

DE LA RECHERCHE À L'INDUSTRIE



# CURRENT STATUS OF THE VERIFICATION AND PROCESSING SYSTEM GALILÉE-1 FOR EVALUATED DATA

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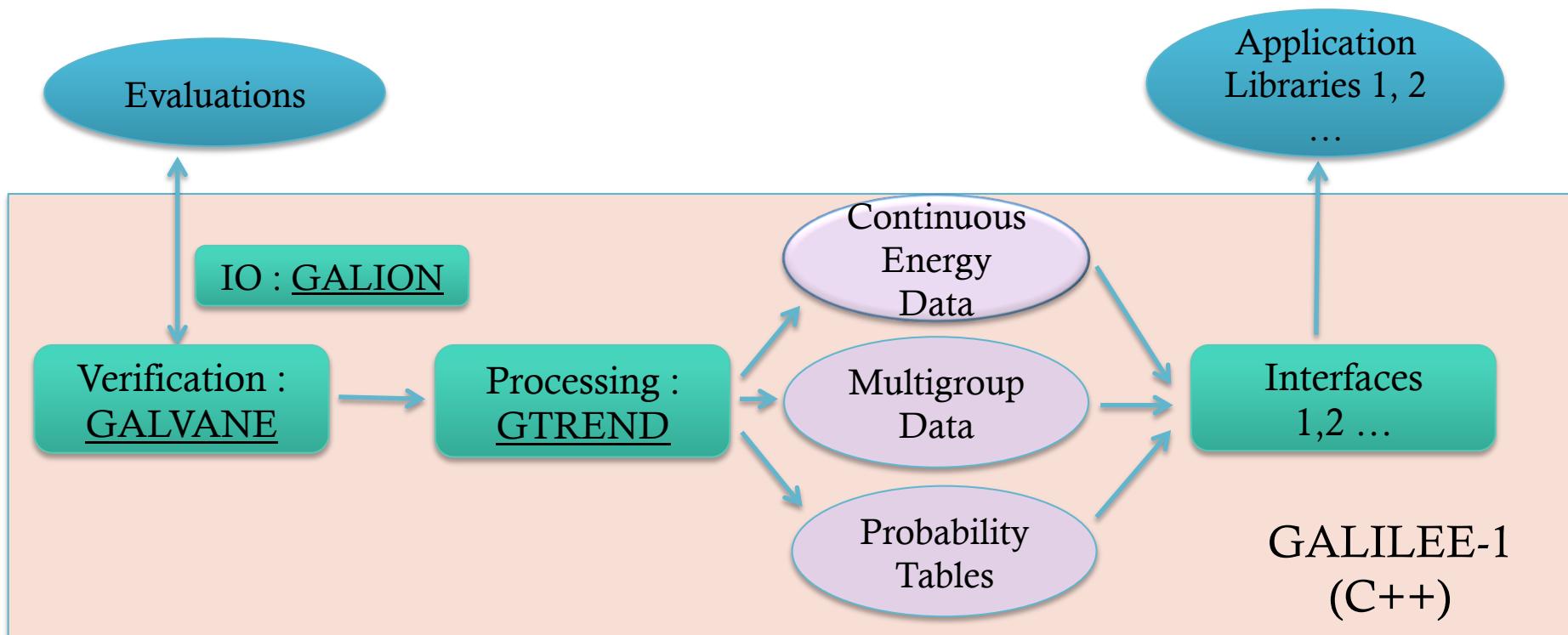
# OUTLINES

1. Code description
2. Cross Section Reconstruction
3. Doppler Broadening
4. Verification
5. Conclusions

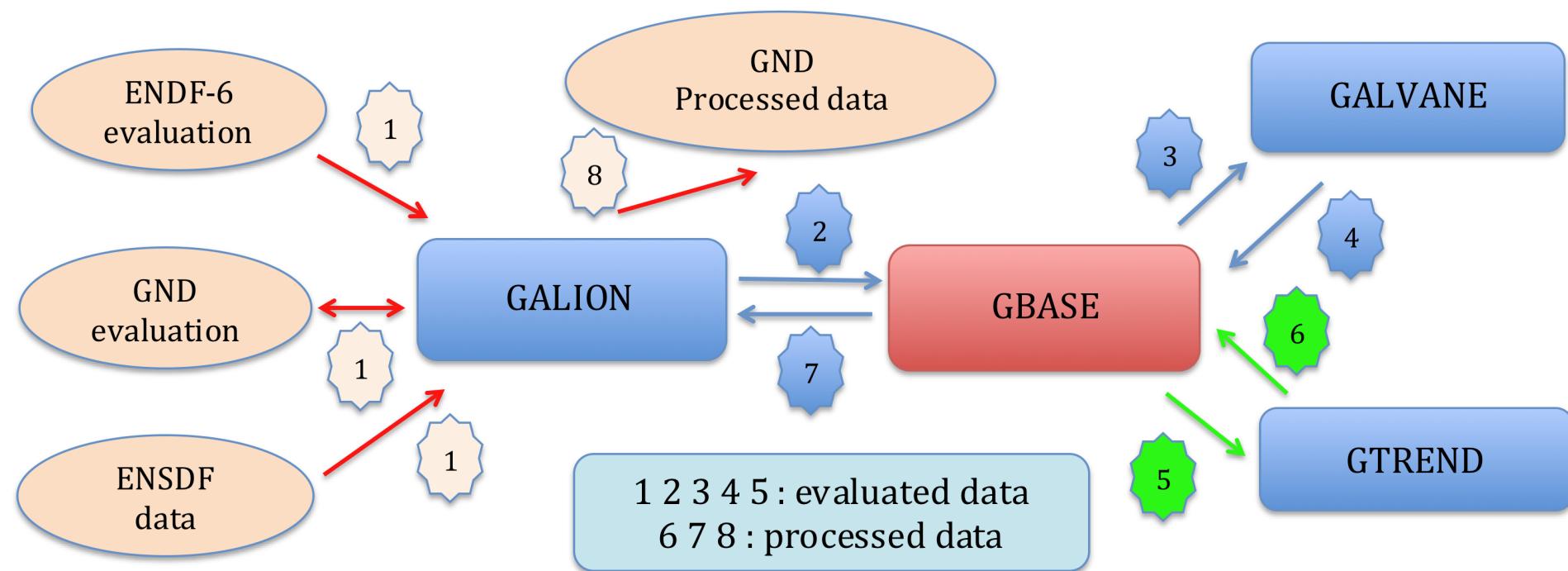
GALION: GALilée Input Output for Nuclear data

