

“WalletCraft” - Object-oriented databasing for nuclear data

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Nuclear Wallet Cards (print version)

NUCLEAR WALLET CARDS

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Nuclear Wallet Cards

Nuclide	Z	El	A	J π	Q (MeV)	T $\frac{1}{2}$, Γ , or Abundance	Decay Mode
92 U	221	(9/2+)	24.6s	700 ns			
	222	0+	24.3s	1.0 μ s +12-4			α
	223		25.84	18 μ s +10-5			α , ϵ 0.2%
	224	0+	25.71	0.9 ms 3			α
	225		27.38	95 ms 15			α
	226	0+	27.33	0.35 s 15			α
	227	(3/2+)	29.02	1.1 m 1			α
	228	0+	29.22	9.1 m 2			α > 95%, ϵ < 5%
	229	(3/2+)	31.209	58 m 3			ϵ \approx 80%, α \approx 20%
	230	0+	31.613	20.8 d			α , SF < 1 \times 10 ⁻¹⁰ %, 22Ne 5 \times 10 ⁻¹² %
	231	(5/2-)	33.807	4.2 d 1			ϵ , α \approx 4.0 \times 10 ⁻³ %
	232	0+	34.604	68.9 y 4			α , SF 3 \times 10 ⁻¹² %
	233	5/2+	36.921	1.592 \times 10 ⁵ y 2			α , 24Ne 9 \times 10 ⁻¹⁰ %, SF < 6 \times 10 ⁻¹¹ %, 28Mg < 1. \times 10 ⁻¹³ %
	234	0+	38.148	2.455 \times 10 ⁵ y 6 0.0054% 5			α , SF 1.6 \times 10 ⁻⁹ %, Mg 1 \times 10 ⁻¹¹ %, Ne 9 \times 10 ⁻¹² %
	235	7/2-	40.921	7.04 \times 10 ⁸ y 1 0.7204% 6			α , SF 7.0 \times 10 ⁻⁹ %, 28Mg 8. \times 10 ⁻¹⁰ %, Ne \approx 8. \times 10 ⁻¹⁰ %
	235m	1/2+	40.921	\approx 26 m			IT
	236	0+	42.447	2.342 \times 10 ⁷ y 4			α , SF 9.4 \times 10 ⁻⁸ %
	237	1/2+	45.393	6.75 d 1			β -
	238	0+	47.310	4.468 \times 10 ⁹ y 3 99.2742% 10			α , SF 5.5 \times 10 ⁻⁵ %
	239	5/2+	50.575	23.45 m 2			β -
	240	0+	52.716	14.1 h 1			β -
	241		56.2s				β -?
	242	0+	58.6s	16.8 m 5			β -
	243		62.4s				

Nuclear Wallet Cards (online)

www.nndc.bnl.gov/wallet



Wallet Card Lookup by Element

0 N	1 H																2 He	
	3 Li	4 Be										5 B	6 C	7 N	8 O	9 F	10 Ne	
	11 Na	12 Mg										13 Al	14 Si	15 P	16 S	17 Cl	18 Ar	
	19 K	20 Ca	21 Sc	22 Ti	23 V	24 Cr	25 Mn	26 Fe	27 Co	28 Ni	29 Cu	30 Zn	31 Ga	32 Ge	33 As	34 Se	35 Br	36 Kr
	37 Rb	38 Sr	39 Y	40 Zr	41 Nb	42 Mo	43 Tc	44 Ru	45 Rh	46 Pd	47 Ag	48 Cd	49 In	50 Sn	51 Sb	52 Te	53 I	54 Xe

WalletCraft: Motivation

- Need system to speed & streamline updates of Nuclear Wallet Cards
- Synchronize ENSDF evaluation & Wallet Cards updates
- Uniform calculation of mean half-lives, etc.
- Store
 - Source data: measured values from publications
 - Evaluated quantities
 - Comments, notes, etc. separated from numerical data; all numerical data in numerical fields
- Version tracking
 - Freeze “evaluation” versions
 - Tag “publication” versions
- Shorten time to publish a version
- Test for future new ENSDF database

