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# Status of the $^{243}\text{Am}$ neutron capture data

D. Cano-Ott, E. Mendoza (PhD thesis)  
CIEMAT



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D. Cano Ott - NEA SG31 meeting, Paris 23<sup>rd</sup> of May

# I. Status of the capture data data (1/)

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## Transmission

T.S.Bellanova et al.,	1976,	0.35 eV - 35 eV
(ORELA) O.D.Simpson et al.,	1974,	0.5 eV - 1 keV
J.R.Berreth et al.,	1970,	0.008 eV - 25.6 eV
R.E.Cote et al.,	1959,	0.0014 eV - 15.44 eV

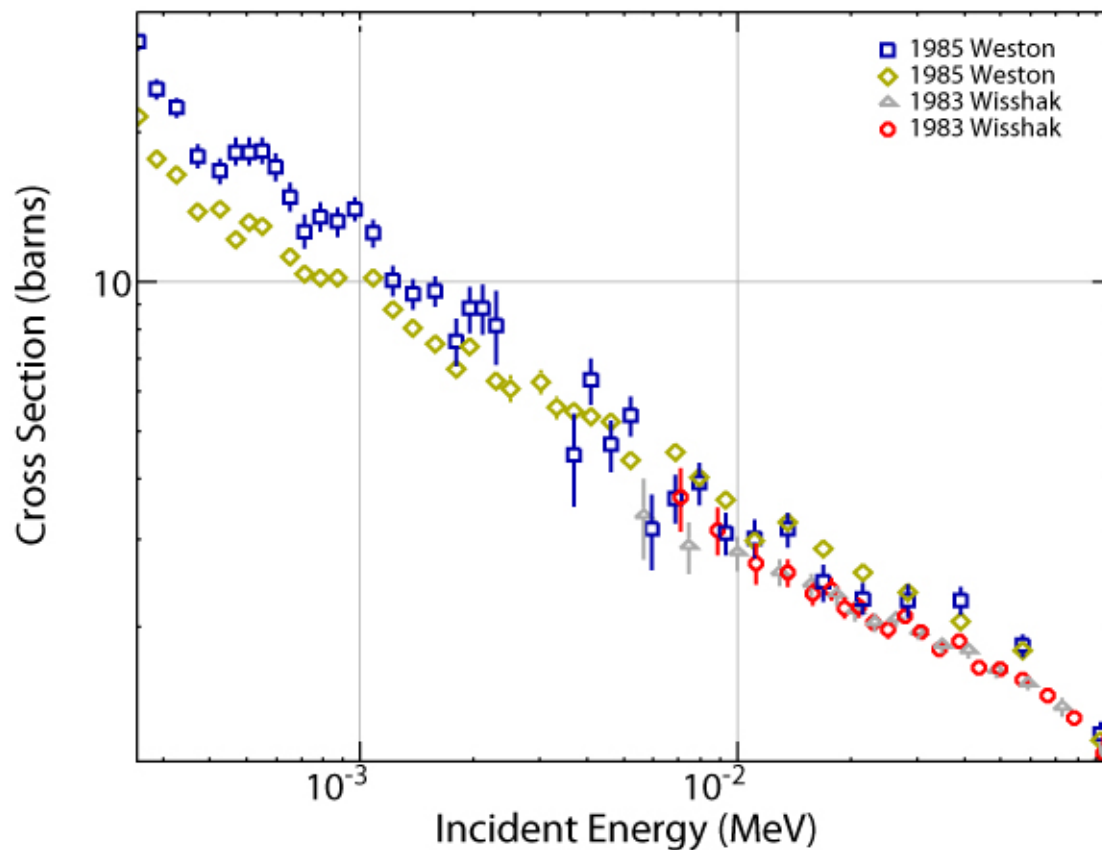
## Capture

K. Wisshak et al.,	1983,	5 keV – 250 keV
L.W.Weston et al.,	1985,	258 eV – 92.1 keV
M. Jandel et al. (DANCE),	2009,	~90 eV – 220 keV
J. Hori et al. (KURRI),	2009,	0.01 eV – 400 eV
E. Mendoza et al. (n_TOF),	2011,	~5 eV – 2 keV

Fission has been neglected at this stage...

# (n, $\gamma$ ) data in EXFOR

95-AM-243(N,G)95-AM-244  
EXFOR Request: 396/1, 2012-May-11 13:40:22



**No resonance parameters from any of the 2 data sets.**

**1983 Wisshak et al.** (128 mg AmO<sub>2</sub>/AmO<sub>3</sub> pellet, 99.82% pure, in Al). Photoproduction LINAC.

Moxon-Rae for (n, $\gamma$ ) + liquid scintillator for (n,f): different flight paths and Moxon-Rae converters.

Uncertainty (relative to <sup>197</sup>Au) < 5%

**1985 Weston et al.** (0.2 g of AmO<sub>2</sub> 99.99% purity, in stainless steel). VdG Li(p,n) source. C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>6</sub> total energy detectors. Two data sets:

1. Low repetition down to thermal E.

Normalisation equivalent to 74.8 b at 0.0253 eV.

2. High repetition. Normalised to the thermal data set between 4 – 40 keV.

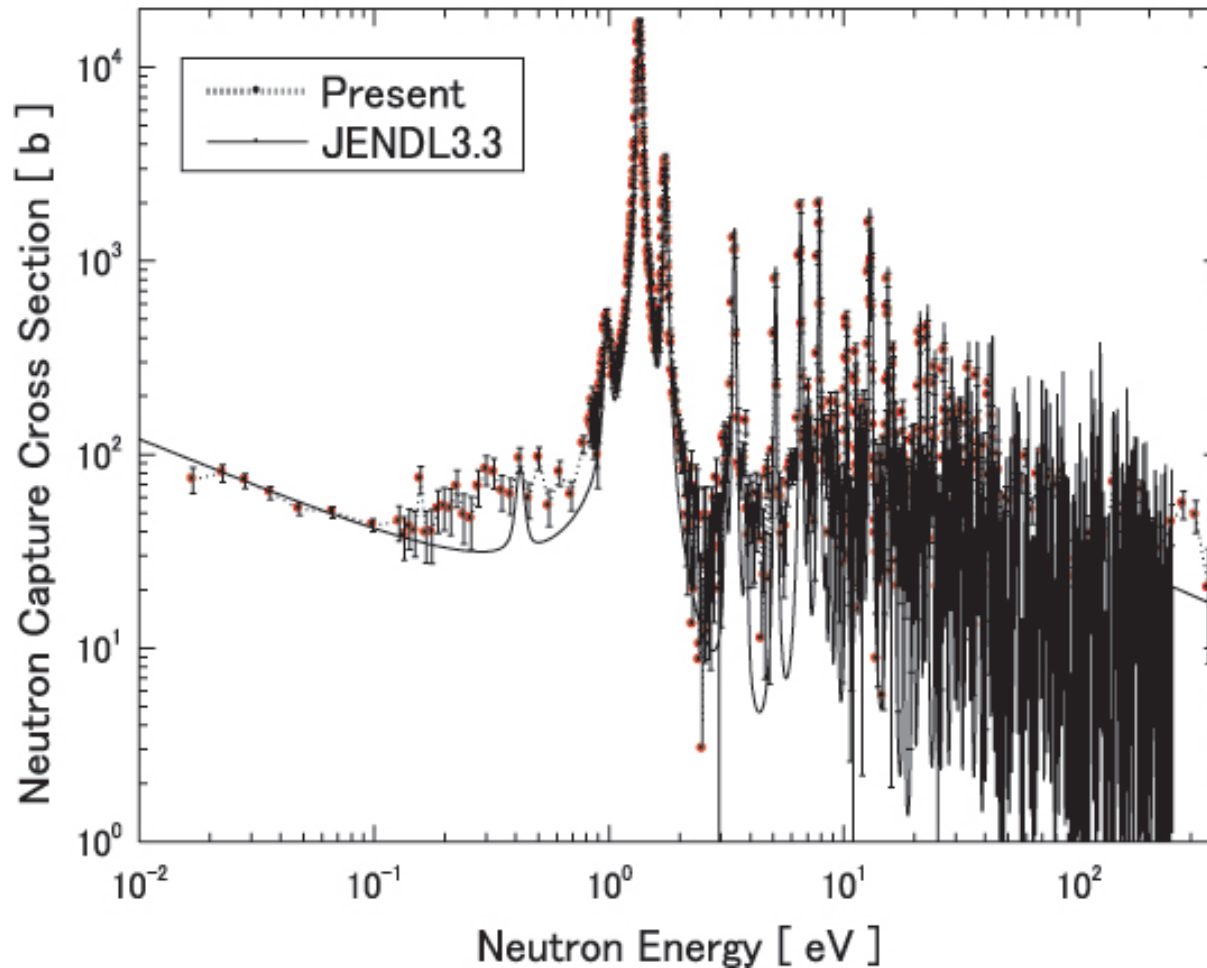
Unexplained poor agreement between them below 1 keV (up to 30 – 40 % discrepancy)

2.4% (normalisation thermal) + 2% (statistical) + 5% fast (keV) relative to thermal = **6% total**

Weston is about 8% above Wisshak.

# (n, $\gamma$ ) data from KURRI

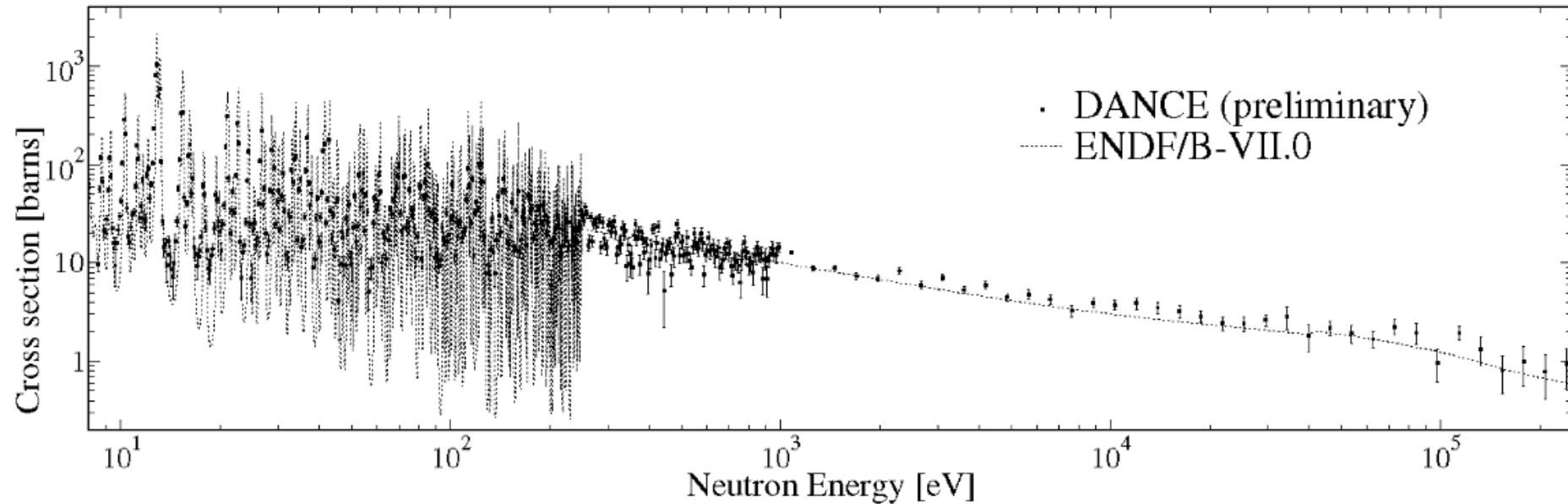
JAEA-Conf 2009-004



**2009 Hori et al.** (128 mg of AmO<sub>2</sub> in Al). Photoproduction LINAC.  
High efficiency Ge spectrometer.  
0.1 eV – 400 eV  
Normalisation equivalent to 74.8 b at 0.0253 eV (JENDL 3.3 value).  
Resonance integral  $I_0$ : 1969 $\pm$ 111 b

Not yet in EXFOR

## (n, $\gamma$ ) data from LANSCE



**2009 Jandel et al.** (267  $\mu\text{g}$  of  $\text{AmO}_2$  in Al). Spallation.

Total absorption calorimeter BaF<sub>2</sub>.

8 eV – 220 keV

Normalisation equivalent to ENDFB/VII.0 in the region between 250 and 400 eV.

Not yet in EXFOR

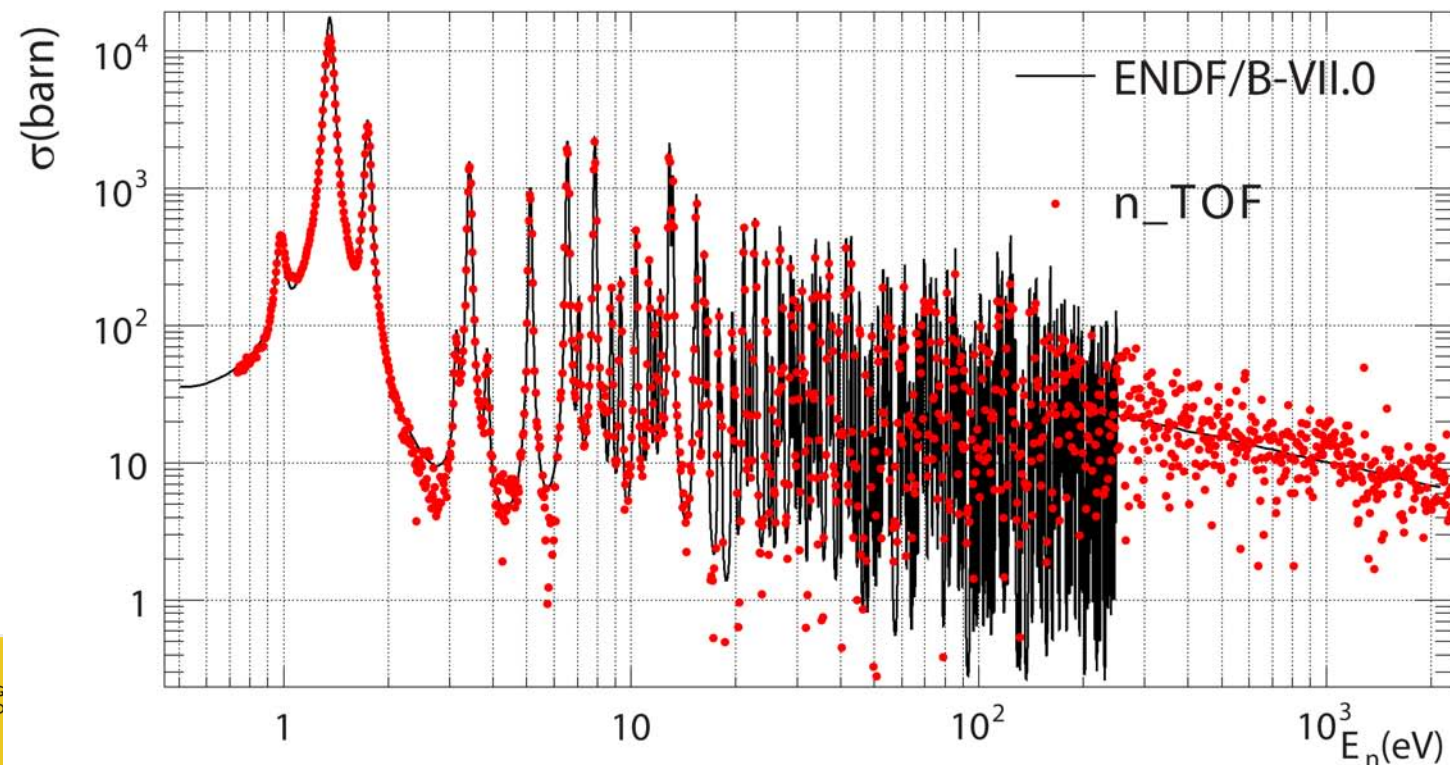
**2012 Mendoza et al.** (~6 mg of  $^{243}\text{Am}$  / 10 mg reported by manufacturer, 99.2%  $^{243}\text{Am}$ , 0.77%  $^{241}\text{Am}$ , 0.04%  $^{240}\text{Pu}$ , encapsulated in Ti). Spallation.

