



GALILEE: A nuclear data processing system for transport, depletion and shielding codes

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+ Introduction

+ GALILEE-VO

- Description
- Developments in progress

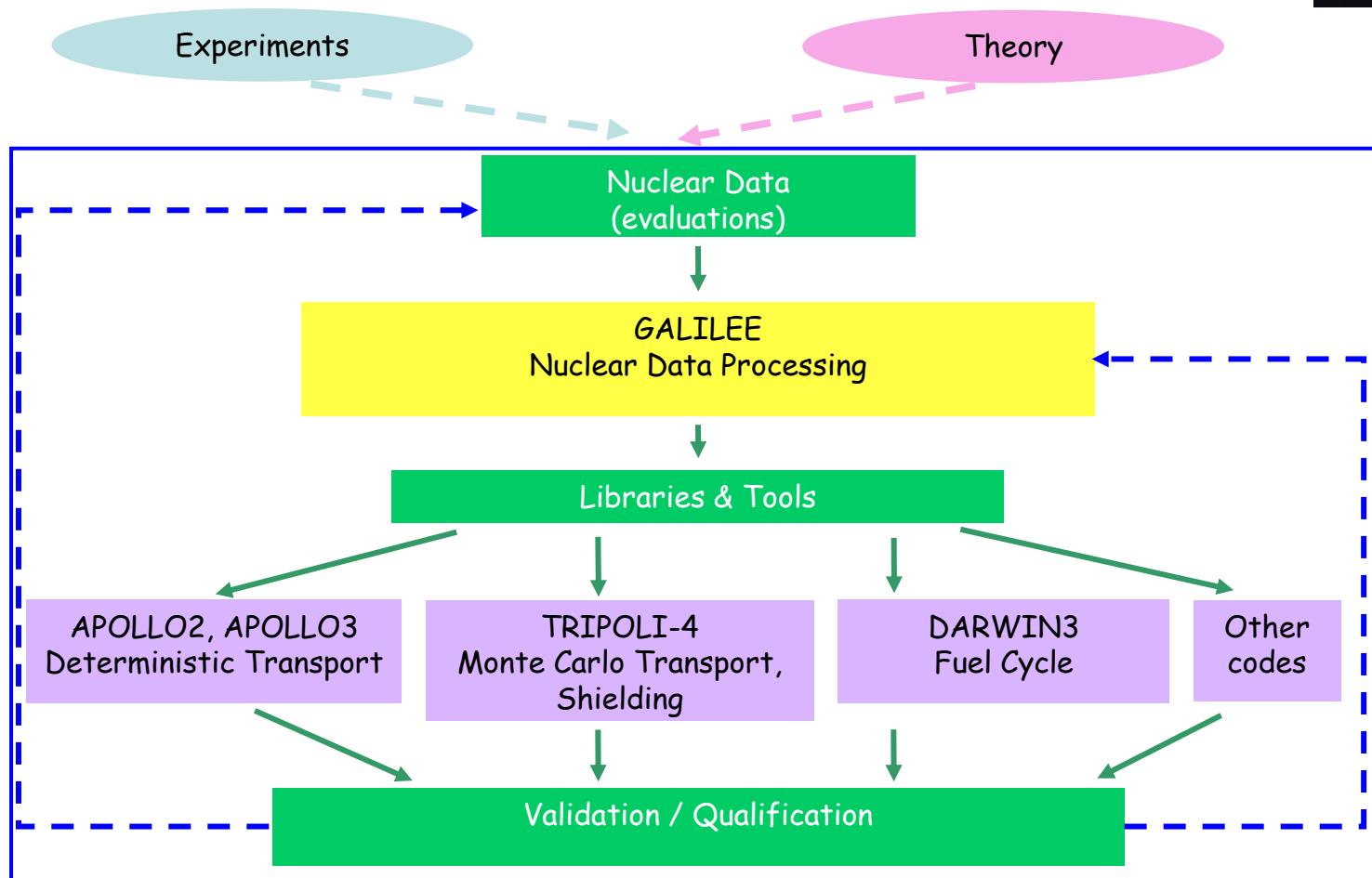
+ GALILEE-Vn $n \geq 1$

- General description
- Implementation
- Validation/Qualification

+ Conclusion



- # CEA **Nuclear Data Processing System** for Transport, Depletion and Shielding Codes (application codes)
- # Part of a CEA global development program dedicated to fine modelling of nuclear systems.
 - Other projects contributing to this aim:
 - APOLLO3 (deterministic transport)
 - TRIPOLI-4 (Monte Carlo transport)
 - DARWIN3 (all fuel cycle problems)
- # GALILEE aims:
 - To provide to application codes a **tool-box** allowing a consistent processing for nuclear data coming from any evaluation given in ENDF/B6 format,
 - To carry out an **automatic chain** for creating application libraries,
 - To provide **consistent application libraries** for modelling a nuclear system.



