jdbc-3.30.1.jar x4retr2 -x4pro:x4.pro -o:aa1.x4 -ind:4 \
  -target:"Fe-*" -quant:"cs;da;dae;de;ri;sp" -React:"n,*" -a:"Smith;Whalen"
#Result: aa1.x4 aa1.x4p
```

REQUEST	1001	20200713	173040	20200708	3	0	0	0
ENTRY	10238	20110727	20111215	20111113	137410238000			1
SUBENT	10238001	20110727	20111215	20111113	137410238001			1
BIB	12	53			10238001			2
INSTITUTE	(1USAANL)				10238001			3
REFERENCE	(J,NSE,58,314,197511)							
	(R,ANL-NDM-10,197501)							
	(R,ANL-NDM-13,197506)							
	(J,ANS,16,312,197306) Data superseded							
AUTHOR	(D.L.Smith,J.W.Meadows)							
TITLE	Cross-section measurement of (n,p) reactions for							
	46,47,48Ti, 54,56Fe, 58Ni, 59Co, and 64Zn from							
	threshold to 10 MeV							
FACILITY	(DYNAM,1USAANL) Fast neutron generator							
METHOD	(ACTIV) Activation							

102380311	1975,D.L.Smith	26-FE-54 (N,P) 25-MN-54,, SIG
102380321	1975,D.L.Smith	26-FE-54 (N,P) 25-MN-54,, SIG
102380331	1975,D.L.Smith	26-FE-54 (N,P) 25-MN-54,, SIG
102380341	1975,D.L.Smith	26-FE-56 (N,P) 25-MN-56,, SIG
102380351	1975,D.L.Smith	26-FE-56 (N,P) 25-MN-56,, SIG