GALVANE : GALilée Verification of the Accuracy of Nuclear Evaluations

GTREND: GALilée TRreatment of Evaluated Nuclear Data



## DATA FLUXES



# CROSS SECTION RECONSTRUCTION

GTREND : Reconstruction at 0 K on NJOY / PREPRO energy grids

Comparisons between : NJOY99, NJOY2012, PREPRO and GTREND

$$|\Delta| = \left| \frac{\sigma(NJOY) - \sigma(GTREND)}{\sigma(NJOY)} \right|$$

Application : JEFF-3.2 Library (470 nuclei) NJOY2012 / GTREND

$|\Delta| > 5 \cdot 10^{-6}$  (0.001%) : 20 nuclei

SLBW, MLBW, RM, RML : Very good agreement NJOY2012/PREPRO15/GTREND

# DOPPLER BROADENING

SIGMA1 method is implemented in GTREND

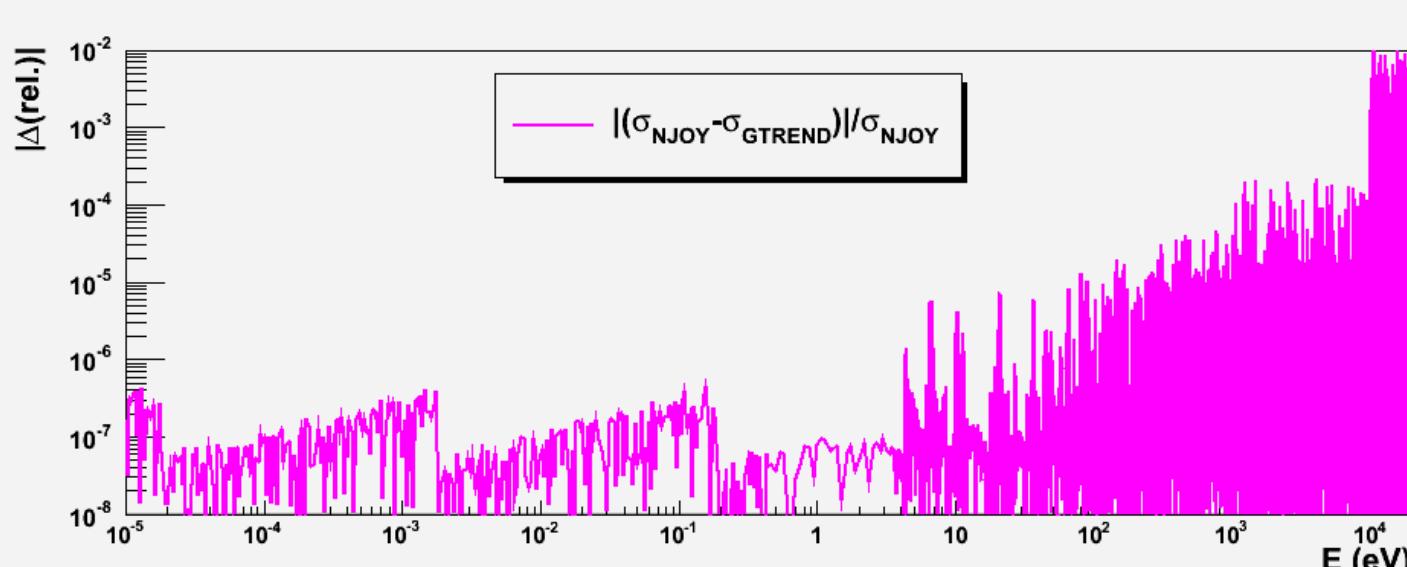
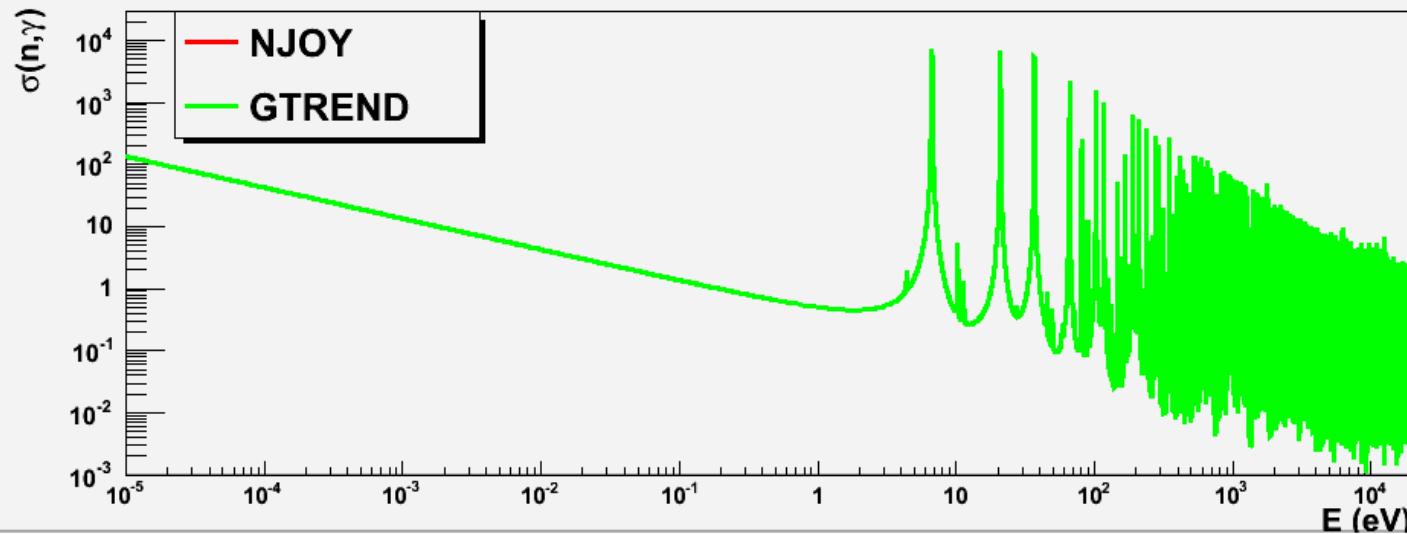
GTREND: Calculations at all energy points in a PENDF File  
provided by NJOY/BROADR