Total absorption calorimeter  $\text{BaF}_2$ . 185 m long flight path **EXCELLENT resolving power**

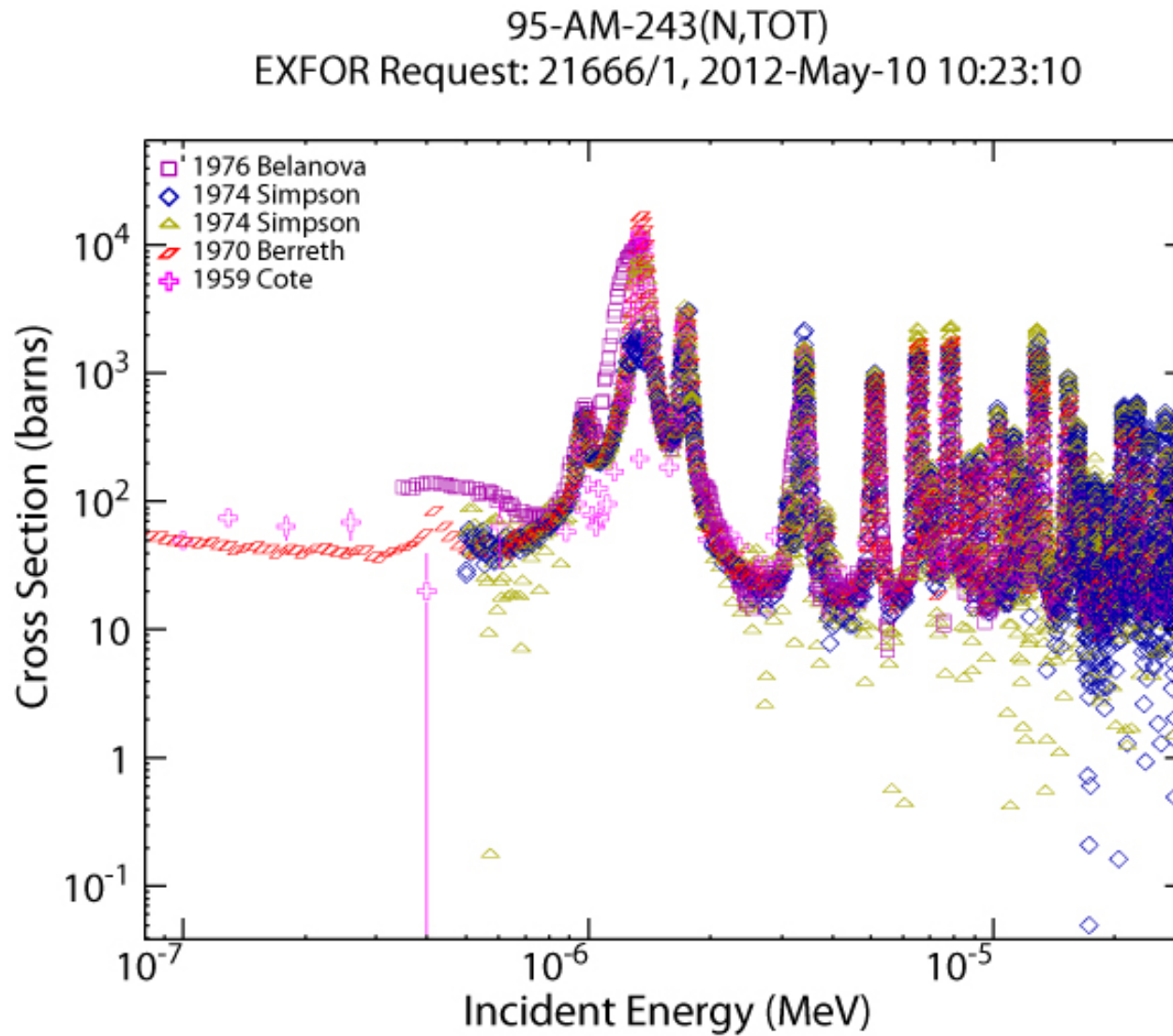
6 eV <  $E_n$  < 2 keV

Target in-homogeneities are very likely: no accurate resonance analysis below 6 eV

Various normalisations applied in the 3 eV – 50 eV range: to transmission data by Simpson et al (thin and thick samples), to ENDFB/VII.1, ENDFB/VII.0, JENDL-4.0, JEFF3.1, RP by Simpson, Berreth...



# (n,tot) data in EXFOR



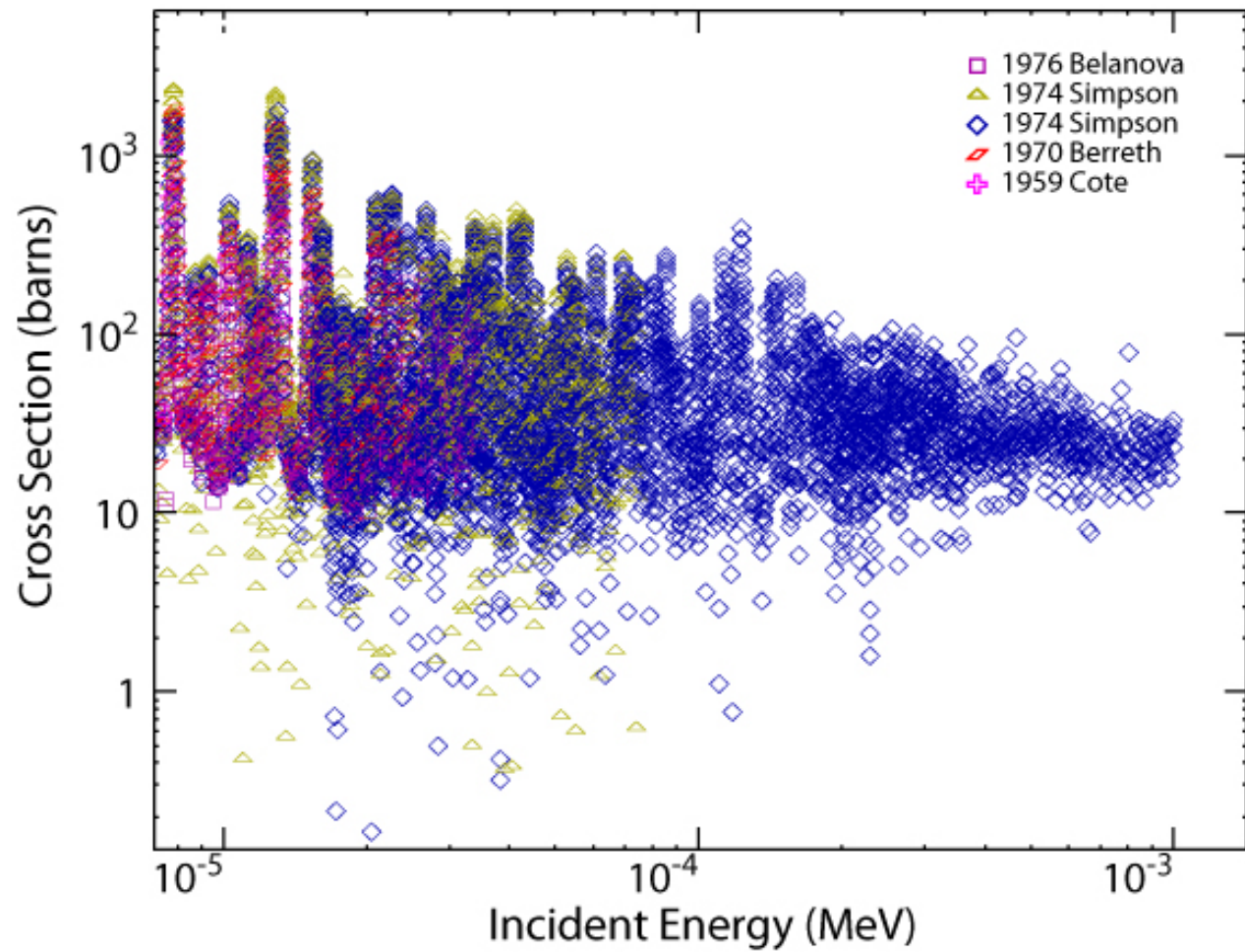
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95-AM-243(N,TOT)  
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## 1974 Simpson et al.

Main source for the resolved resonance region.

Two AmO<sub>2</sub> samples: 279.3 b/atom and 1288.2 b/atom.

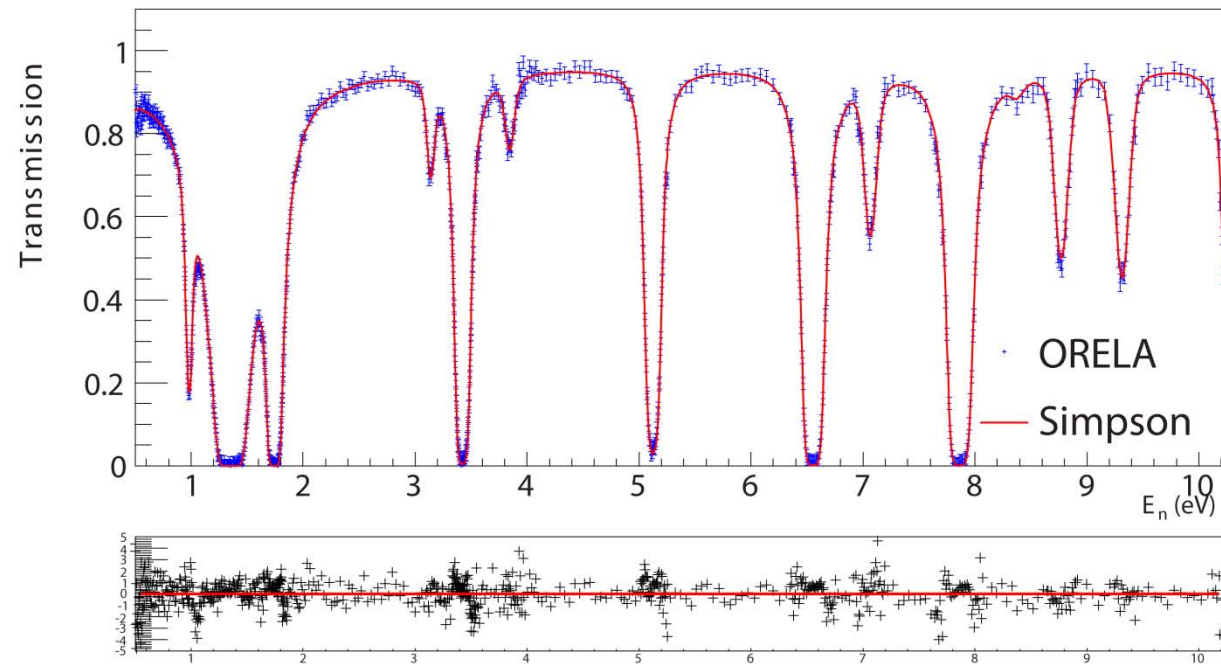
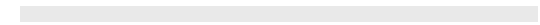
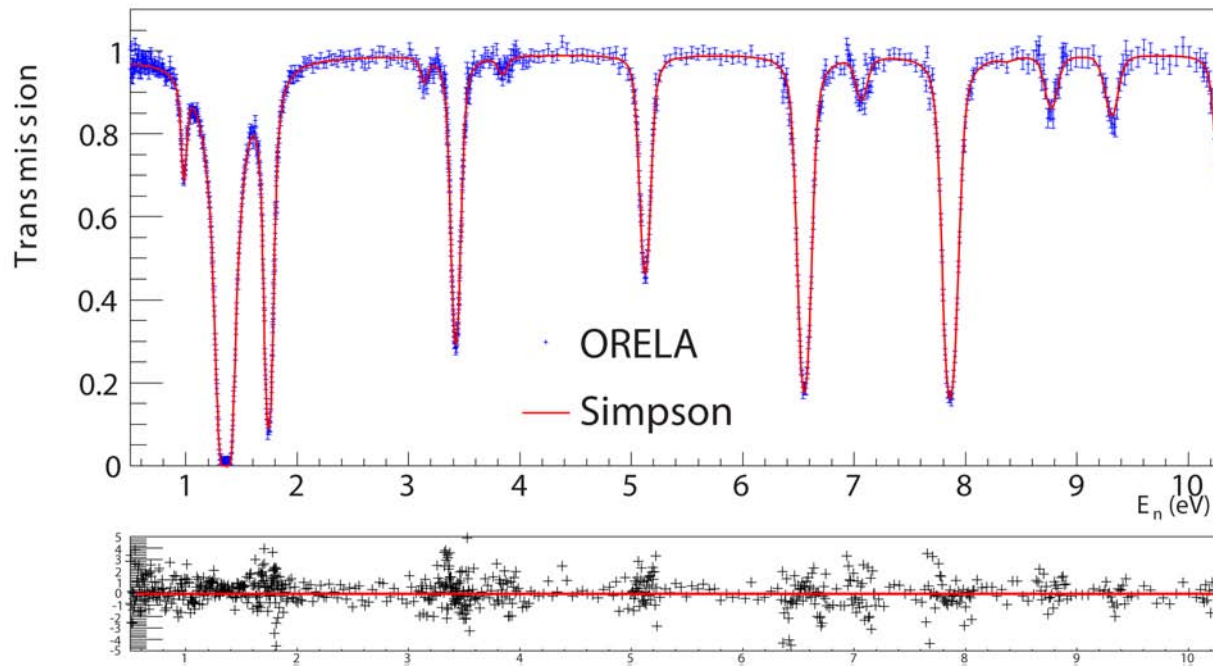
Two sets of resonance parameters:

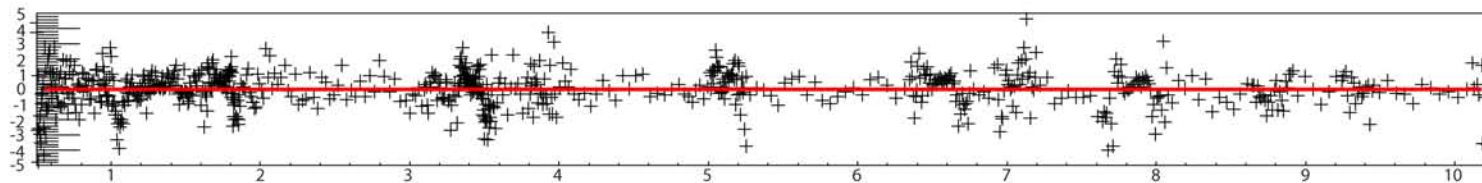
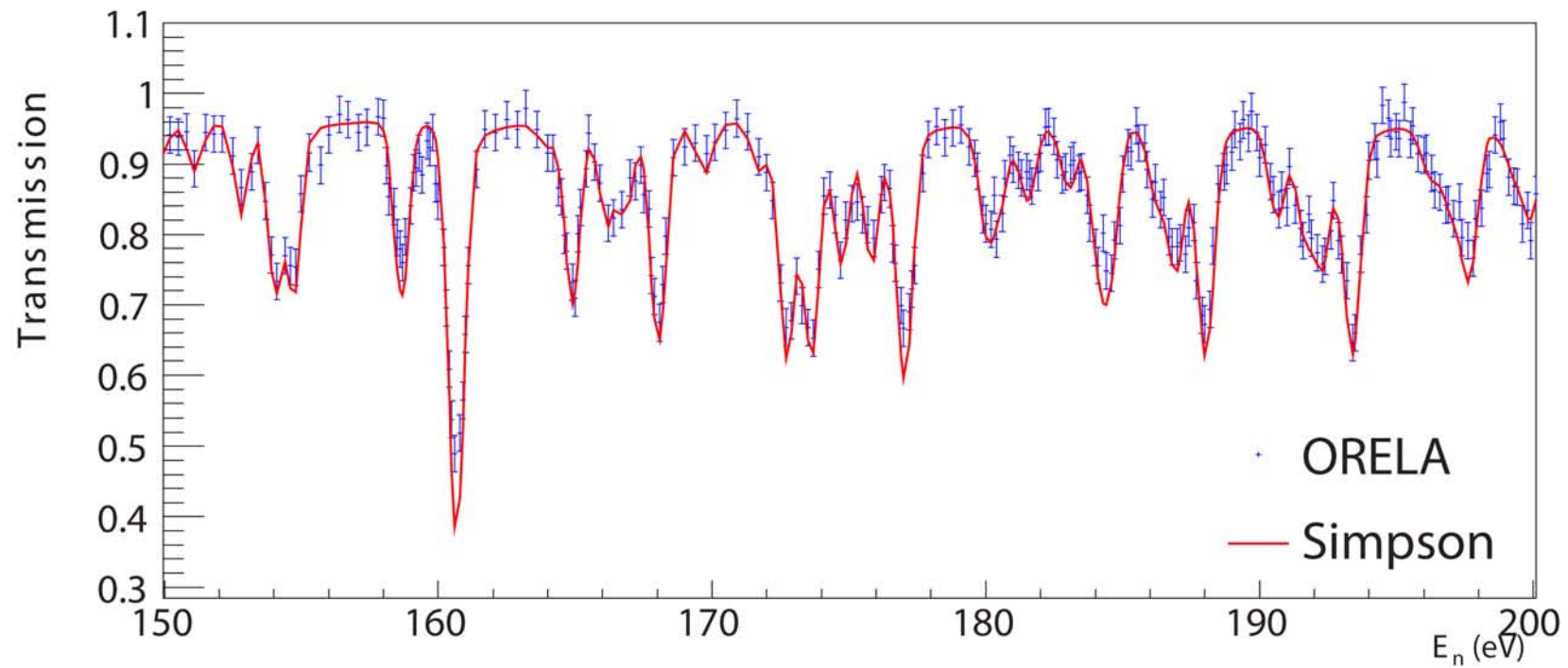
Shape analysis  $E_n < 20$  eV (compared to the previous measurements of Berreth et al. 1970)

Area analysis  $20 \text{ eV} < E_n < 250 \text{ eV}$

The Nucl. Sci. Eng. 55,273-279 (1974) paper refers to ANCR-1060 Aerojet Nuclear Company (1972) report for details. The reference has not been found!

Two sets of time of flight data exist in EXFOR (thick and thin sample). Poor information on the resolution function (described insufficiently). No information on the uncertainties in the TOF data.





## II. Status of the different evaluations

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### **ENDF/B-VII.0 (2006 P.G. Young, P. Talou - LANL)**

It is based on the ENDF/B-VI evaluation by L.W. Weston (ORNL)

Thermal value of 74 b based on Mughaghab.

Resolved resonance region (0-250 eV)

219 resonances + 1 bound level based on Simpson et al.

Unresolved resonance region URR (250 eV – 42 keV)

Parameters based on Froehner et al. (ANTW1982) and Weston, Todd (NSE 1985)

## ENDF/B-VII.1 (2006 P.G. Young, P. Talou - LANL)

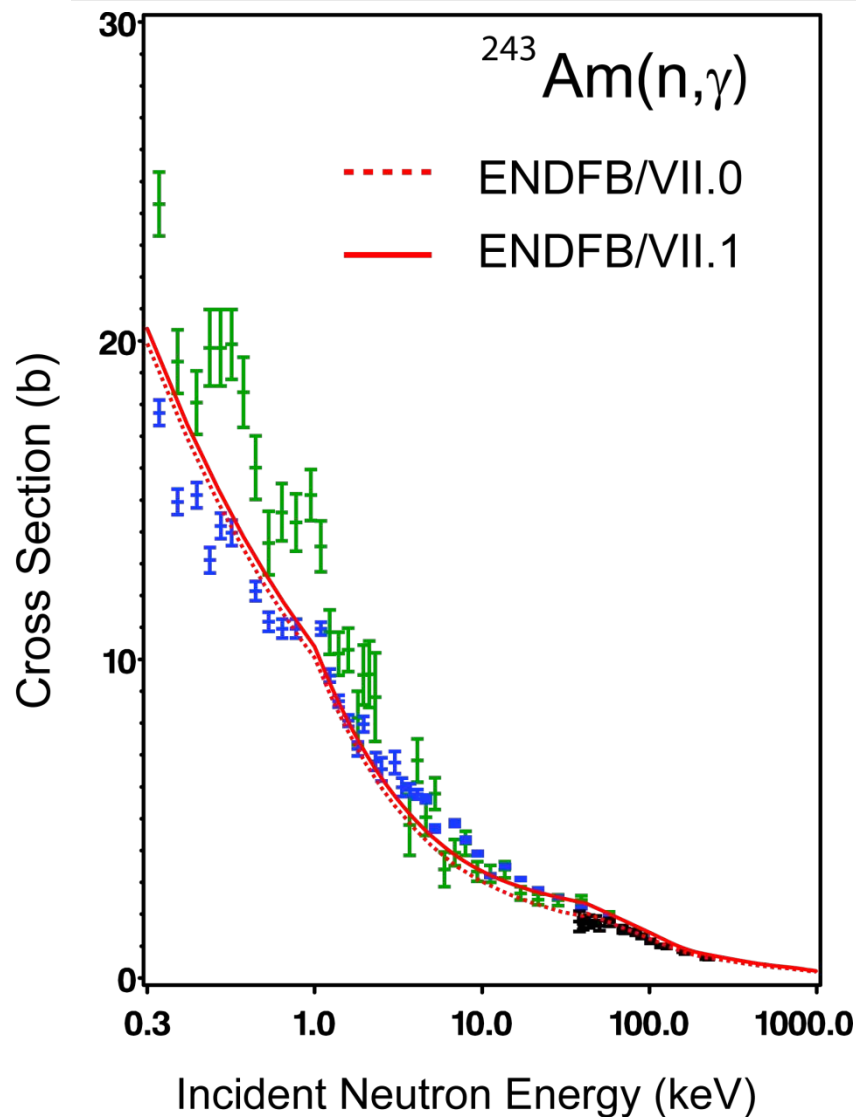
New evaluation in the thermal, resonance and URR, based on the Palmiotti and Hiruta calculations (unpublished), which reveal a 16.6% discrepancy between measured and computed capture reaction rates with ENDFB/VII.0.

Resonance parameters adopted from Mughabghab, slightly different from the ones reported by Simpson.

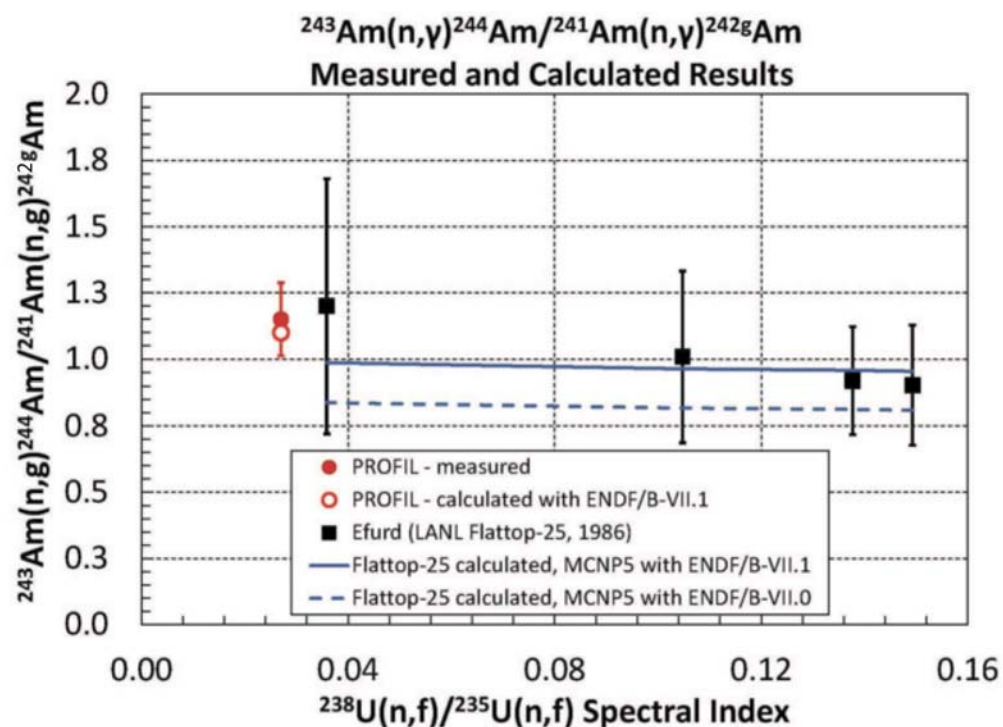
Capture data from Weston and Todd (2 discrepant data sets) were normalised to a  $\sigma_{th} = 74.8$  b thermal cross section. They have been renormalized to a new  $\sigma_{th} = 80.4 \pm 2.1$  from the recent data by Marie et al. ( $81.8 \pm 3.6$  b), Ohta et al. and the corrected data by Butler et al.

A least squares fit to the renormalized capture data (0.25 keV – 40 keV) was performed to determine s- and p-wave radiative widths.

Radiative widths	s-wave $39.1 \pm 0.6$ meV
	p-wave $68.8 \pm 4.3$ meV
Neutron Strength functions	s-wave $S=0.98$
	p-wave $S=2.6$
s-wave level spacing	$D=0.66$ eV



This shows an increase of 15.5% in the energy region between 30 and 40 keV, which “seems” to solve (unpublished) the discrepancy obtained by Palmiotti and Hiruta.



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**JENDL 3.3 (2002 V.M. Maslov – Minsk, T.Nakagawa – JAERI) [=JEFF3.12]**

$\sigma_{th}$  = 76.71 b from Maslov et al. (from Garvilov and Bak)

Resolved resonance region (0-250 eV)

Resonance parameters obtained from Simpson (transmission) and fission Seeger and Knitter.

Unresolved resonance region URR (250 eV – 42 keV)

Parameters based on Froehner et al. (ANTW1982) and Weston, Todd (NSE 1985)

Radiative widths	s-wave 43.1 meV
Neutron Strength function	s-wave S=0.834
s-wave level spacing	D=0.56 eV

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## JENDL 4.0 (2010 O. Iwamoto, T. Nakagawa, T. Ohsawa JAERI)

$\sigma_{th}$  = 79.259 b increased with respect to JENDL3.3 (referring to the measurement by Ohta et al.)

### Resolved resonance region (0-250 eV)

Resonance parameters obtained from Simpson (transmission) and fission Seeger and Knitter evaluated by Maslov/Nakagawa). Resonance parameters below 1.744 eV modified for reproducing the resonance integral by Ohta et al (Very large  $\Gamma_\gamma$  for the 1.35 eV resonance).

### Unresolved resonance region URR (250 eV – 40 keV)

Parameters calculated with ASREP code.



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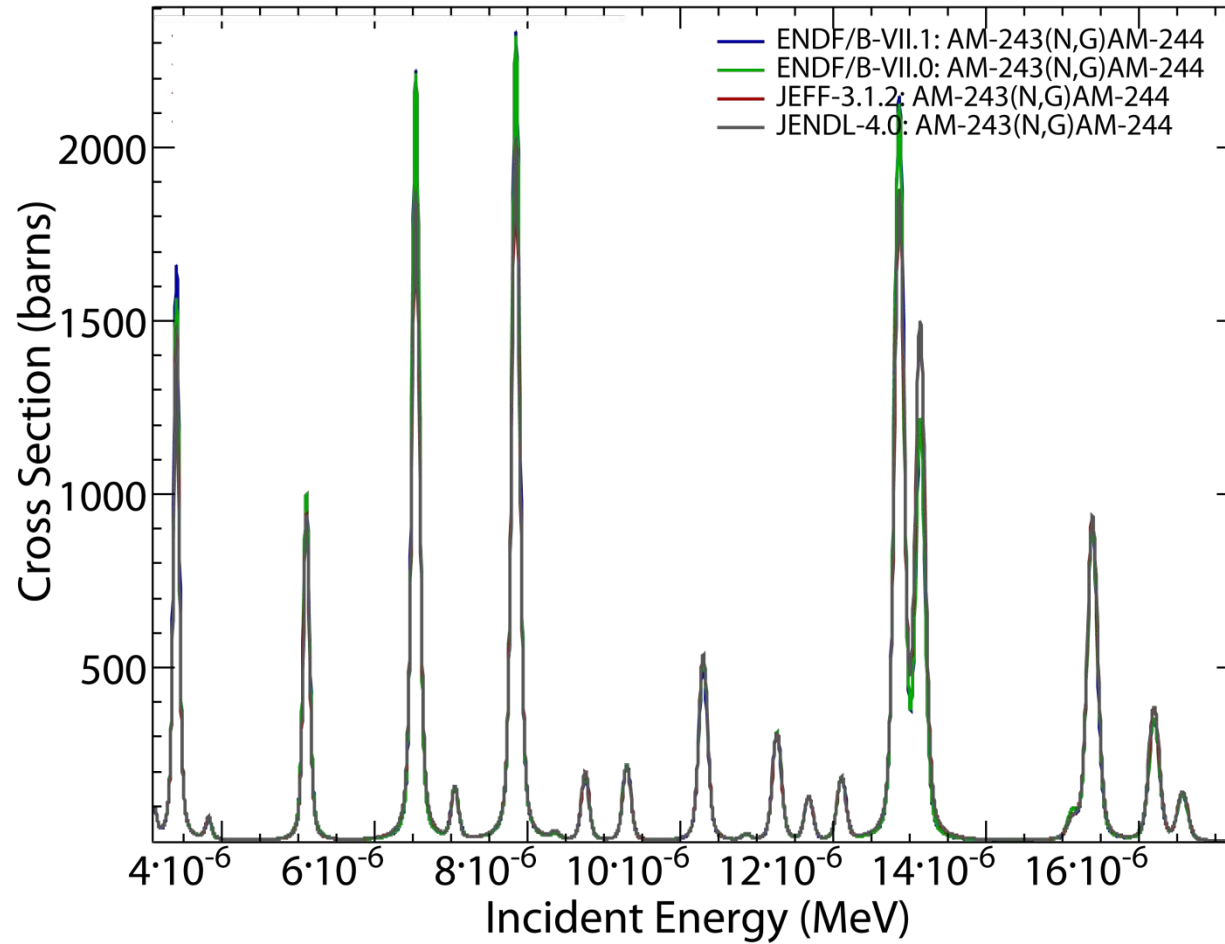
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# Resolved resonance region