102380361	1975,D.L.Smith	26-FE-56 (N,P) 25-MN-56,, SIG
10886002	1980,A.Smith	26-FE-0 (N,EL) 26-FE-0,, DA
11511009	1966,R.L.Becker	26-FE-0 (N,EL) ,, DA
11707002	1965,E.E.Carroll Jr	26-FE-54 (N,P) 25-MN-54,, SIG
11707003	1965,E.E.Carroll Jr	26-FE-54 (N,P) 25-MN-54,, SIG
12144002	1966,A.B.Smith	26-FE-0 (N,EL) 26-FE-0,, SIG

Output: EXFOR file, list of Datasets

Convert EXFOR file to computational format C5

```
java -Xmx400M -cp x4tool.jar x4toc5 aa1.x4 -ds:aa1.x4p -dz:x4dict.bin
#Result: aa1.x4.c5
```

Convert EXFOR file X4JSON file

```
java -Xmx400M -cp x4tool.jar x4toljson aa1.x4 -ds:aa1.x4p -a -j -b:2 -o:aa1.x4.json -dz:x4dict.bin
#Result: aa1.x4.json
```

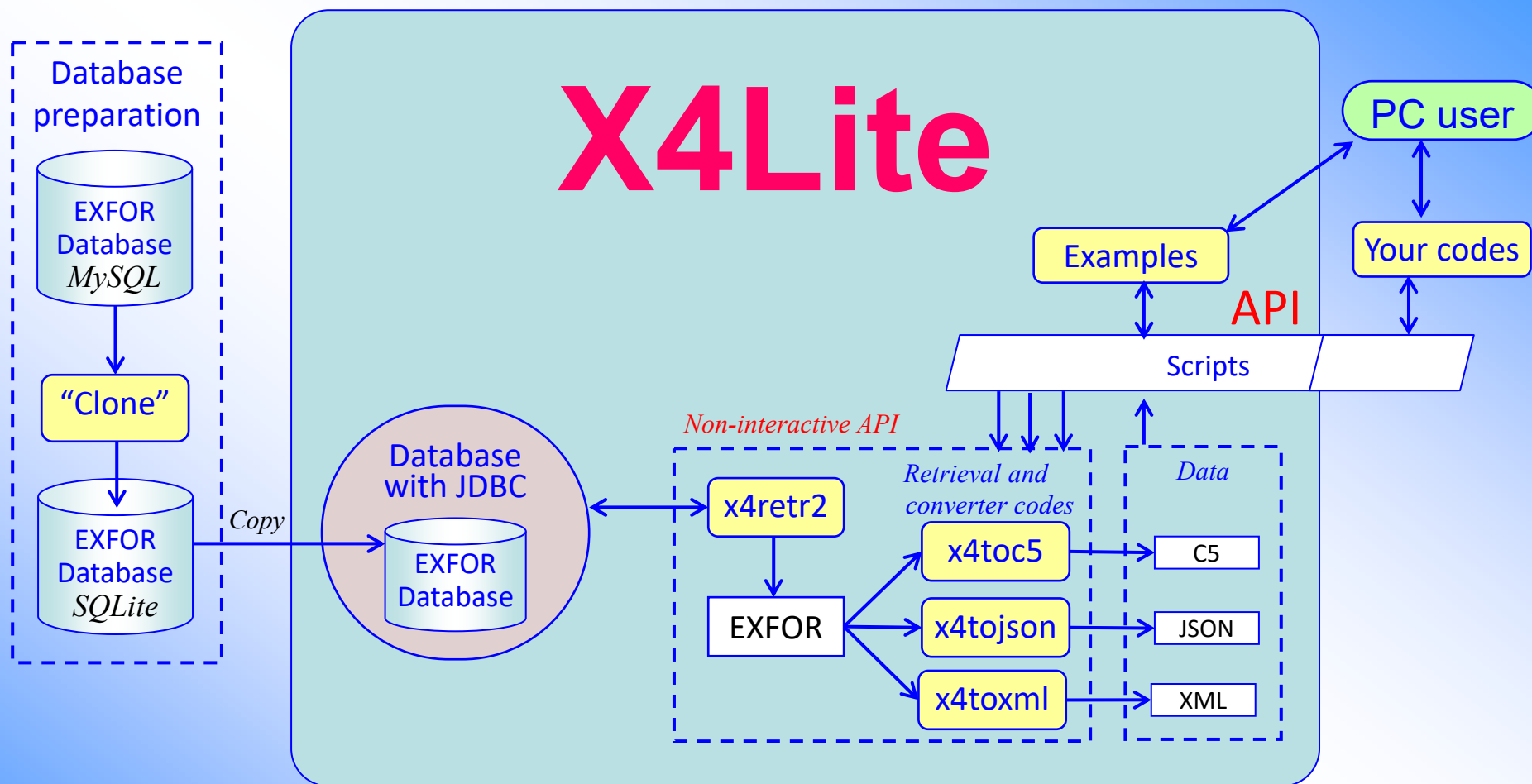
Convert EXFOR file to interpreted X4+

```
java -Xmx400M -cp x4tool.jar x4tox4plus aa1.x4 -o:aa1.x4.x4plus.htm -dz:x4dict.bin
#Result: aa1.x4.x4plus.htm
```

Convert EXFOR file to XML

```
java -Xmx400M -cp x4tool.jar x4read2xml aa1.x4 -o:aa1.x4.xml -dz:x4dict.bin
#Result: aa1.x4.xml
```

X4Lite: database, retrieval and converter codes



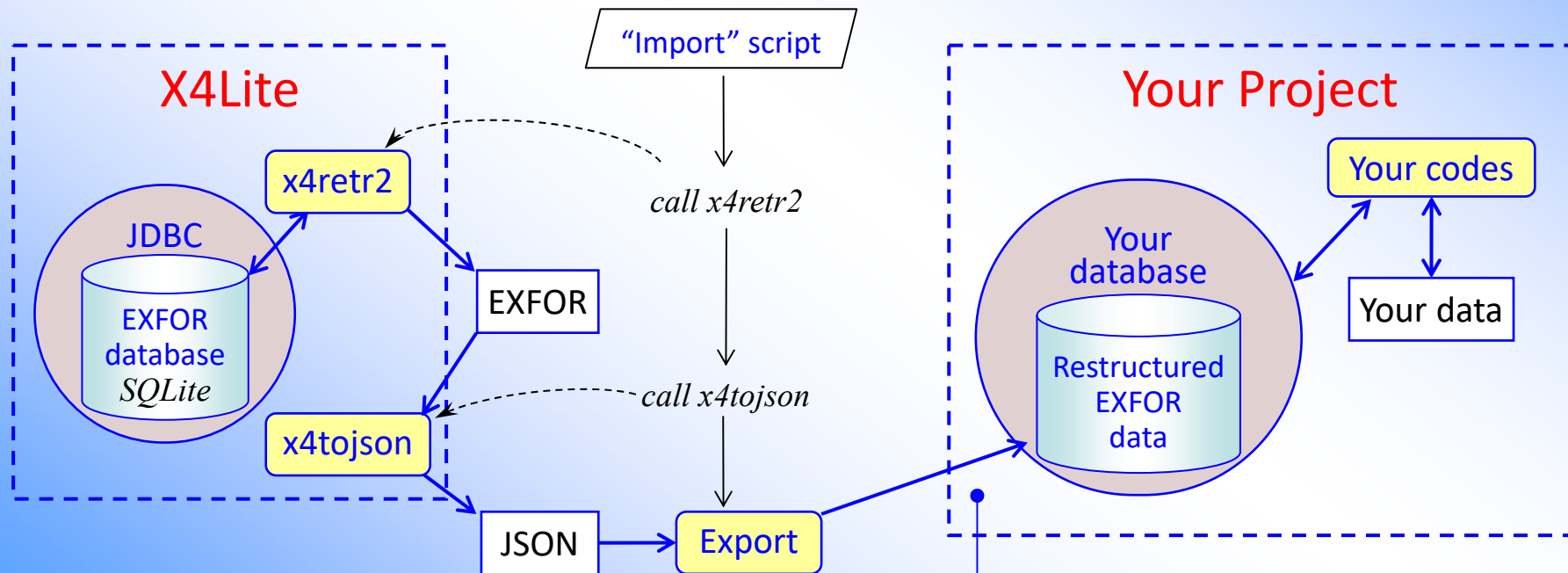