GTREND: Use of linear reconstruction at 0 K from NJOY/RECONR

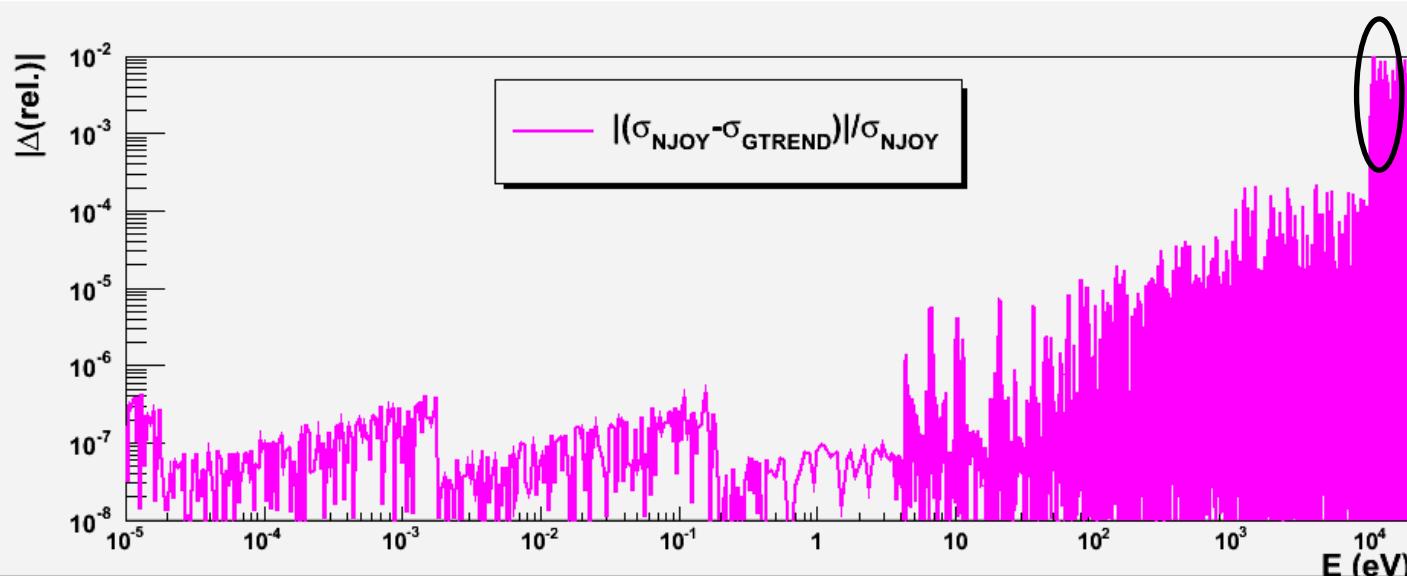
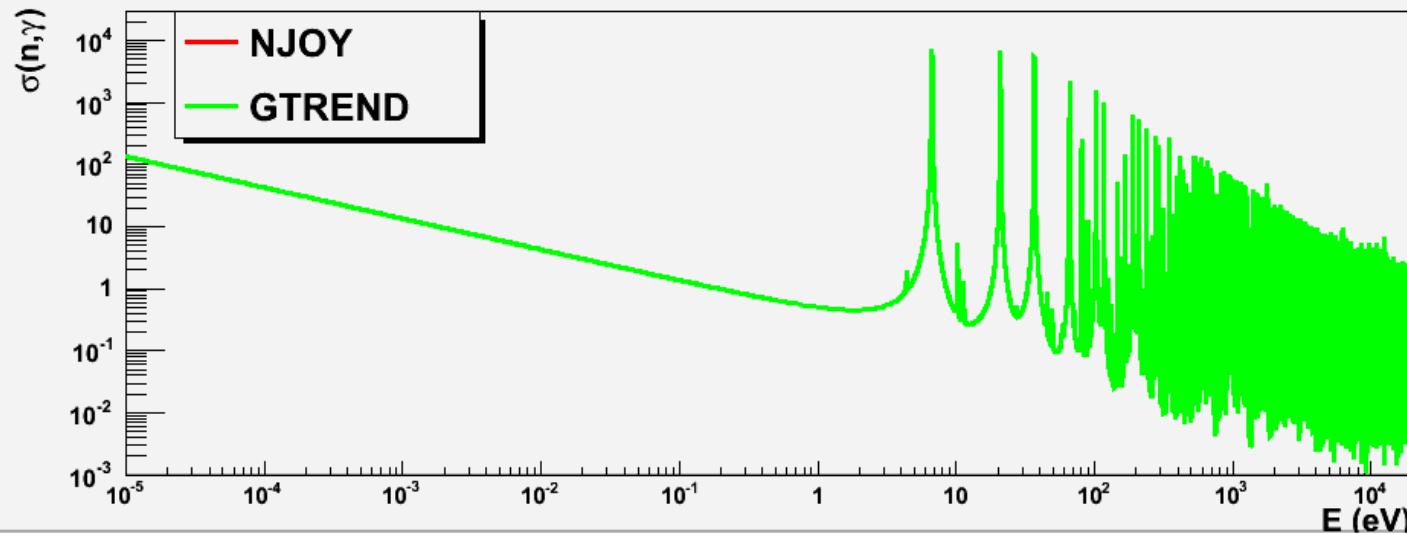
Comparisons to NJOY99/BROADR and NJOY2012/BROADR