ENDF Request 1712, 2012-May-22,12:25:48



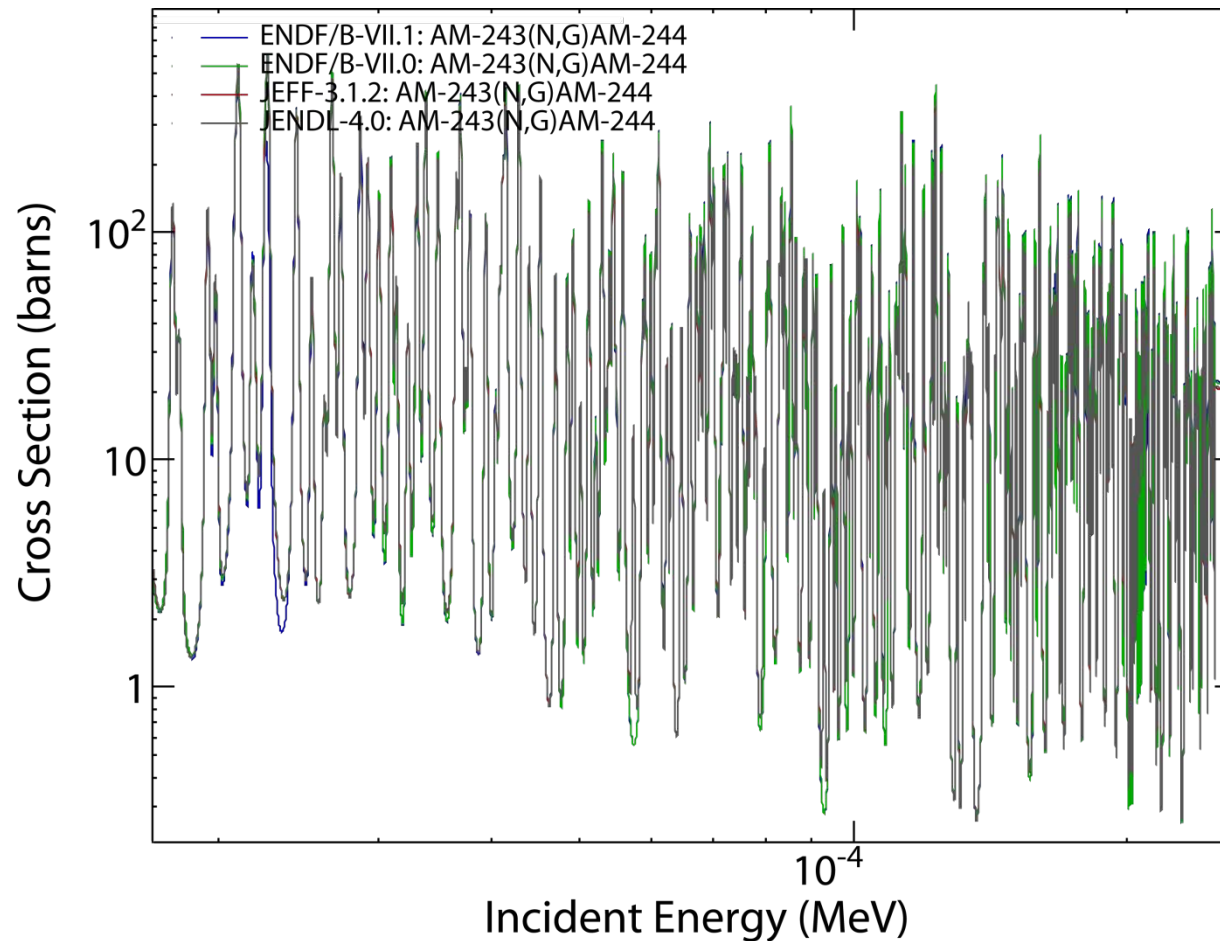
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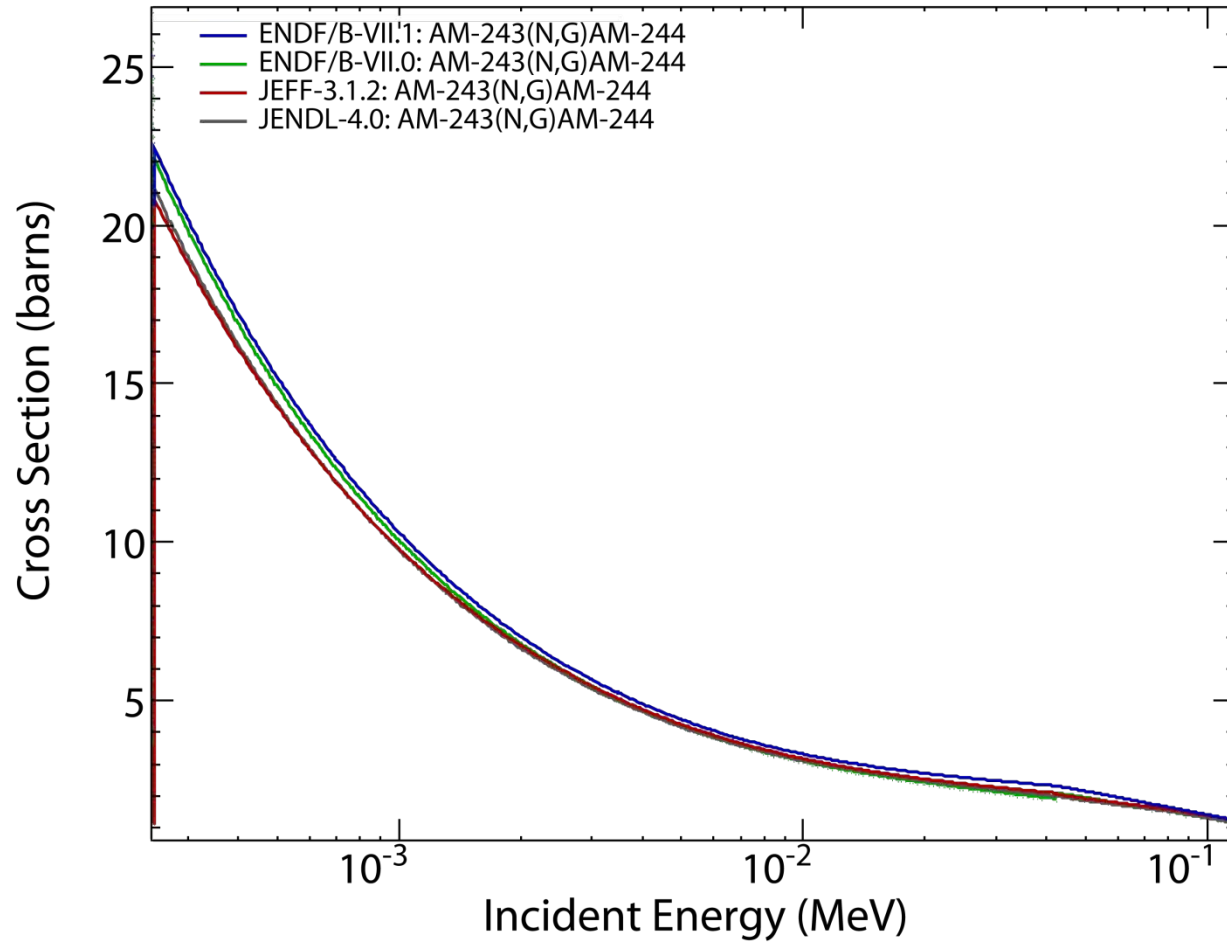
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# Resolved resonance region

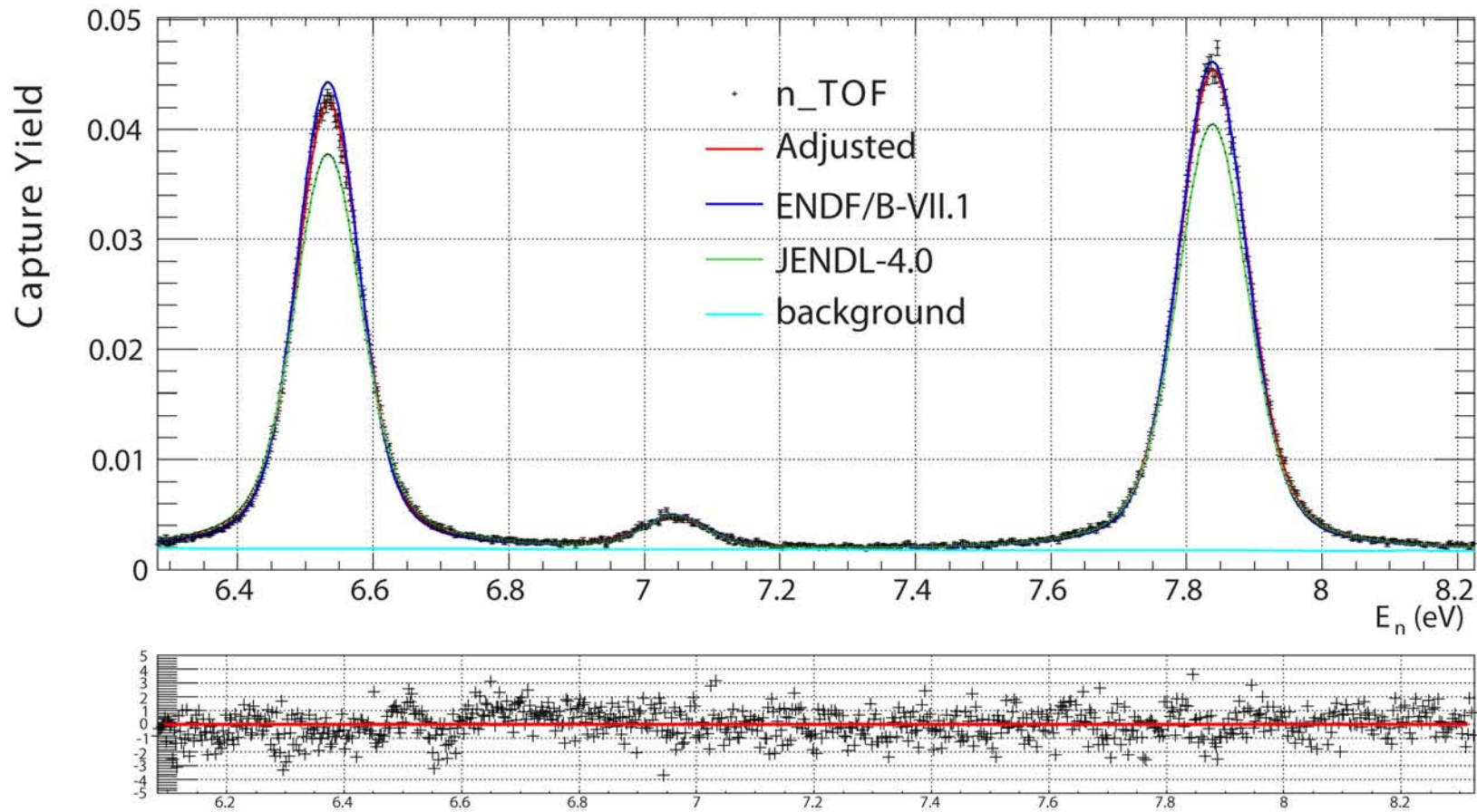


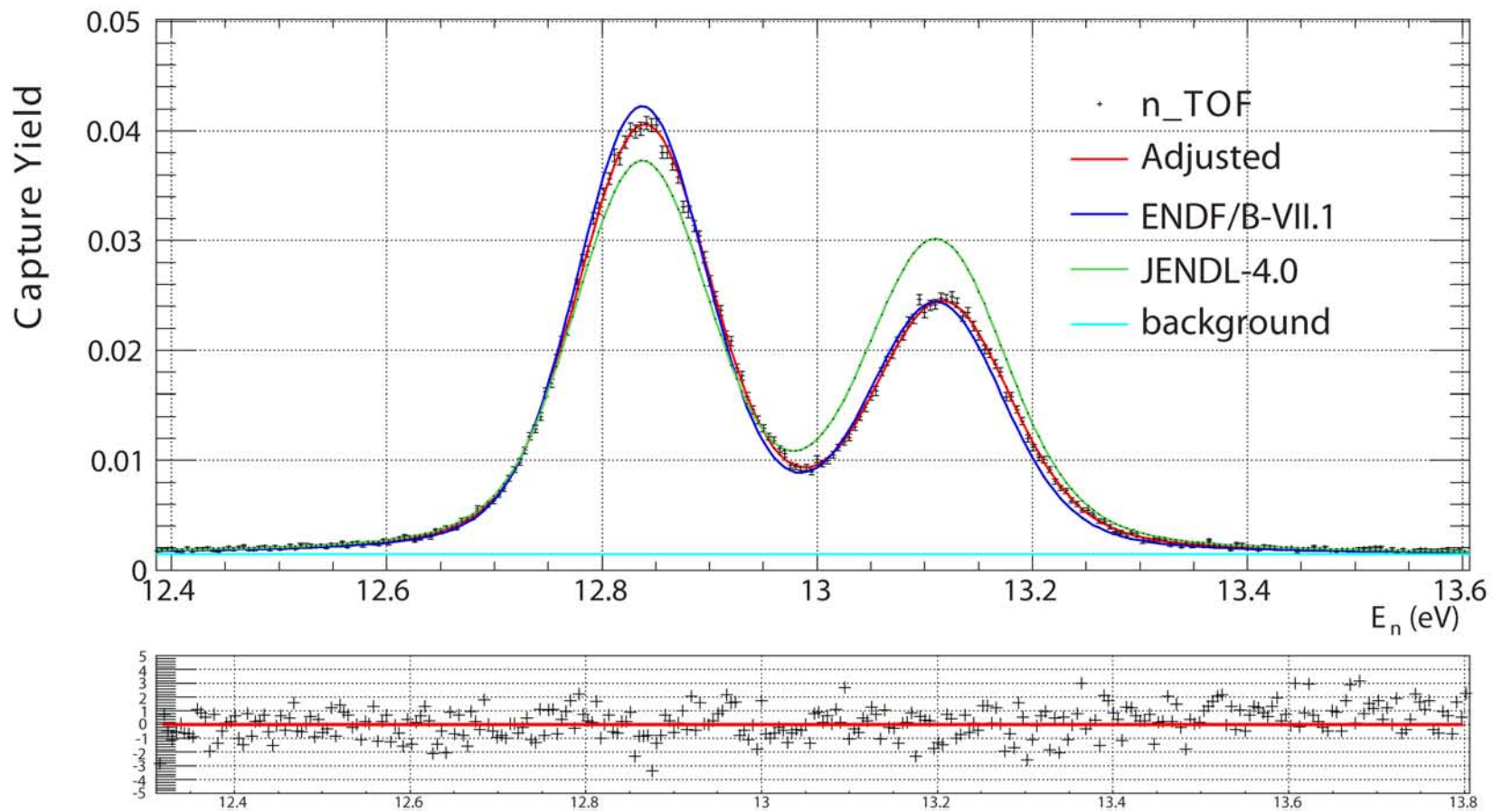
Differences are observed despite the availability of one single data set (Simpson et al.) – Maslov/Nakagawa, Mughabghab, Simpson