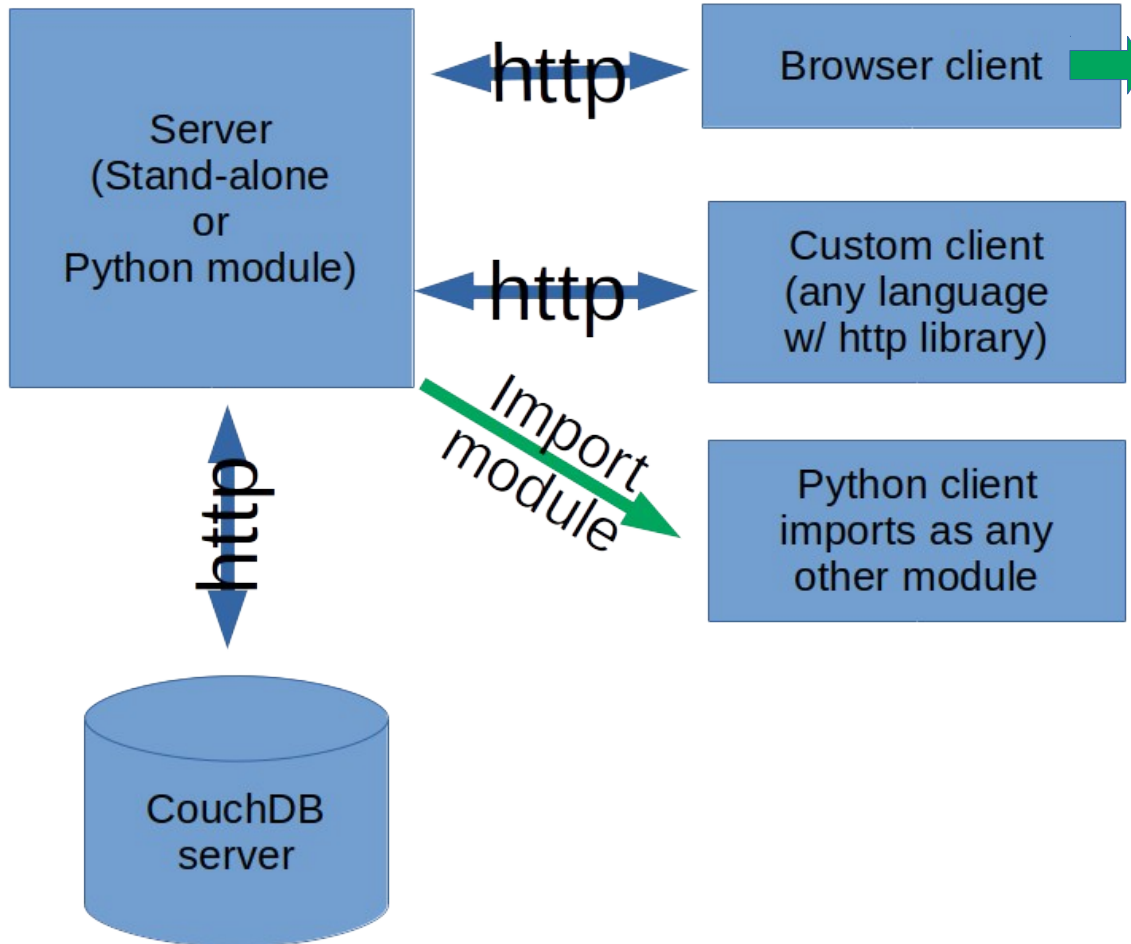
Why object-oriented database?

- Variety of data types
 - Float, int, etc.
 - List, dict, etc.
 - Long-form text
 - Documents
 - Images (e.g. plots)
 - Binary data
- Expansible without disruptive changes to format
- Simplicity paradigm: “Store together what you access together”

WalletCraft: Server-side design overview

- CouchDB license is very permissive (Apache)
- Server side in Python3
- Simple http request system allows any number of different UI's
 - Returns and accepts data payloads as JSON (not html)
 - Any client or browser makes same http requests
 - *Any language* (Even Bash!)
- Handles multiple users safely
(Don't lose your work because another user makes changes)
- Does not raise standard http errors—errors are returned in data payload
(Simpler for developers to understand)

Flexible design



T_{1/2}

Evaluation:

Is this stable?

NSR Key	T _{1/2} & Δs	Experimental Technique	Comments
1984la03	20 + 10 - 10 ms	A	X
2015raAA	49 + 7 - 7 ms	A	X

+ Add measurement

Calculations

Type:

Evaluated Value: s

+

-

Add comment:

Re-calculate

Save evaluation

Planning ahead for expansion

- “Everything is a dict”
- Dict = map ~ JSON, but can store *objects in database*
- Expand “schema” without need to change client, e.g.
 - **OK**: (Hard to maintain, disruptive changes)
`{"key": value}`
Need to change data type to expand:
`{"key": [value1, value2]}`
 - **BETTER**: (Expandible, but confusing)
`{"key": [value1, value2, ...]}`
 - **BEST**: (Expand without disrupting users & developers)
`{"key": {"value1Name": {"attribute1": value1}}}`