Example :  $^{238}\text{U}$  ( $n, \gamma$ ) reaction

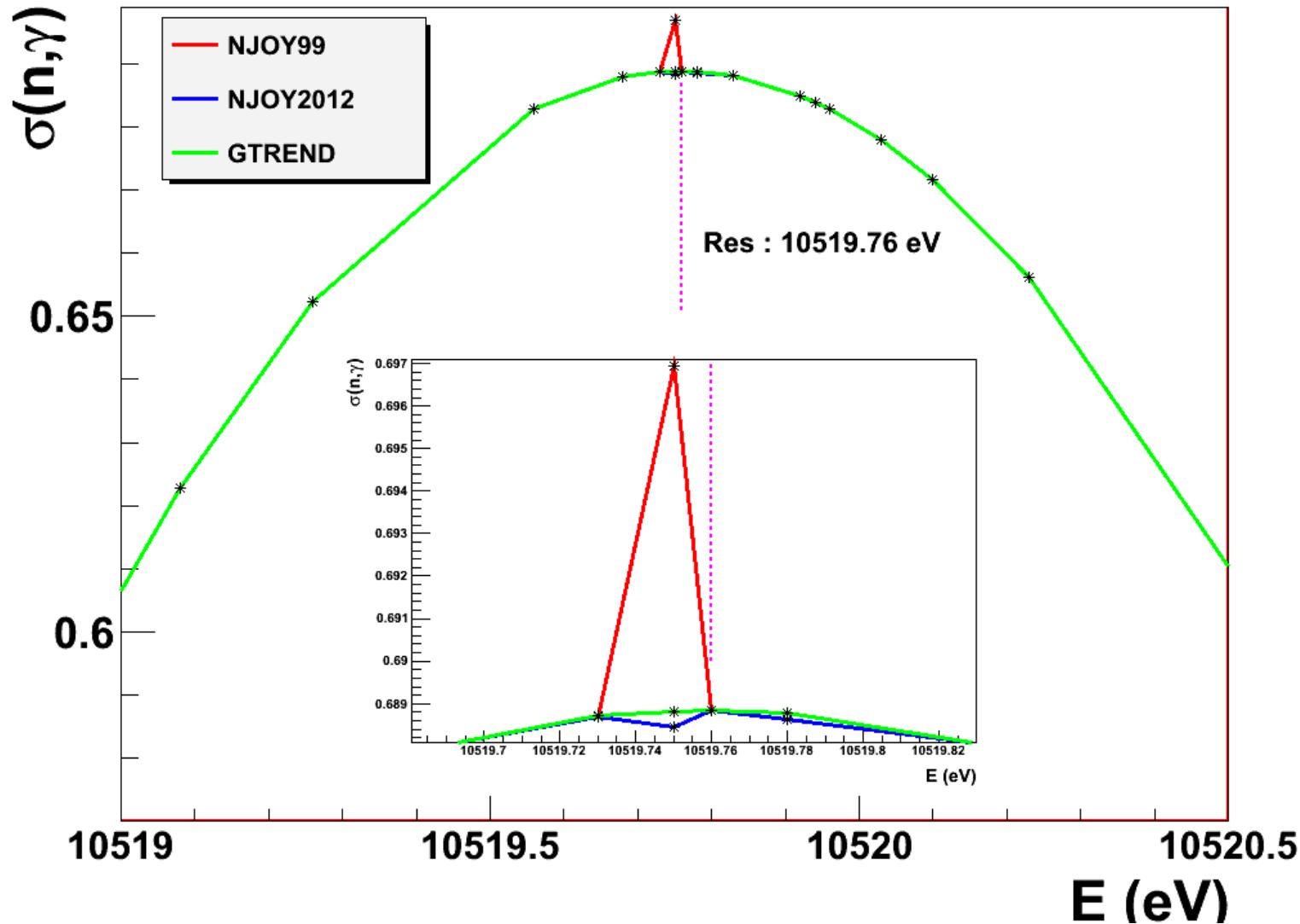
## U238 RADIATIVE CAPTURE T=294 K



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**VERIFICATION**

<b>Library (# nuclei / #nuclei with Radioactive Data production)</b>	<b>JENDL40 (406 / 3)</b>	<b>JEFF32 (472 / 169)</b>	<b>JEFF33T2 (559 / 320)</b>	<b>JEFF33T3 (566 / 325)</b>	<b>ENDFB7R1 (423 / 41)</b>	<b>ENDFB8B4 (447 / 43)</b>
<b>Inconsistencies</b>						
Mass comparison (> 1 MeV)	4	24	13	11	27	26
Resonance parameters	0	9	5	4	3	2
Q-reactions (> 500 keV)	5	53	32	32	92	97
Anisotropy	5	35	17	6	39	39
Radioactive production	1	41	97	99	14	12
Missing gamma production for radiative capture	139	104	44	1	138	142

# GENERAL INFORMATIONS

RIPL-3, ENSDF, Nubase ...

Masses

Lifetimes

Excited states : Energy, decay modes

GENERAL INFORMATIONs (MF1) :

- Mass comparisons (spin, parity)

RESONANCE PARAMETERS (MF2) :

- $J=L+S$  in RRR and URR (not always verified) : Evalution value (NJOY)  
or physical value ?
- level spacing in RRR and URR
- correlations (spacing)
- average widths

**CROSS SECTIONS (MF3):**

- Q reactions, decay mode (LRFLAG)
- Energy thresholds
- Total = sum of partial reactions (MT=600...)
- Threshold in agreement with MF4, MF5, MF6.... thresholds

**ANGULAR DISTRIBUTIONS (MF4) :**

- Tab1 distribution : Norm = 1 ? (NJOY99/MCNP : Lin-log == Lin-Lin)
- Legendre polynomials : Negative values ?

**ENERGY DISTRIBUTIONS (MF5) :**

- Distribution normalizations ?
- Yield : implicit, explicit, right values (ex : n,2n : Yield = 2 or 1.999)
- Energy limit of distributions in agreement with available energy ?
- Interpolation between incident energy (unit base instead of lin-lin). NJOY/MCNP Always considers unit base lin-lin (except histogram)

## ENERGY-ANGLE DISTRIBUTION (MF6) :

- Yields ?
- Normalization of distributions
- Gamma : Discrete + continuous == 1
- Limits of energy distributions in agreement with available energy
- Sum of Average energies in agreement with available energy

Comment on MF6 and Discrete Inelastic scatterings :

JEFF-3.2 : 95 nuclei. Gamma production in MF6 or MF12

➔ Better solution : MF4 (neutron angular distribution) + MF12 (gamma production)