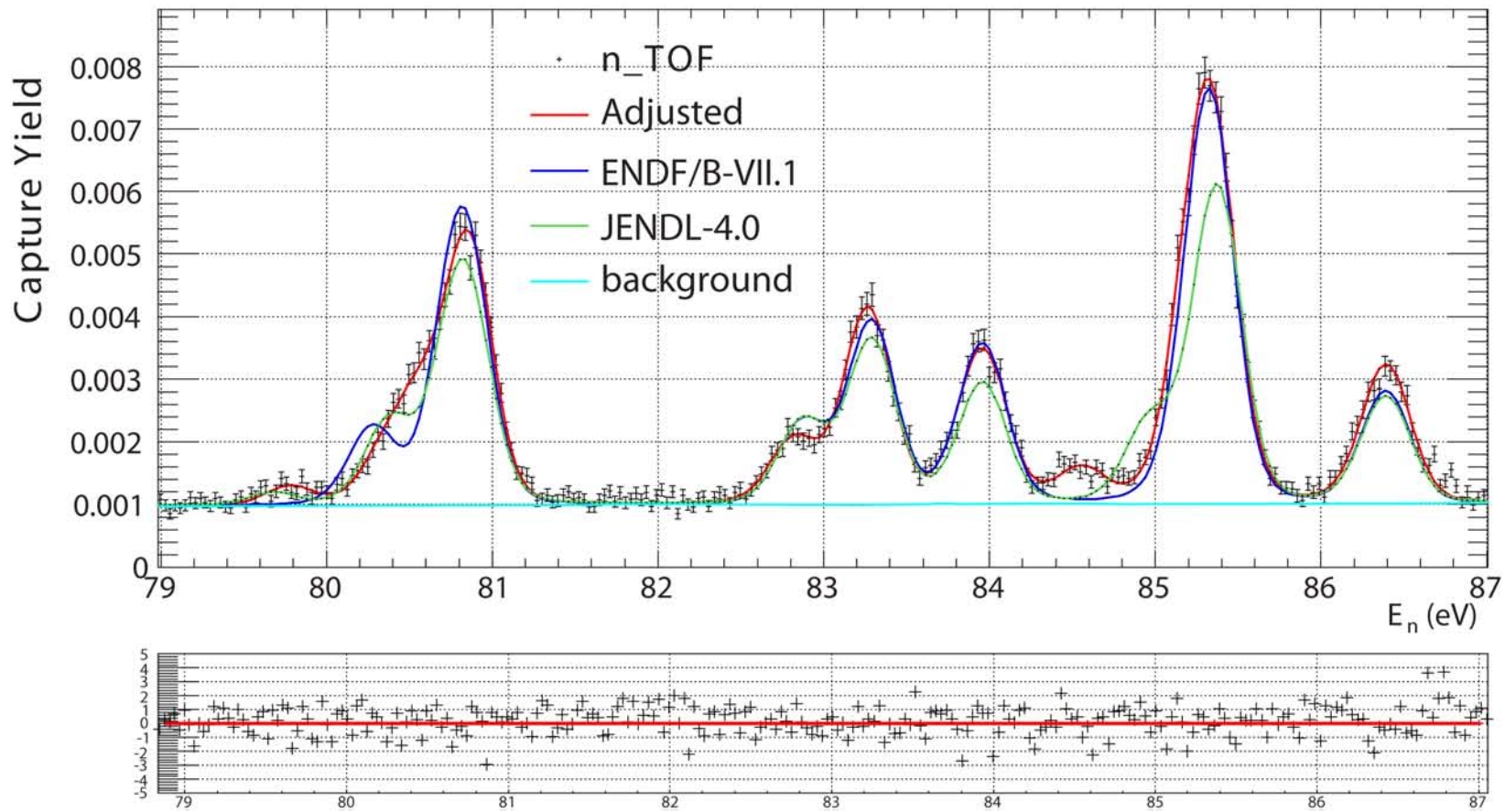
# Unresolved resonance region

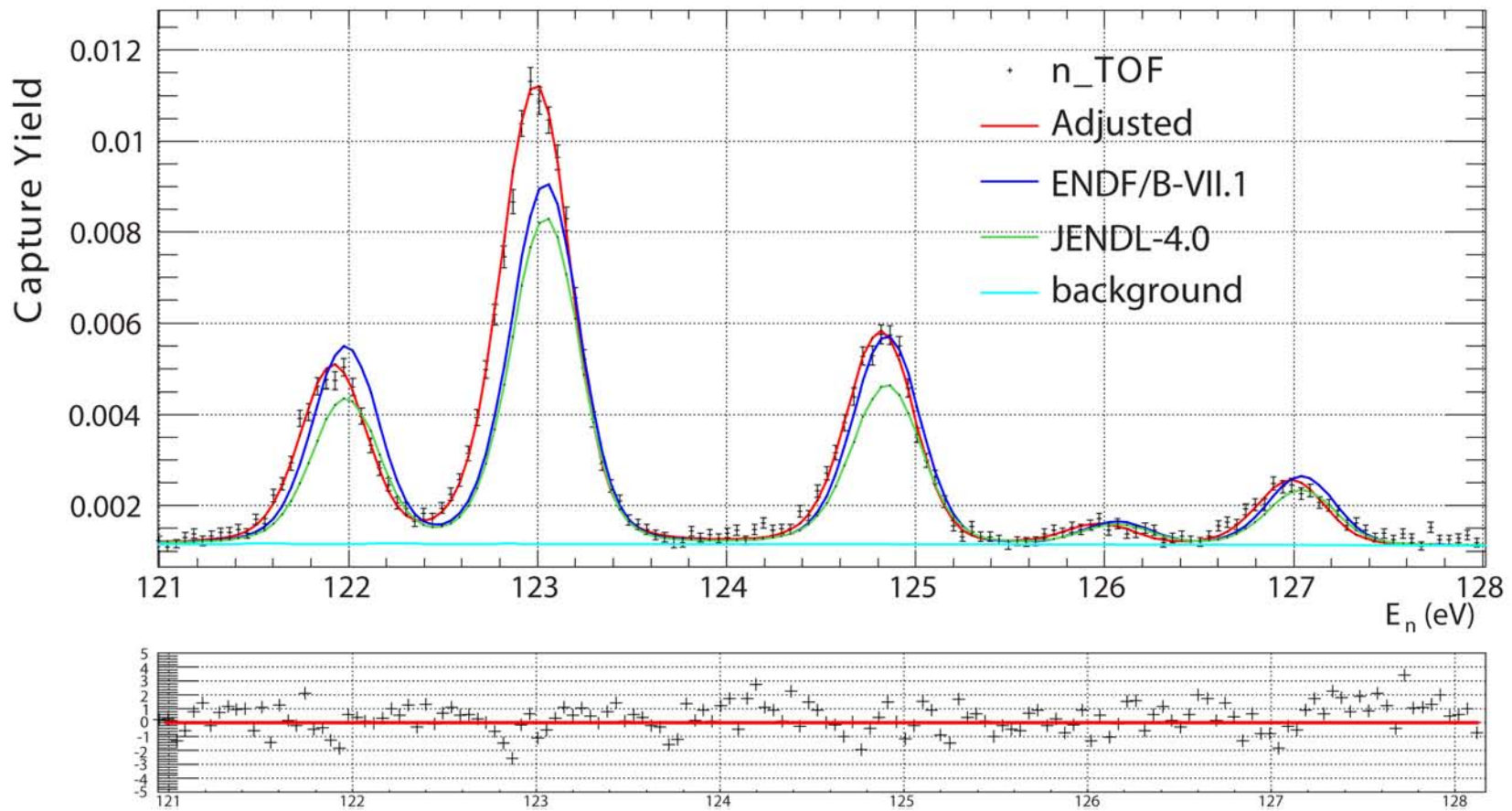


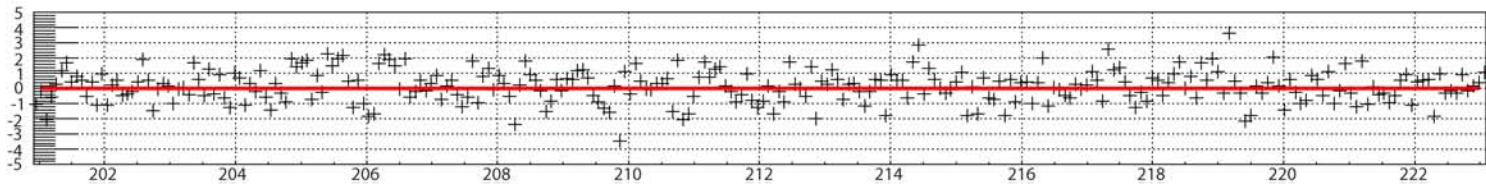
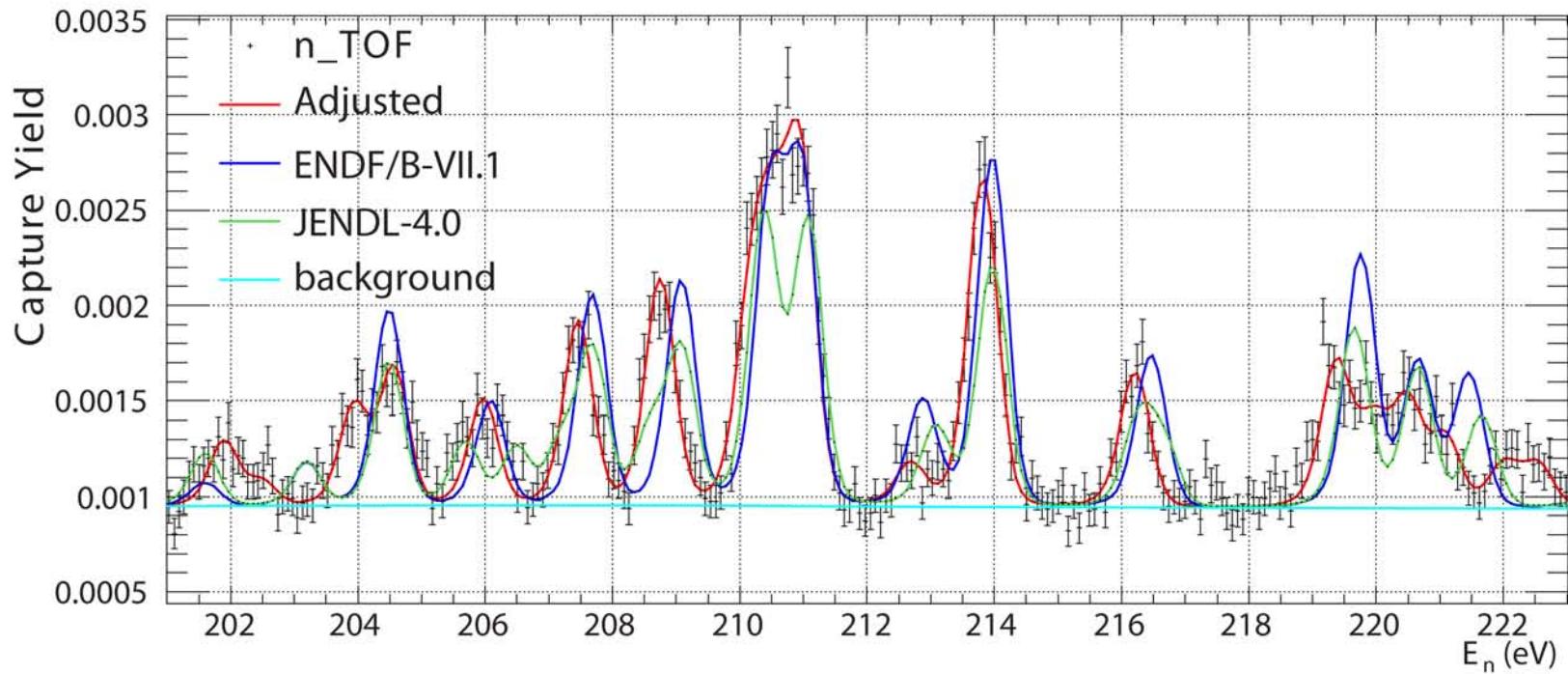
# $^{243}\text{Am}(n,\gamma)$ data measured at n\_TOF

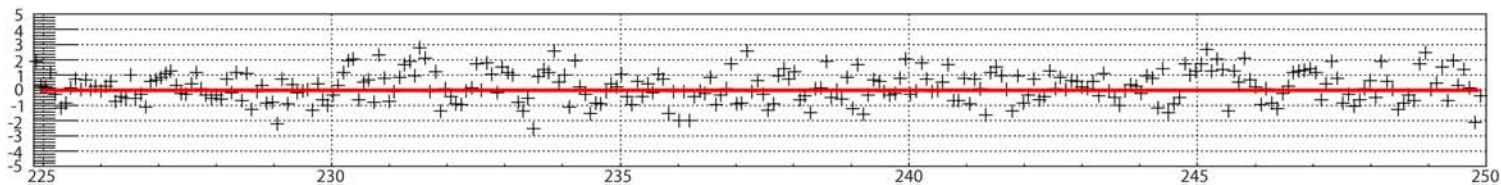
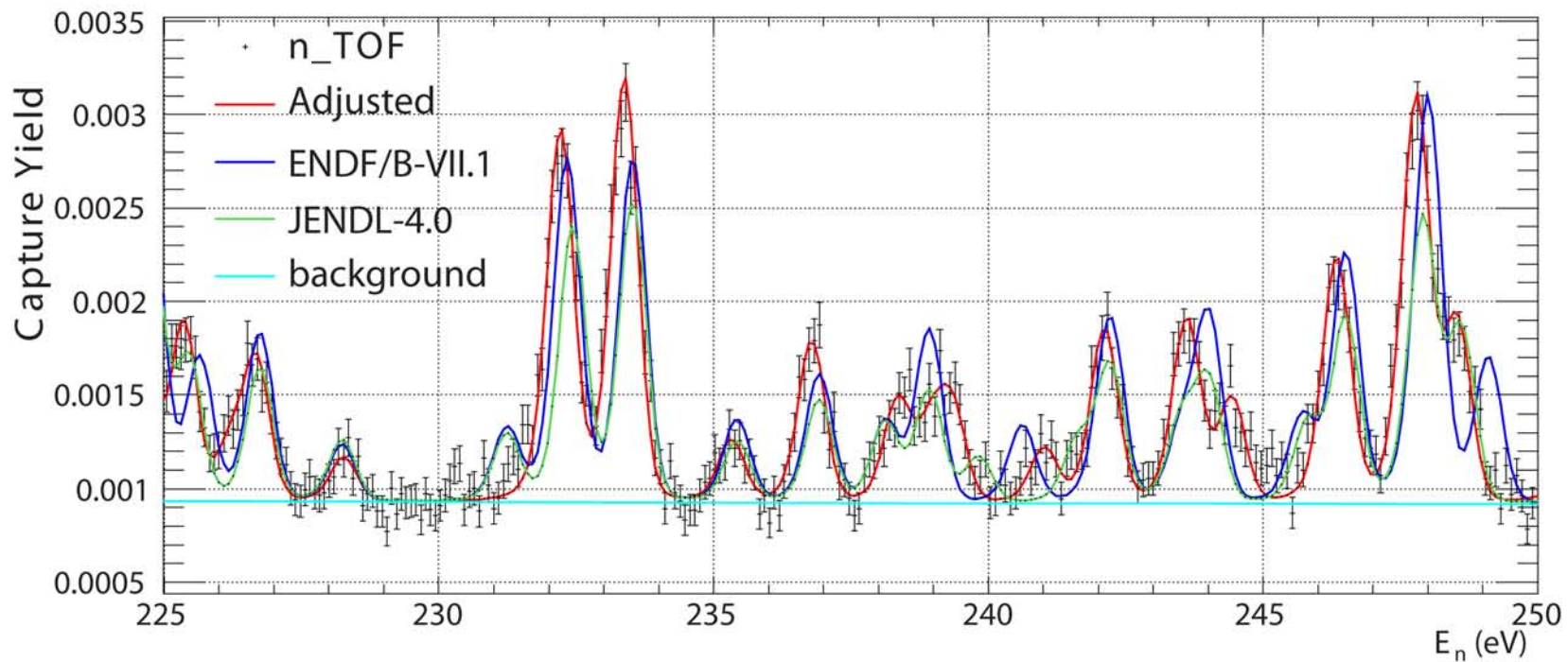