X4Lite preparation is fully automatic. Can be done on regular basis by the IAEA-NDS.

X4Lite. Specialized system for usage under other software packages and containing only

- 1) EXFOR relational database in SQLite: one file for Linux, Windows, MacOS
- 2) retrieval code producing list of datasets and/or EXFOR file
- 3) codes converting EXFOR file to X4+, C5, C5M, JSON, XML

Planning your database for your project?

- *Select data format (e.g. JSON or C5 or XML)*
- *Prepare your “import” script doing:*
 - *Search and retrieve EXFOR data needed in your project*
 - *[Make a loop on the list of found datasets if necessary]*
 - *Call converter from EXFOR file to selected format*
 - *Store dataset into your data structure or SQL/noSQL database*
- *Download X4Lite and run “import” script*

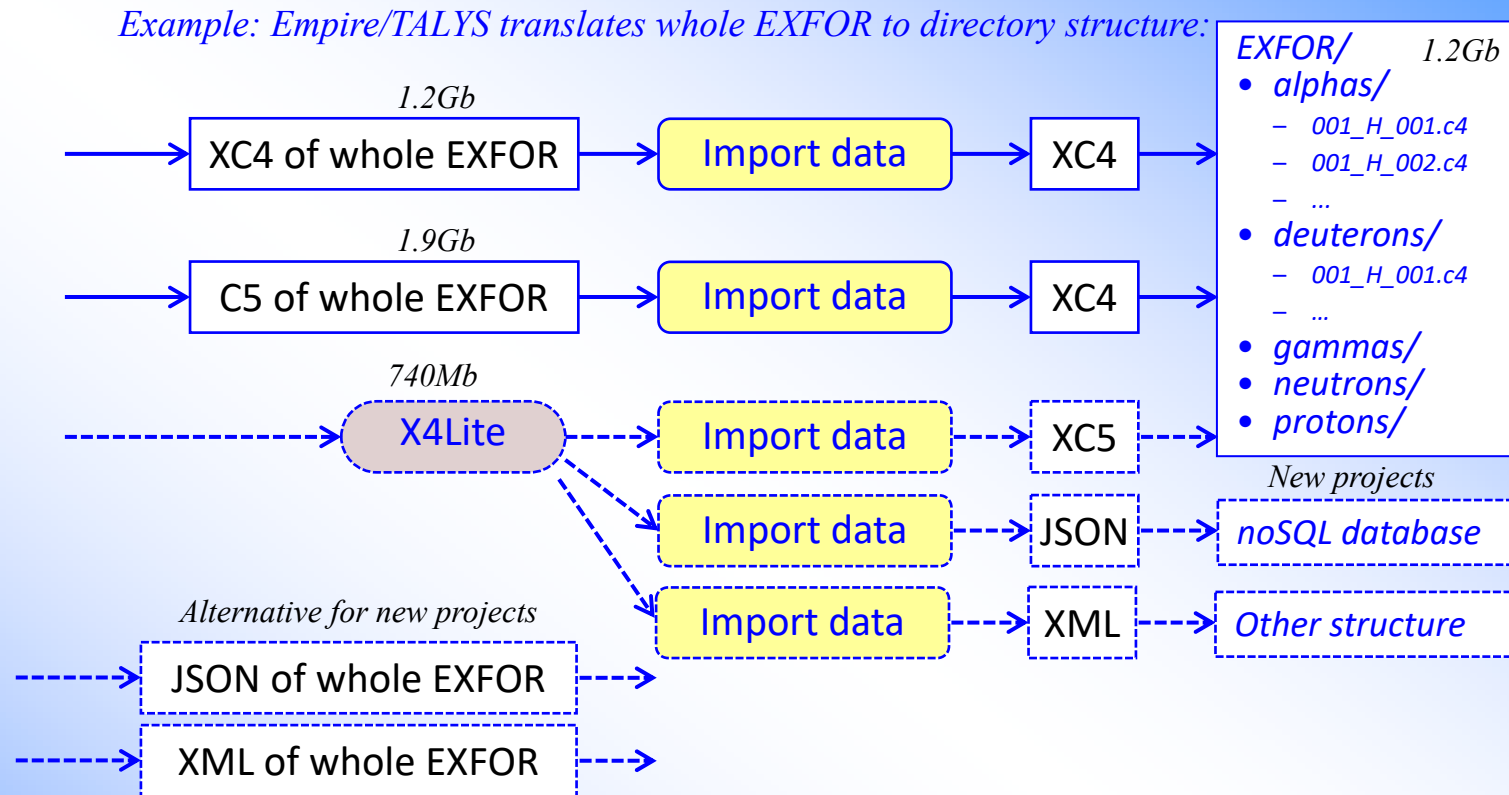


Project/team can build different databases, e.g.:

- *XC4, C5: Empire, TALYS*
- *C5M: GANDR*
- *JSON: SG50 (?)*

X4Lite: pro & con. Alternatives.

www-nds.iaea.org



What is difference?

- More rational maintenance (at the IAEA-NDS)
- Freedom for user to use formats C4/C5, JSON, XML; easy to use modern tools and languages
- Translation from EXFOR C4: 65%, to C5: 75%, to JSON: 98%, to XML: 100%
- Easy programming access to all data/information from EXFOR and Dictionaries (name:value)
- Easier to filter out and store only data needed for a project
- Options to make re-calculations and include/exclude data columns: CM-Lab, RR-B/SR, inverse reactions and kinematics, dictionary information, perhaps monitor data and/or automatic renormalization
- Other advantages/disadvantages will be discovered during exploitation

Concluding remarks

1. EXFOR data **correction system** is **successfully functioning** on Web at the IAEA-NDS and NNDC sites working with C4 and TABLE files. Current system can be revised, expanded or rewritten in a short term.
2. Current versions of EXFOR output to **C5, X4JSON, XML** have a great potential and should be propagated to users' community for practical usage in applications, for feedback and improvements.
3. **X4Lite** is computational EXFOR for professional nuclear data users.

Thank you.