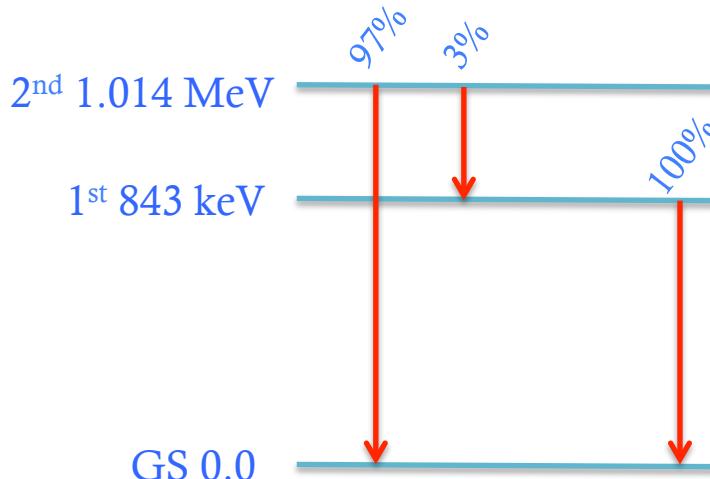
## INELASTIC SCATTERING IN MF6

Ex : Al27 (JEFF33T2, correction in JEFF33T3)

1<sup>st</sup> excited state : E=843 keV. 100% to GS

2<sup>nd</sup> excited state : E:1.014 MeV.

3% to 1<sup>st</sup> excited state : gamma cascade 843 keV and 171 keV  
 97% to GS. Gamma 1.014 MeV



MF6 (JEFF33T2) for 2<sup>nd</sup> Exc :

Yield gamma : 1.029 (multiplicity)

Proba : 94.3 % 1.014 MeV

2.8 % 843 keV

2.8 % 171 keV

→ no correlation between 843 and 171 keV

$$1.029 = 1 * 0.97 + 2 * 0.03$$

$$0.943 = 0.97 / 1.029$$

Solution : use of MF12 / MF14 files

- 1/ use SIXPAK (PREPRO) to generate MF4 from MF6 (neutron angular distributions)
- 2/ use ENSDF data to define gamma cascade for each excited state in agreement with excited state used in evaluation file
- 3/ add new MF4, MF12 and MF14 for discrete inelastic scatterings in evaluation file

A127 is included in JEFF-3.3 T3

Submission of 30 nuclei :

Eu153, Eu156, I127, I129, In113, In115, Mo92, Mo94, Mo96, Mo97, Mo98, Nd148, Pb206, Pb207, Pb208, Pd104, Pd106, Pd108, Rh103, Sn112, Sn114, Sn115, Sn116, Sn117, Sn118, Sn119, Sn120, Xe128, Xe129, Xe133

# VERIFICATION / RADIOACTIVE PRODUCTION (MF8)

JEFF-3.3 T3 : 325 Nuclei with Radioactive Production

- Inelastic scattering (MT4) :

Final state with  $\text{Exc} > 0 \text{ MeV}$  and  $\text{LFS} = 0$  (GS identification) : 85 evaluations  
TALYS correction ?

- Inconsistencies between GP data and JEFF311/DD, JEFF32/DD or ENSDF  
for ID state (Energy Level) or Excitation Energy value

Delta ID STATE GP / J311 : 99

Delta ENER STATE GP / J311 : 5

Delta ID STATE GP / J33 : 94

Delta ENER STATE GP / J33 : 5

Delta ID STATE GP / ENSDF : 29

Delta ENER STATE GP / ENSDF : 5

→ Source of inconsistencies for depletion calculations

# MF12 / MF13 / MF15 : GAMMA PRODUCTION

- Verification of the coherence of decay schemes
- Limits of energy distributions in agreement with available energy
- Sum of energies for all outgoing particles in agreement with available energy  
→ sum of MF5, MF12, MF13 and MF15 energies

# CONCLUSIONS

Important steps completed :

- Evaluation verification
- RRR Reconstruction
- Doppler Broadening
- Probability Tables : temperature interpolation, mixture, condensation on energy grids

Next steps :

- URR Calculations (2017)
- Thermal scattering treatment (2017)
- Production of TRIPOLI-4 libraries (2018)
- Release of GALION/GBASE/GALVANE at NEA (2018)

## Energy balance for emitted particles :

### JEFF-3.2 / W isotopes :

(n,inel cont) MT91 :

Egamma > Ein (neutron)

(n,gamma) MT102 :

gamma multiplicity up to 200;

Ein= 10 MeV; Egamma= 87 MeV (Q=5.7 MeV)

### JEFF-3.2 Ni62 :

(n,gamma) MT102 : Egamma = 9 MeV for  $10^{-5}$  eV < Ein < 750 keV (Q=6.8 MeV)

### ENDF/B-VII.1 Pb208 :

(n,inel) Exc= 3.47 MeV. Egamma = 2.39 MeV

## Angular momentum of a resonance state

Channel spin s sum of the spins of the two particles

$l$ : orbital angular momentum

$j$ : total angular momentum

$$\vec{j} = \vec{l} + \vec{s}$$

JEFF-3.2, Bk247 : Nucleus spin : 3/2. 1 value : 0.