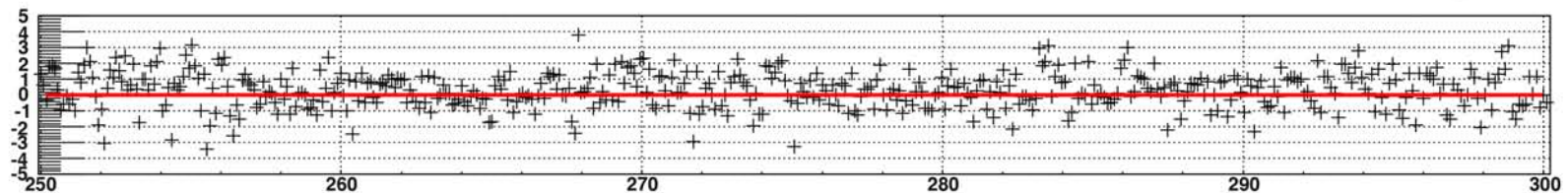
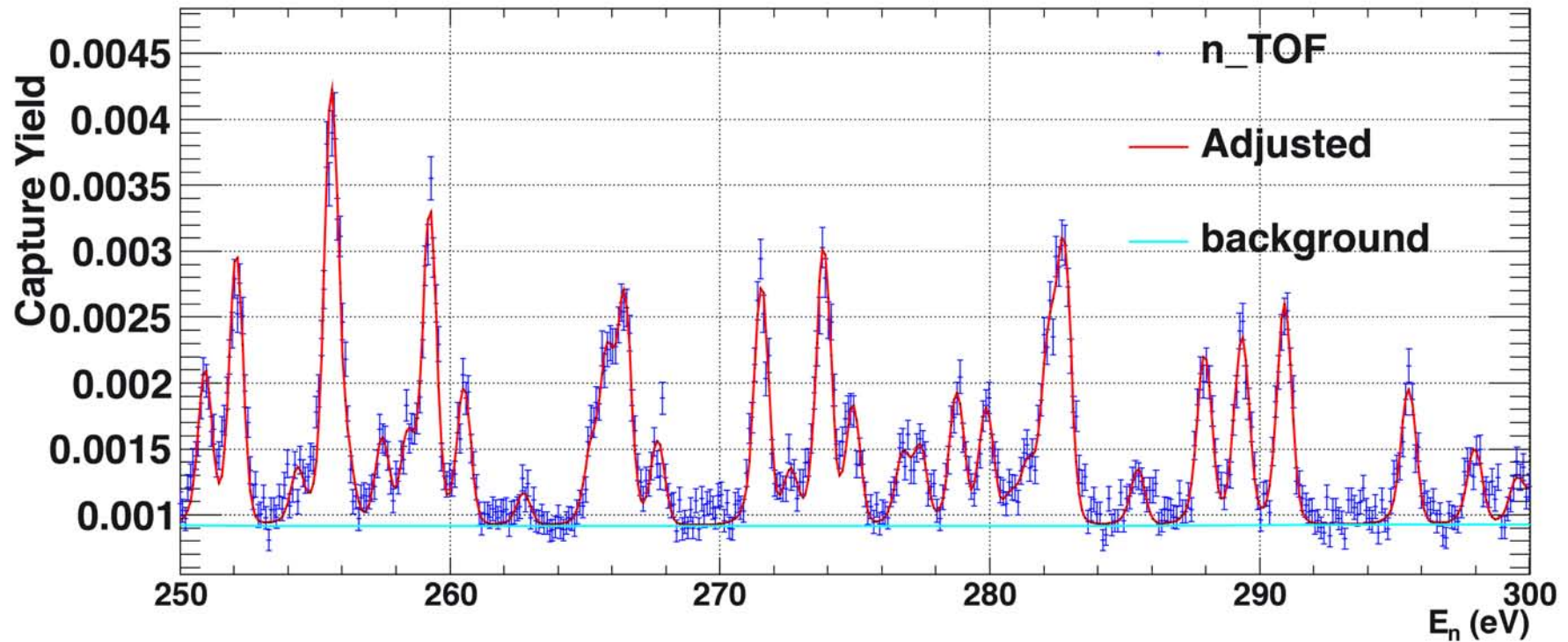


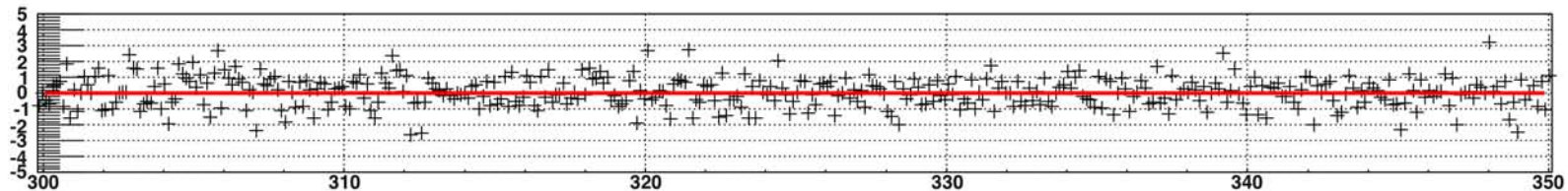
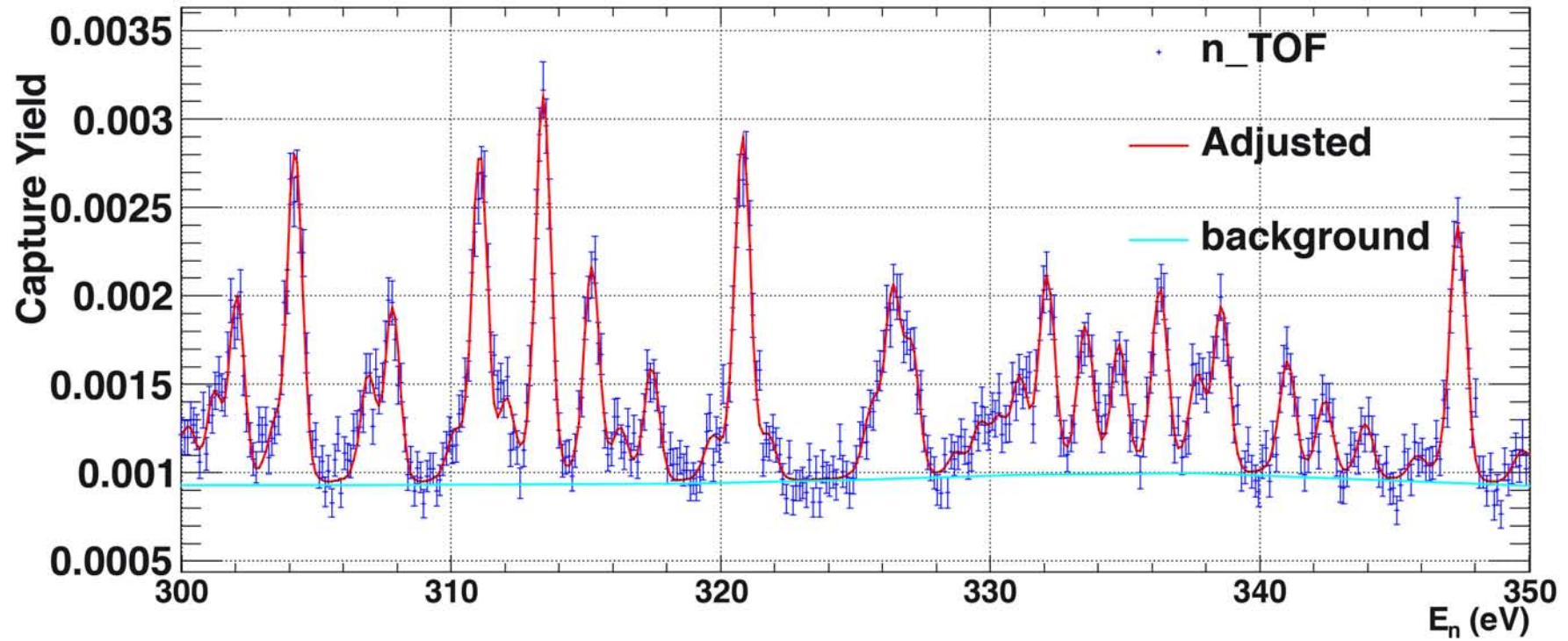


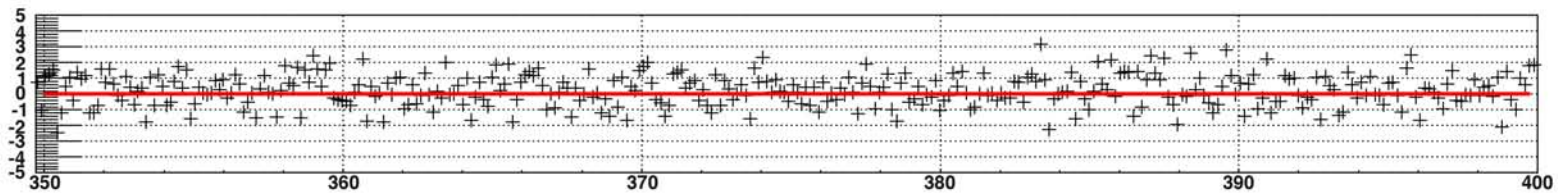
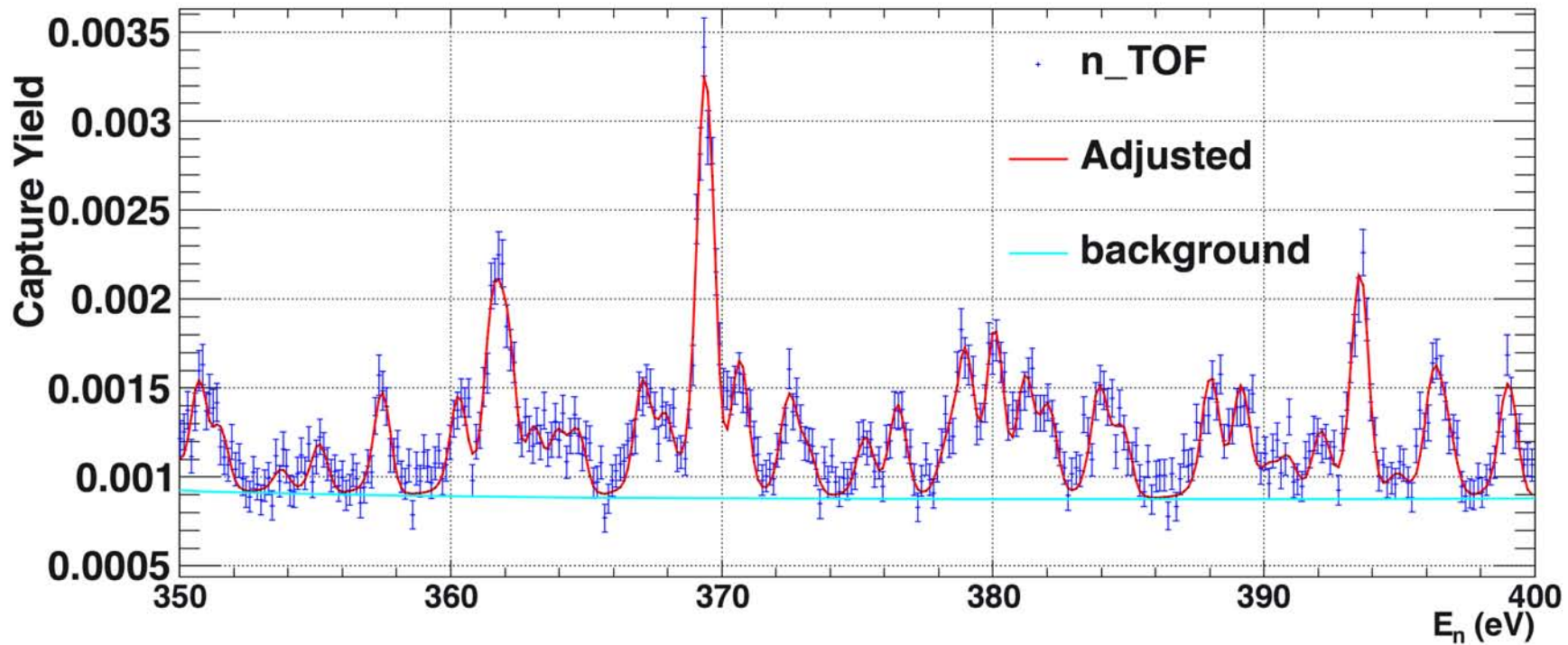