GALILEE project must be carried out in synergy

- + with application codes in order to be able to share “data” but also “tools”
- + with codes creating evaluations (CONRAD) in order to be able to share physical models

Why a processing system



- ✚ Nuclear Data stored in evaluations cannot be directly used in application codes
 - Cross-Sections given by resonance parameters in Resonance Range
 - Angular transfer laws given by Legendre polynomials decomposition (max. P64) at various incident energies
 - ...

- ✚ Processing step requires
 - Physics: cross-section reconstruction thanks to **nuclear formalisms**
 - Numerical methods: Multigroup parameters calculations thanks to integration techniques
 - Computing: Library creation with a given format

- ✚ Process depends on:
 - Kind of information stored in an evaluation
 - Physical problem studied
 - Models used in application codes



+ GALILEE-V0

- Reinforce our experience in Nuclear Data Treatment
 - ~20 know-how years
- Perpetuate our specific processing tools

+ GALILEE-V_n, n ≥ 1

- Carry out a **new** Nuclear Data processing system
- Ensure consistency with evaluation data production
- Insert Nuclear Data processing as one of the major components of a nuclear system modelling
- Have a processing system at the same "Quality Level" as the new Physics Core or Criticality Codes
 - APOLLO3 (CEA)
 - TRIPOLI-4 (CEA)
 - DARWIN3 (CEA)
- Introduce a « modularity » between nuclear data treatment and application codes