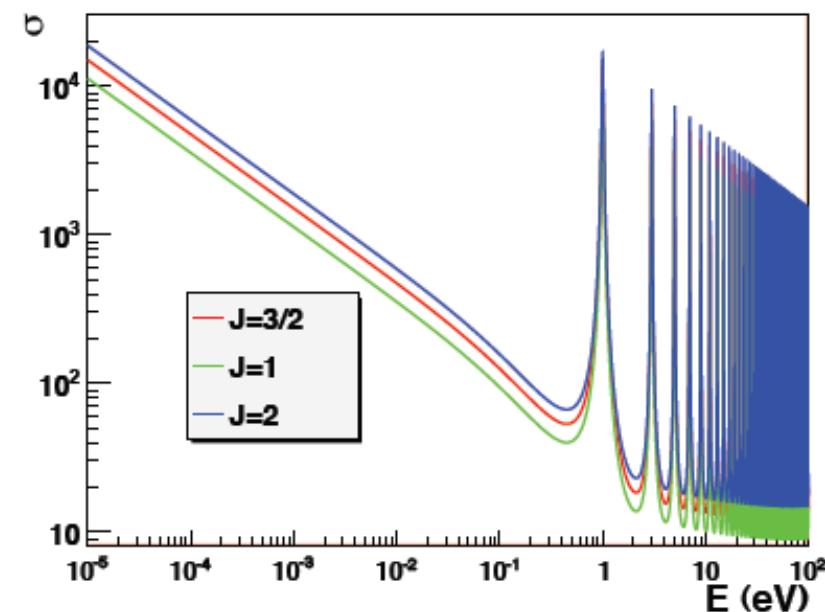
→ Theoretical:  $J=1$  or  $J=2$

but, Evaluation:  $J=3/2$

JEFF-3.2, Np237 : Nucleus spin : 5/2. 1 value : 0.