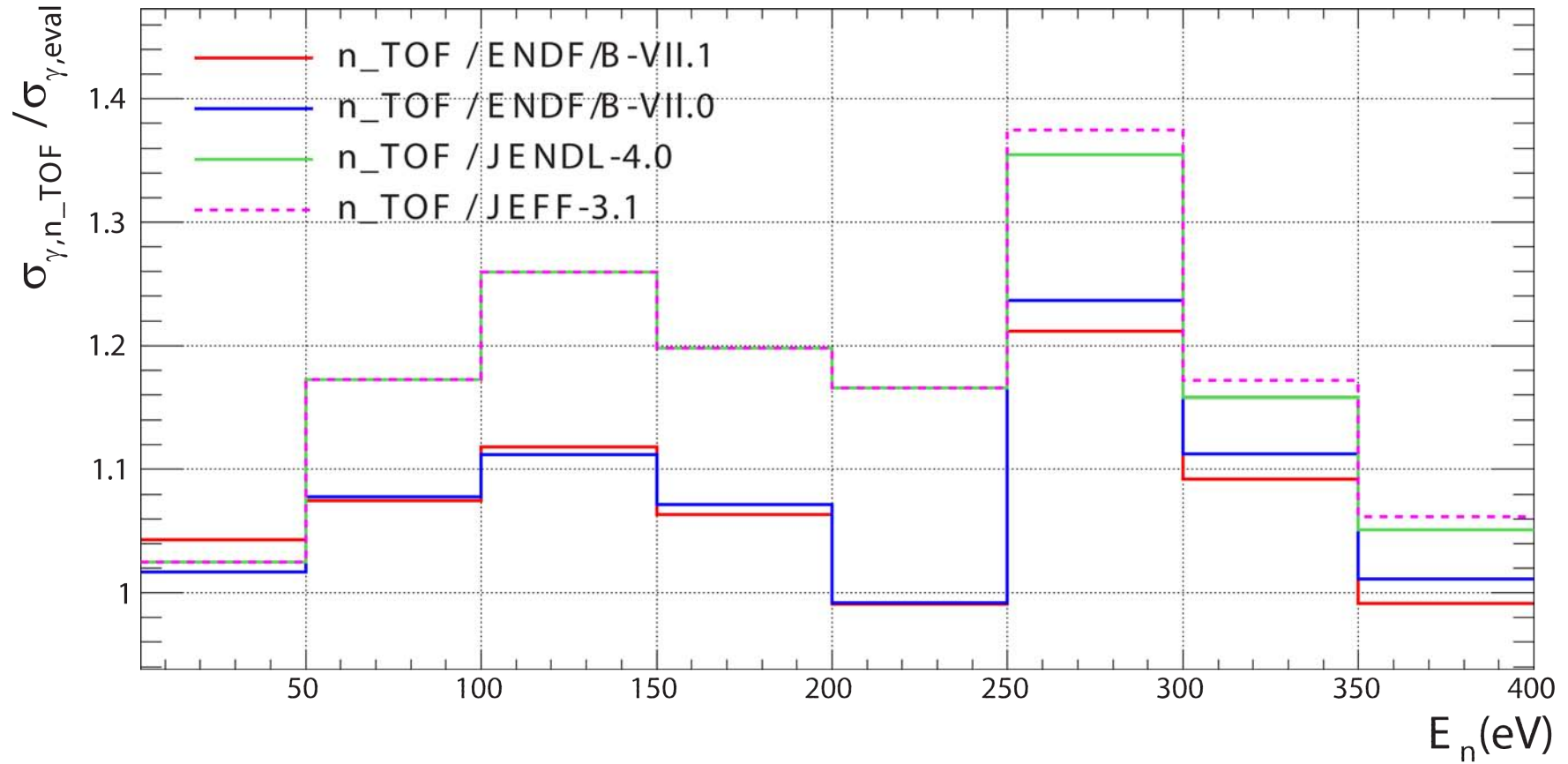






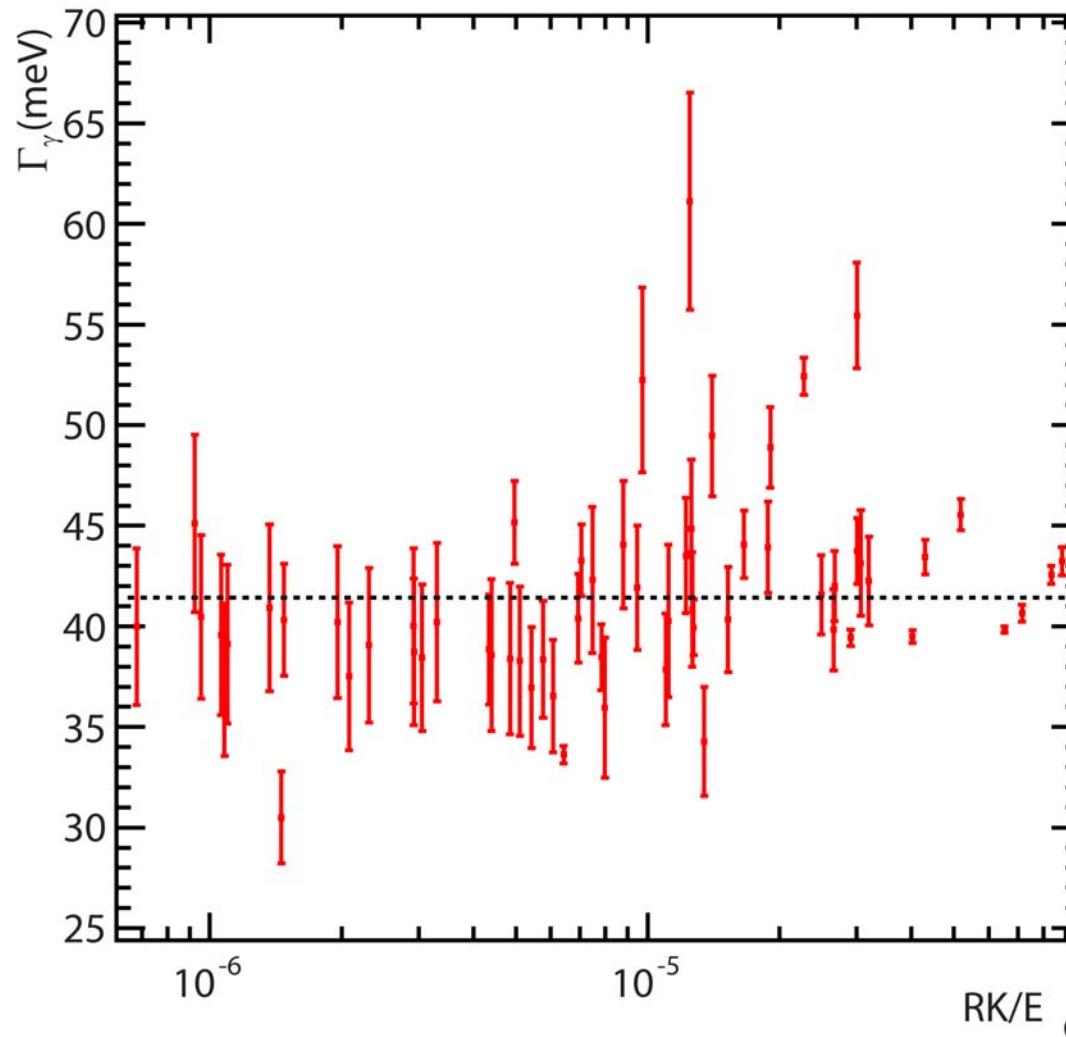






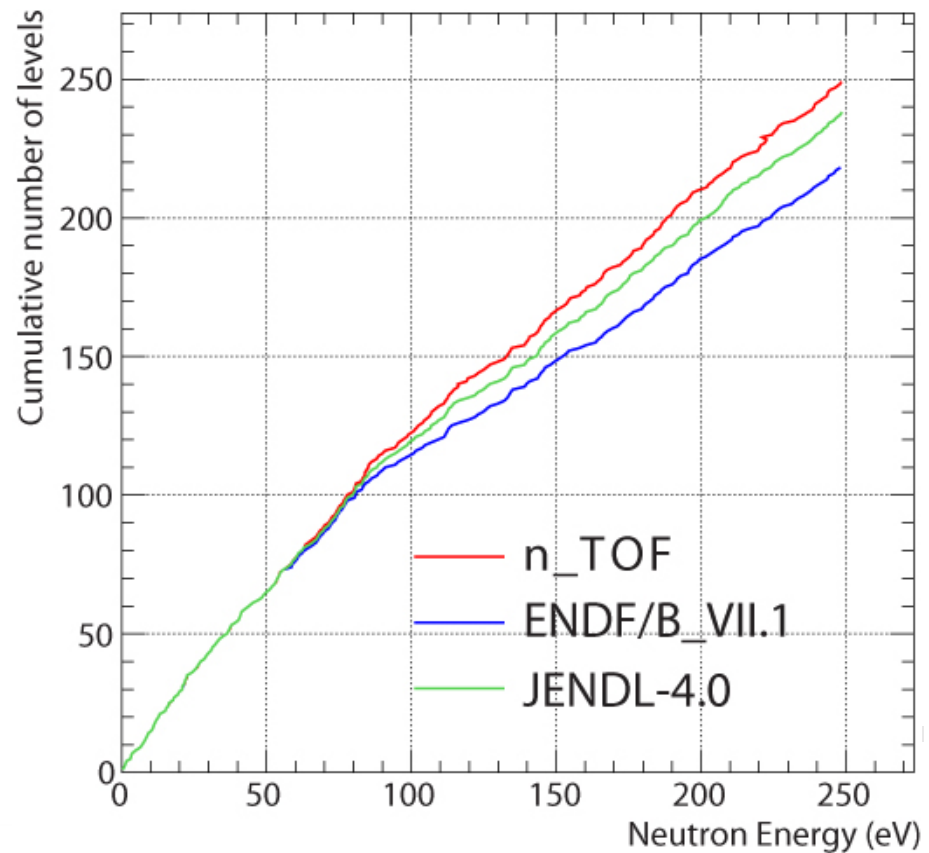
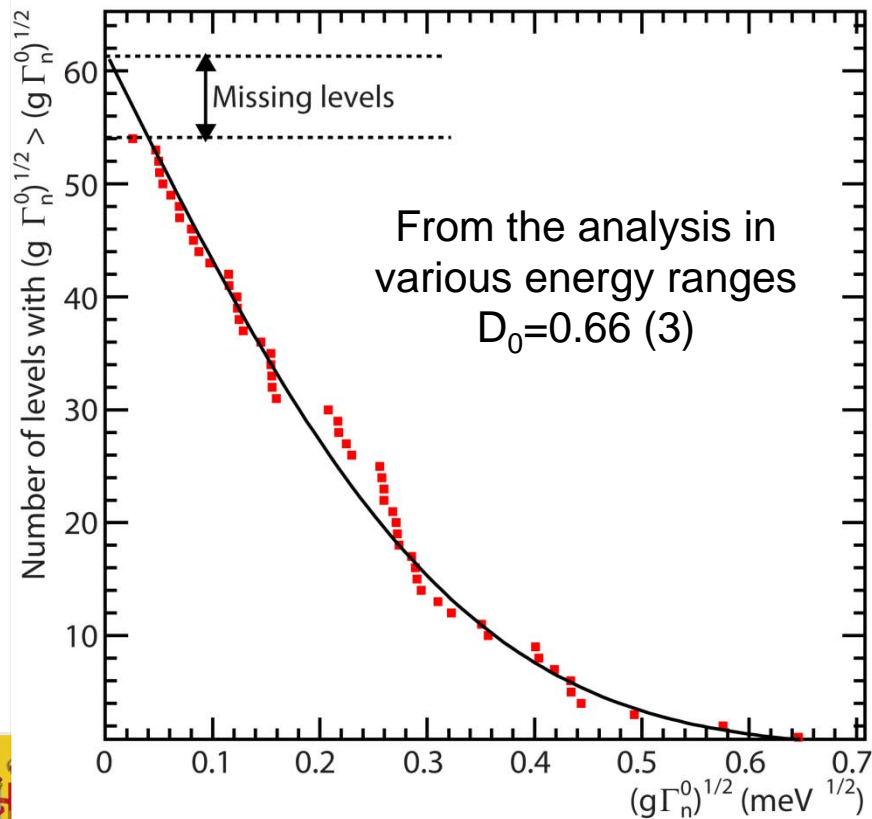
# n\_TOF data statistical analysis

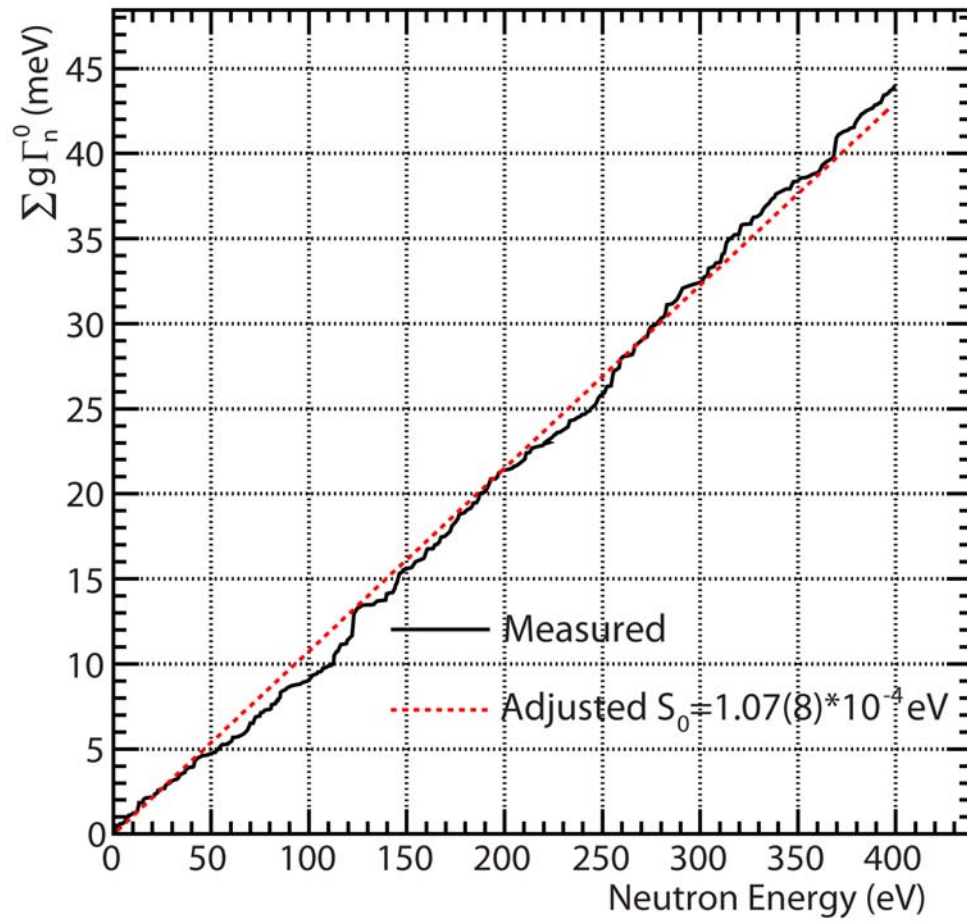
$$\langle \Gamma_\gamma \rangle = 41.33(12) \pm 0.4_T \pm 0.7_{\text{Doppler}} \pm 0.6_{\text{Inhomogeneities}}$$