Easily add an attribute:
`{"key": {"value1Name": {"attribute1": value1, "attribute2": value2...}}}`

Database “schema”

Full nuclide entry

```
1 {  
2   "_id": "62,163",  
3   "_rev": "1-4b5a0b7904644dab711ce77c6cbb20ea",  
4   "Z": 62,  
5   "A": 163,  
6   "symbol": "163Sm",  
7   "levels": {↔},  
98  "rawLines": ["163  SM  62  101  201704  0.0  
99  "documentType": "nuclide",  
100 "debug": "Inserted with add-ensdf-to-wc.py"  
101 }
```

Database “schema”

Levels section

```
1 {
2   "_id": "62,163",
3   "_rev": "1-4b5a0b7904644dab711ce77c6cbb20ea",
4   "Z": 62,
5   "A": 163,
6   "symbol": "163Sm",
7   "levels": {
8     "GS": {↔}
97  },
98  "rawLines": ["163  SM  62  101  201704  0.0
99  "documentType": "nuclide",
100  "debug": "Inserted with add-ensdf-to-wc.py"
101 }
```

Database “schema”

Ground-state level

```
7 ▾ "levels": {  
8 ▾   "GS": {  
9 ▶     "tHalf": {↔},  
29 ▶     "decayWidth": {↔},  
34 ▶     "massExcess": {↔},  
39 ▶     "abundance": {↔},  
44 ▶     "decayModes": {↔},  
75 ▶     "Jpi": {↔},  
85 ▶     "energy": {↔}  
96     }  
97   },
```

Database “schema”

Half-life of ground state

```
4      "Z": 62,  
5      "A": 163,  
6      "symbol": "163Sm",  
7      "levels": {  
8          "GS": {  
9              "tHalf": {  
10                 "published": {},  
11                 "evaluations": {↔},  
27                 "measurements": {}  
28             },  
            },
```

Database “schema” Evaluations

```
1      "Z": 62,  
5      "A": 163,  
6      "symbol": "163Sm",  
7      "levels": {  
8          "GS": {  
9              "tHalf": {  
10                 "published": {},  
11                 "evaluations": {  
12                     "2017, 04, 01, 00, 00, 00, 000000": {↔}  
26                 },  
27                 "measurements": {}  
28             },  
            },  
        },  
    },
```

Database “schema”

Individual evaluation (example only)

```
11 ▾ "evaluations": {  
12 ▾   "2017, 04, 01, 00, 00, 00, 000000": {  
13     "tHalfIsLowerLimit": false,  
14     "tHalfIsUpperLimit": false,  
15     "tHalfIsUpperEqual": false,  
16     "tHalfIsLowerEqual": false,  
17     "tHalfIsApproximate": false,  
18     "tHalfIsUnknown": false,  
19     "tHalf": 1.23,  
20     "tHalfUnit": "s",  
21     "tHalfInSeconds": 1.23,  
22     "dtHalf": [0.51, 0.47],  
23     "stable": false,  
24     "measurementsCited": {}  
25   }
```

All functions by simple http requests

- Retrieve a nuclide document with an http GET request

<https://someserver.org/?nuclide=137Cs>

- Delete a document with an http DELETE request

<https://someserver.org/?nuclide=137Cs>

- Request edit permission (“edit lock”) with an http GET request

<https://someserver.org/?nuclide=137Cs&edit=true>

- Add a nuclide with an http POST request

```
{  
  "function" : "addnew",  
  "nuclide" : { nuclide document },  
}
```

Responses

- Foreseeable errors do **not** use http error codes (404, 500, etc.)
- Response to **valid** request

```
{"status": {"error": false, "message": ""},  
  "data"  : {"_id": "137,55", ...
```

- Response to **invalid** request

```
{"status"      : {  
  "error"      : true,  
  "message": "InvalidQuery"  
},  
  "data"       : {},  
  "supplemental": "The keys or key combination of  
                  keys in [NSRKey,A] is invalid"  
}
```

Handling multiple users with “edit locks”

- Use case: few simultaneous editors, editors likely know each other
- Think: buying event tickets online
- Request “edit lock” on a nuclide
- Browser or other client “pings” to keep lock
- Setting a large ping timeout allows evaluator to safely work on a nuclide for a long time (e.g. days if necessary).
- Sessions are extremely robust, even after server reboot!

Summary

- This project is focusing on databases / storage, as opposed to a particular file format
- Produce approved output file format on demand
- Object-oriented database (CouchDB)
 - All data types stored together (even images, binary data...)
 - “Everything is a dict”--easily expanded
 - “Store together what you want to access together”
- History, version tracking
- Robust handling of multiple users
- **Testbed for future new ENSDF database**

END

END

END