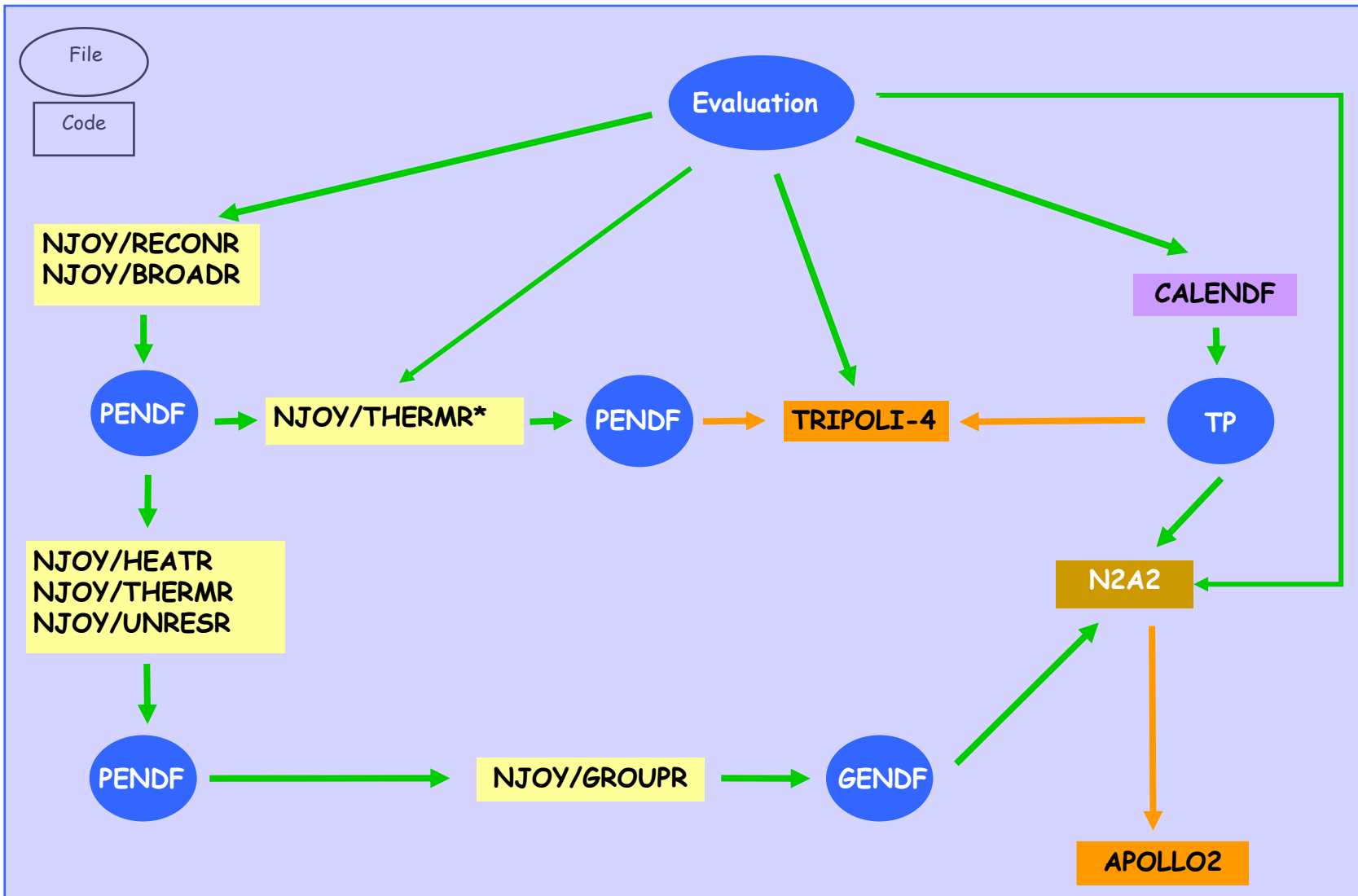


- ✚ Elaboration of an integrated chain producing automatically consistent libraries for APOLLO2 and TRIPOLI-4
 - Processing chain [GALILEE-VO-1](#)
 - In β -tests at CEA/SPRC since January 2008

- ✚ Based on:
 - NJOY99: Los Alamos Nuclear Data processing system (USA)
 - CALENDF-2005: CEA Nuclear Data processing code
 - Probability Tables
 - PREPANJ99
 - data for NJOY and CALENDF
 - LIBNJ90
 - Convivial access to ENDF, PENDF and GENDF NJOY formats
 - N2A2
 - interface between NJOY and CALENDF output files and APOLLO2 libraries
 - Scripts written in PERL