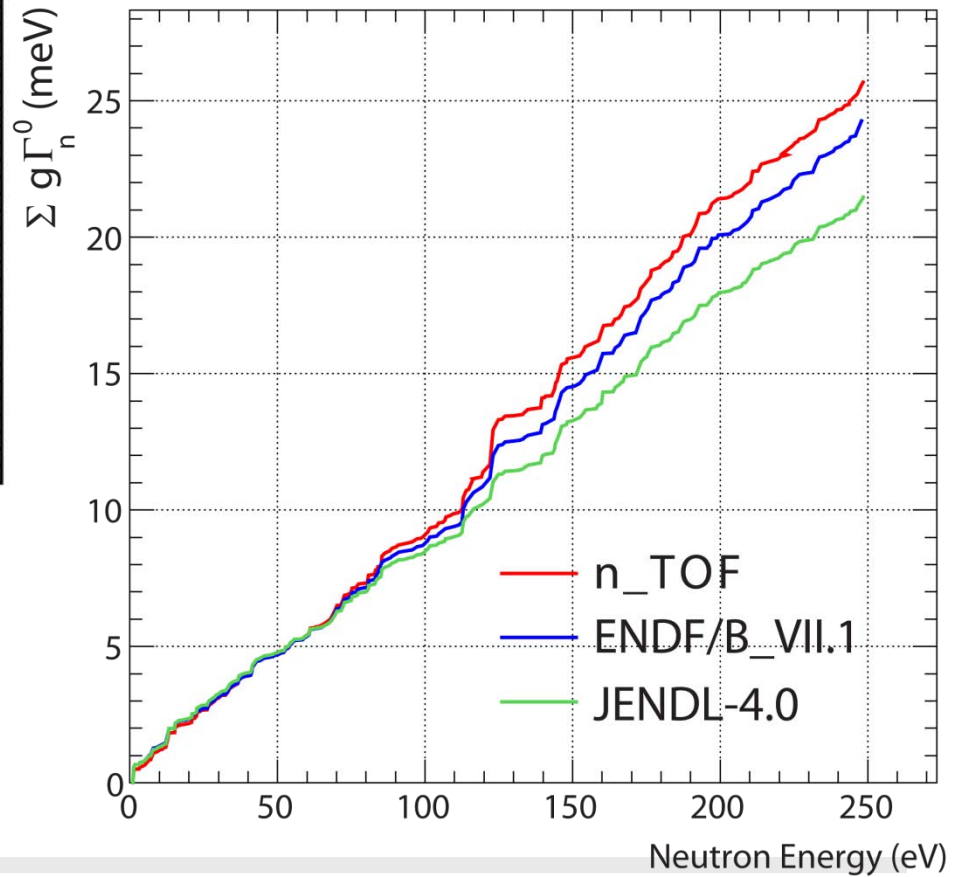
### Number of resonances

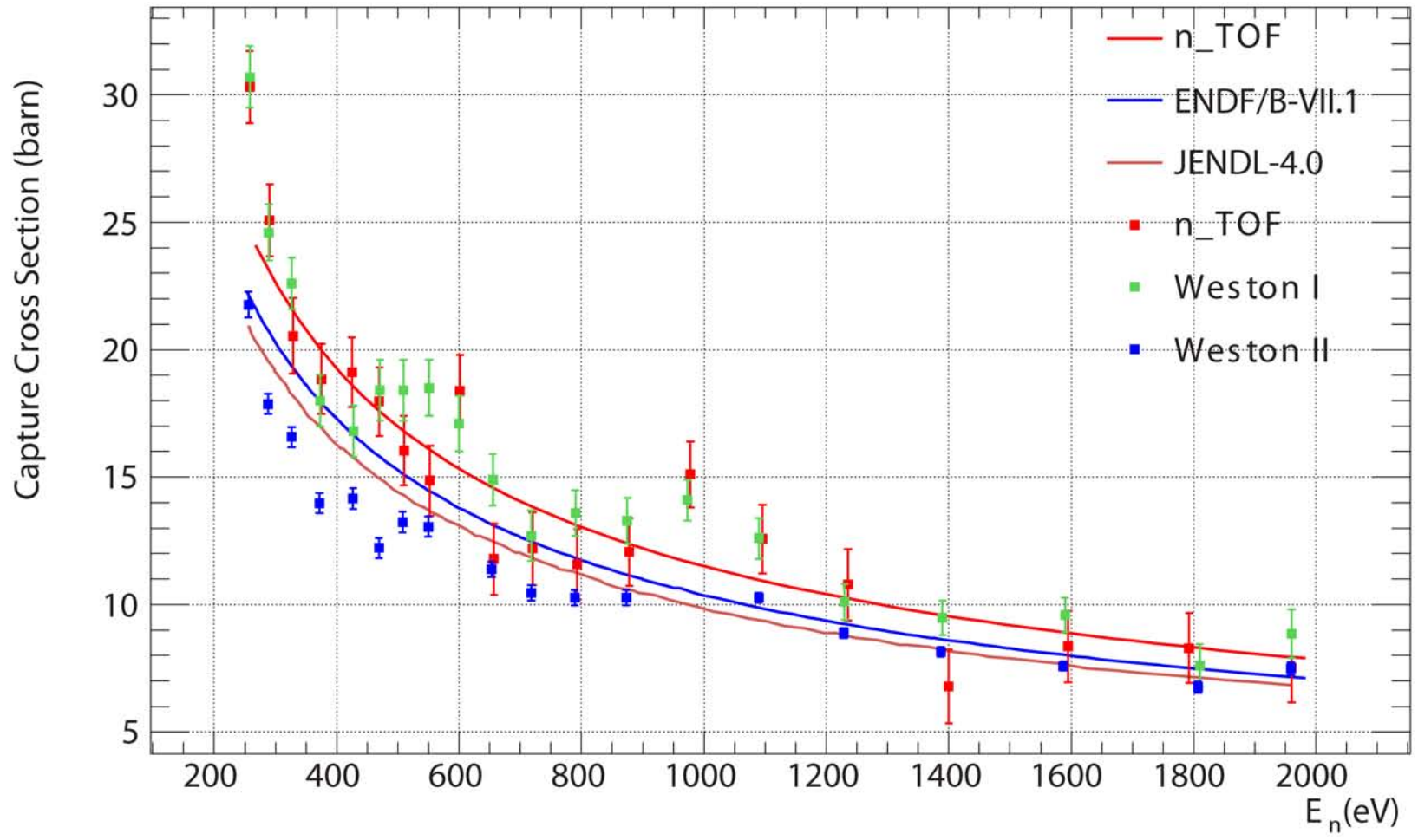
	0 – 250 eV	250 – 400 eV
ENDFB/VII.1 (Mughabghab)	218	-
JENDL-4.0 (Maslov)	238	-
n_TOF	249	104





$S_0 = 1.07(8) \cdot 10^{-4}$  eV (0.98 ENDFB/VII.1)





## Normalisation at thermal energies. Which value?

Reference	$\sigma_0$ (barn)	$I_0$ (barn)	$I_0/\sigma_0$
Hori et al. (2009)	76.6 <sup>a</sup>	1970(110)	25.7(1.5)
Marie et al. (2006)	81.8(3.6)		
Ohta et al. (2006)		2250 (250)	28(4)
Y. Hatsukawa et al. (1997)	84.4		
Garvilov et al. (1977)	83(6)	2200(150)	26.5(2.6)
Simpson et al. (1974)		1819(80) <sup>c</sup>	
Eberle et al. (1971)		1930(50) <sup>c</sup>	
Berreth et al. (1970)		1824(80) <sup>c</sup>	
Folger et al. (1968)	78	2250 <sup>d</sup>	29
Bak et al (1967)	73(6)	2300(200)	32(4)
Ice et al. (1966)	66 < $\sigma_0$ < 84		
Butler et al (1957)	73.6(1.8)	2290(50)	31(1)
Harvey et al (1954)	140(50)		
Stevens et al. (1954)	115		
Mughabghab (1984)	75.1(1.8)	1820(70)	24.2(1.1)
ENDF/B-VII.1	80.4	2051	25.5
ENDF/B-VII.0	75.1	1820	24.2
JENDL-4.0	79.3	2040	25.7
JEFF-3.1	76.7	1788	23.3

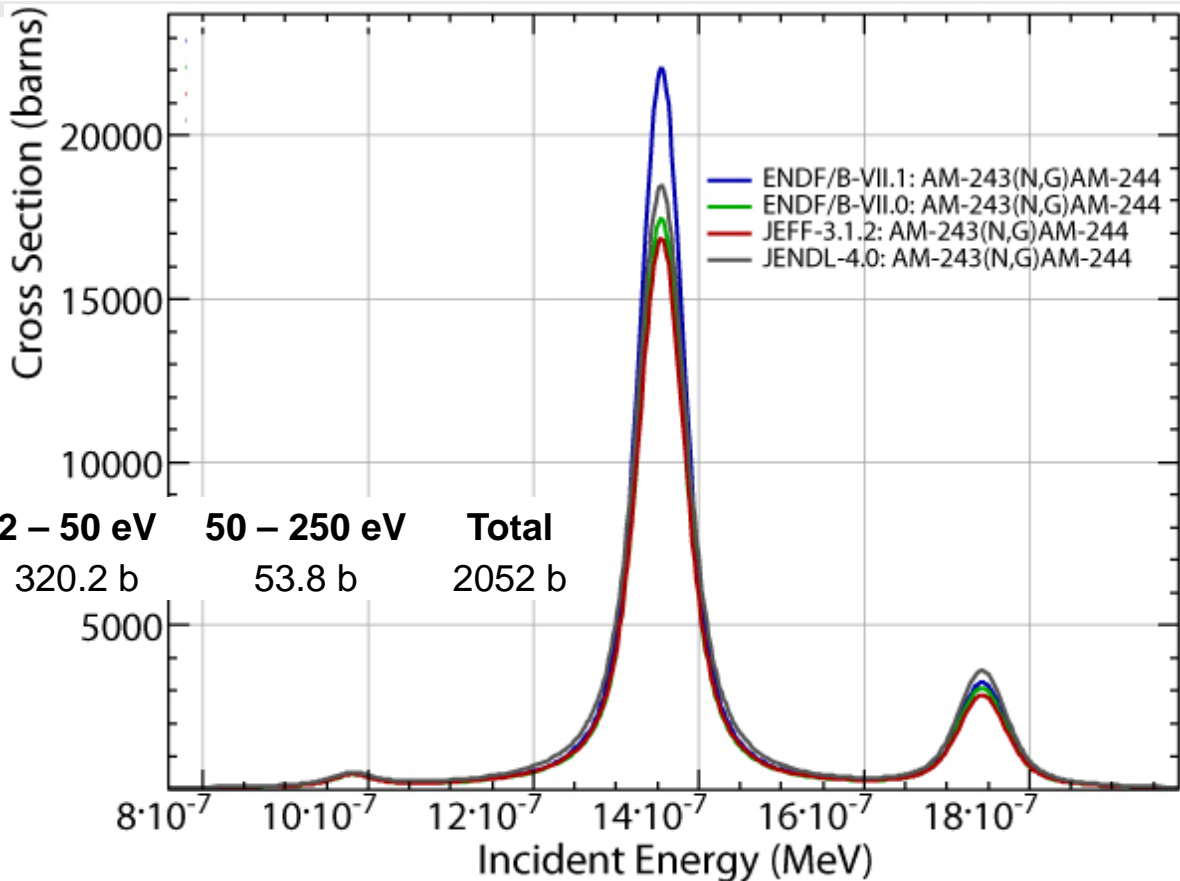
References	$\sigma_0$	$I_0$	$\hat{\sigma}$ (b)
Present result	—	—	$174.5 \pm 5.3$
JENDL-3.3 (2002) <sup>14)</sup>	76.7	1787	$150 \pm 8$
Mughabghab (1984) <sup>15)</sup>	$75.1 \pm 1.8$	$1820 \pm 70$	$150 \pm 9$
Marie <i>et al.</i> (2006) <sup>16)</sup>	$81.8 \pm 3.6$	(1800) (2250)	(156) (174)

- \*The effective cross section with the quantity in Westcott's convention  $r\sqrt{T/T_0} = 0.037 \pm 0.004$ .

$$\hat{\sigma} = \sigma_0 g G_{th} + r \sqrt{\frac{T}{T_0}} \cdot \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} (I_0 - 0.45\sigma_0) G_{epi}.$$

# The 1.35 eV resonance issue (resonance integrals)

The resonance integral data depend largely on the 1.35 eV resonance parameters, which do vary significantly from library to library.



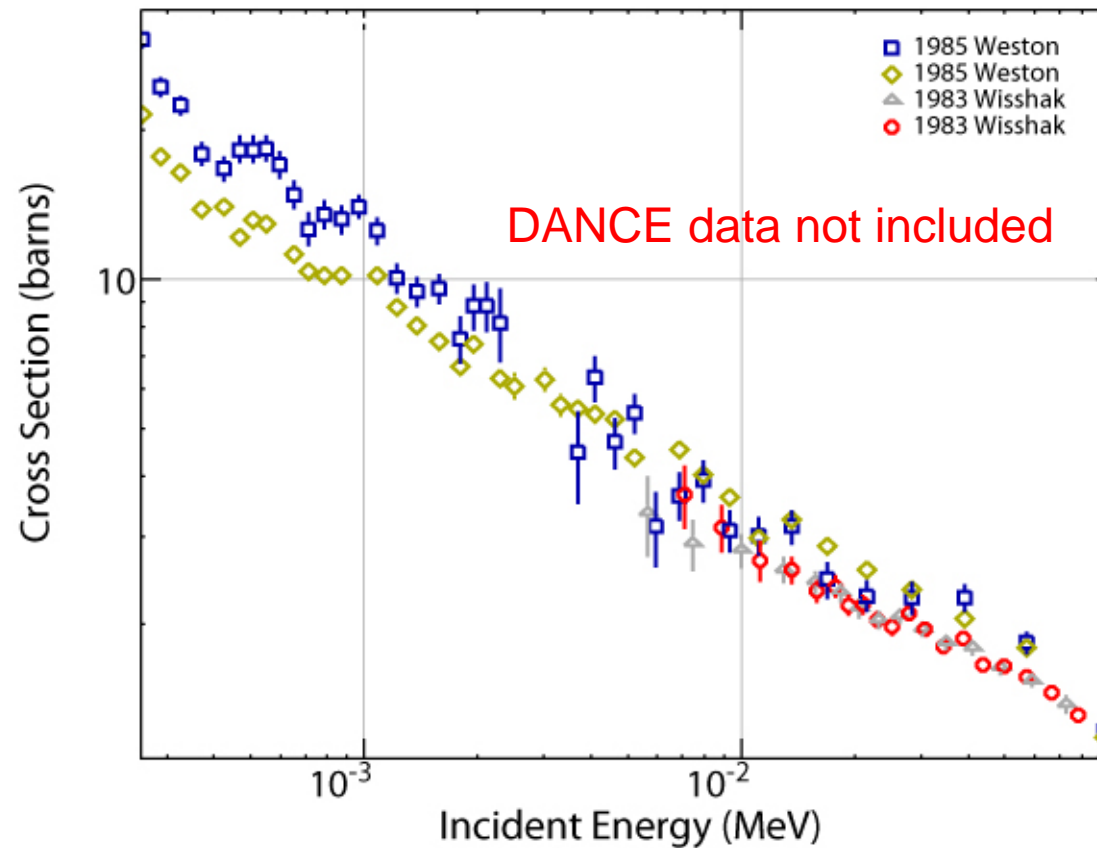
$\int \sigma/E$	0.5 – 1 eV	1 – 2 eV	2 – 50 eV	50 – 250 eV	Total
ENDFB/VII.1	59.2 b	<b>1576.2 b</b>	320.2 b	53.8 b	2052 b

	$\Gamma_\gamma$ (meV)	$\Gamma_n$ (meV)	Formalism	Year
ENDFB/VII.1	38.6	1.133	MLBW	2011
ENDFB/VII.0	43.0	1.11	SLBW	2006
JENDL-4	<b>50</b>	1.1	MLBW	2010
JENDL-3.3	45.147	0.9372	MLBW	2002
JEFF3.1.2	45.147	0.9372	MLBW	2012



# Improve the data in the URR

95-AM-243(N,G)95-AM-244  
EXFOR Request: 396/1, 2012-May-11 13:40:22



# Summary and conclusions

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The Weston (n, $\gamma$ ) data are normalised to thermal and the two data sets are discrepant in the keV region. Weston data are ~10% above Wisshak data in the region of overlap.

Thermal cross section data are scattered and do not necessarily agree (even the recent measurements) and there is no clear choice about which should be used from the point of view of the data.

Possible clues on the 1.35 eV resonance issue:  
Resonance parameters from the DANCE and KURRI data.

New future measurements:

- A new transmission measurement (no uncertainties are available for the Simpson data).
- A new capture measurement with  $C_6D_6$  detectors in the keV region (for example, at n\_TOF experimental area 2).