→ Theoretical:  $J=2$  or  $J=3$

but, Evaluation:  $J=2, 3/2, 3$

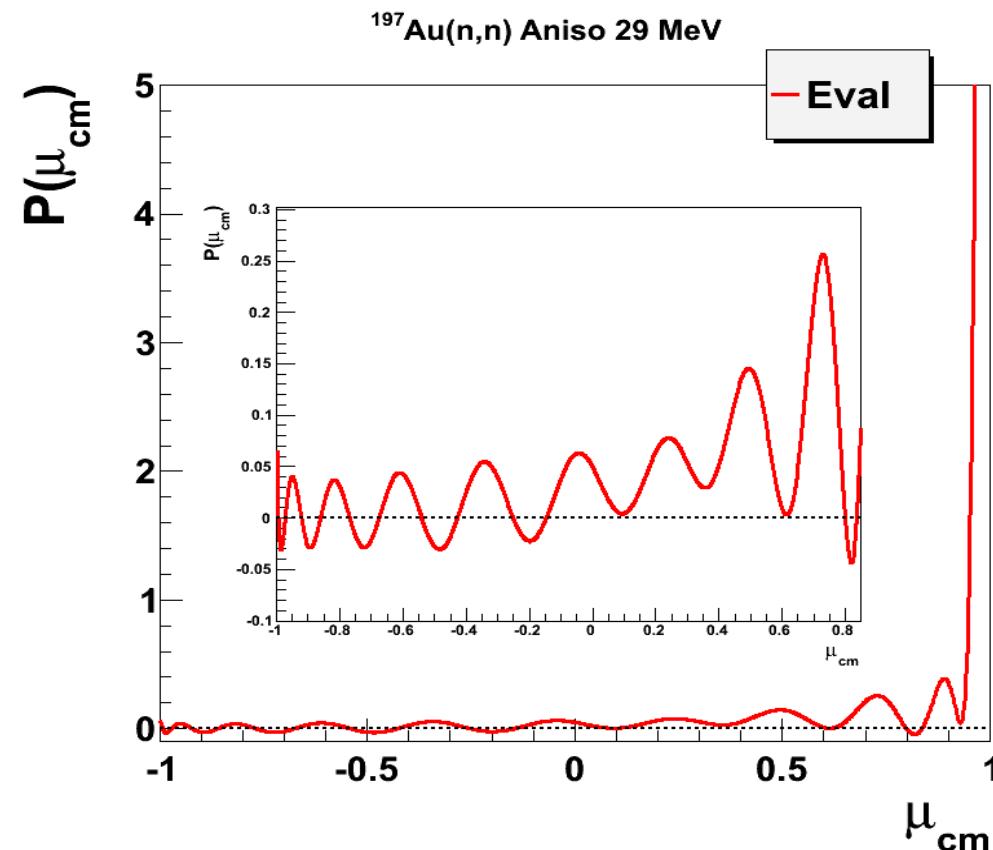


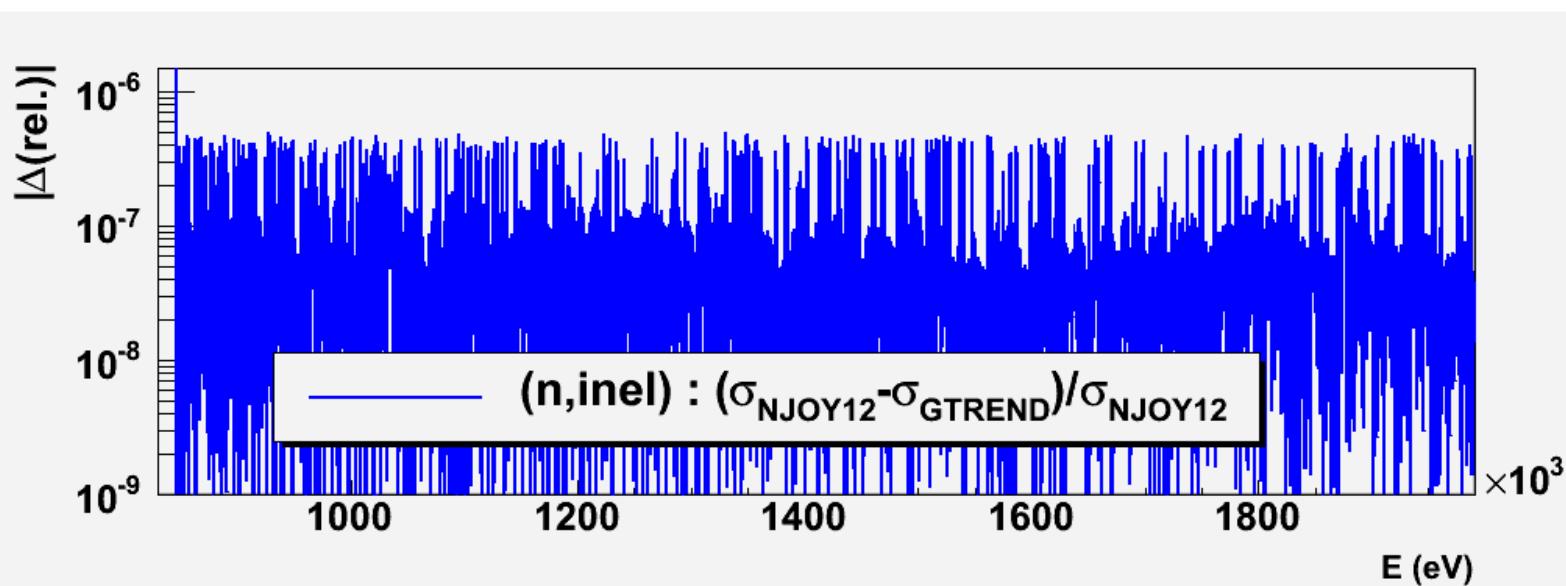
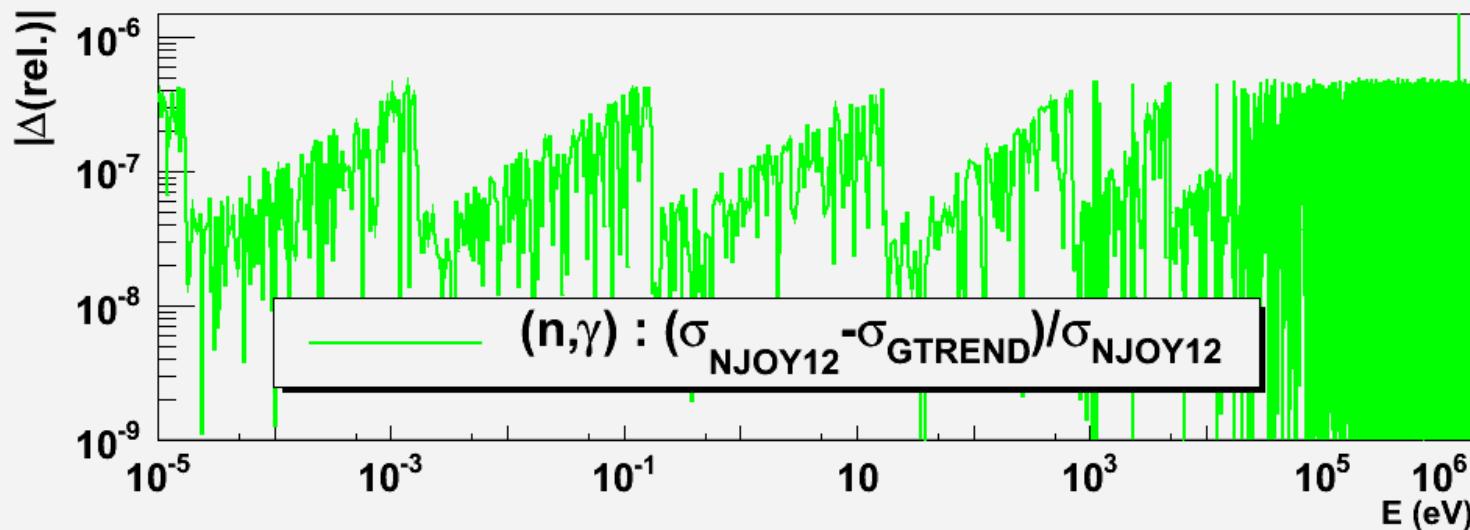
## ANGULAR DISTRIBUTION

## Negative angular distributions

Legendre Polynomial coefficient :  
 Truncation at a given order  
 → Negative probabilities (n,n), (n,n')

Cumulative density function (CDF) is  
 not continuously growing.  
 → Monte Carlo sampling ?



**FE56 , R MATRIX LIMITED RECONSTRUCTION  
GTREND / NJOY2012**

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