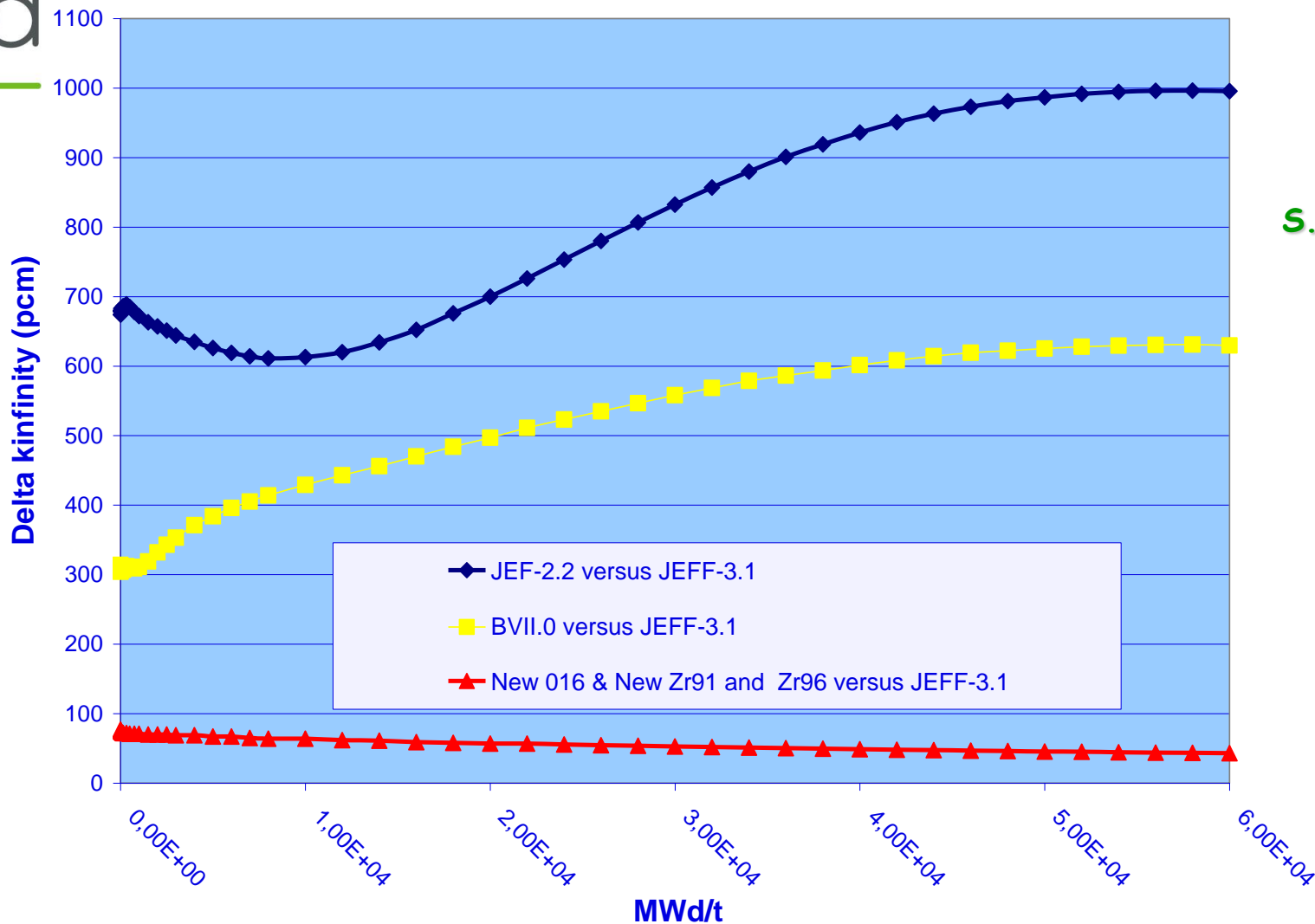


- ✚ 2008 planned developments
 - Introduce ECCO/ERANOS-2 library creation in GALILEE-VO chain
 - Create a verification tool allowing us, when a new library coming from a new evaluation is produced, to test
 - Data consistency and completeness
 - The impact of the new evaluation on a set of calculations
 - Core Physics
 - Criticality
 - Depletion
 - Shielding
 - ...





Library effect on an UO2 depletion cell calculation



From
S. MENGELLE



Nuclear Data Processing activity (capability & skill) is essential at CEA

+ GALILEE-V1 aims:

- Provide fully **mastered tools**
 - Renewed and standardised
 - That can be parameterised
 - Able to create **all** the application code libraries
- Provide a **processing system** with two complementary running ways
 - An **integrated** way to create, with a convivial and automatic chain, consistent libraries for all the application codes
 - consistent global modelling of a nuclear system.
 - An **open** way to provide processing tools for application codes



Nuclear Data Processing activity (capability & skill) is essential at CEA

- ✚ GALILEE-V1 could provide a shared platform for nuclear data treatment
 - CEA/IRSN
 - R&D
 - Use of a common tool
 - Possible co-developments if an agreement is found for property/diffusion rights
 - Interest shown by OCDE for a European nuclear data processing system, open , linked to JEFF3 (IRSN proposal at November 2007 JEFF meeting)
 - Durable teams involved in GALILEE
 - Associated to new code development sustained by industrials or by safety authority






- ✚ To develop our own nuclear data processing tools allows us to master the modelling carried out in application codes
 - Nuclear data processing depends on the use of the data in the application codes

- ✚ Full mastering of processing tools allows to choice:
 - What kind of nuclear data a given application takes into account
 - Scattering reaction
 - total
 - elastic & total inelastic
 - elastic & each inelastic level
 - Processing accuracy and interpolation laws (reconstruction)
 - Nuclear Data Representation
 - Standard ones (PENDF, GENDF, PT)
 - Data format



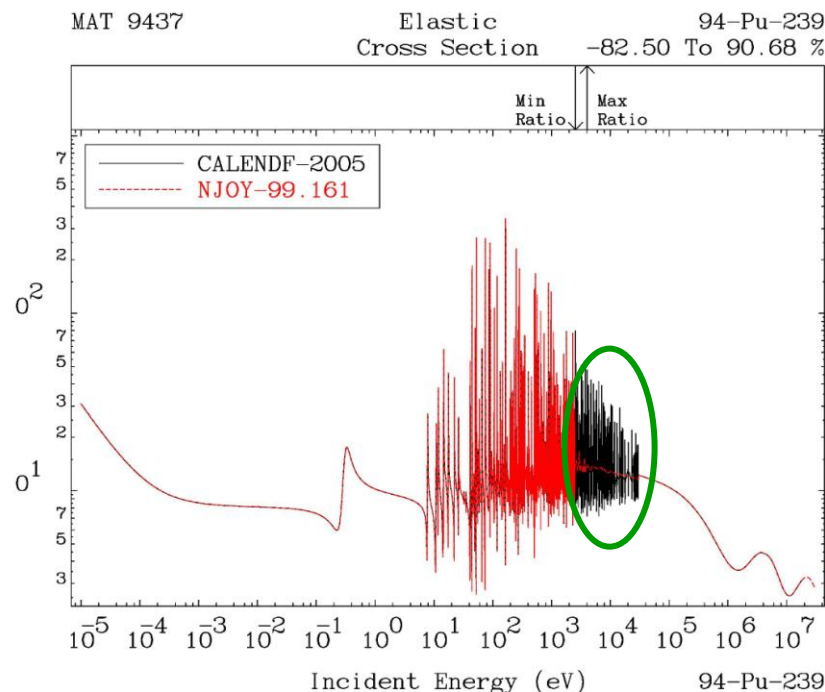
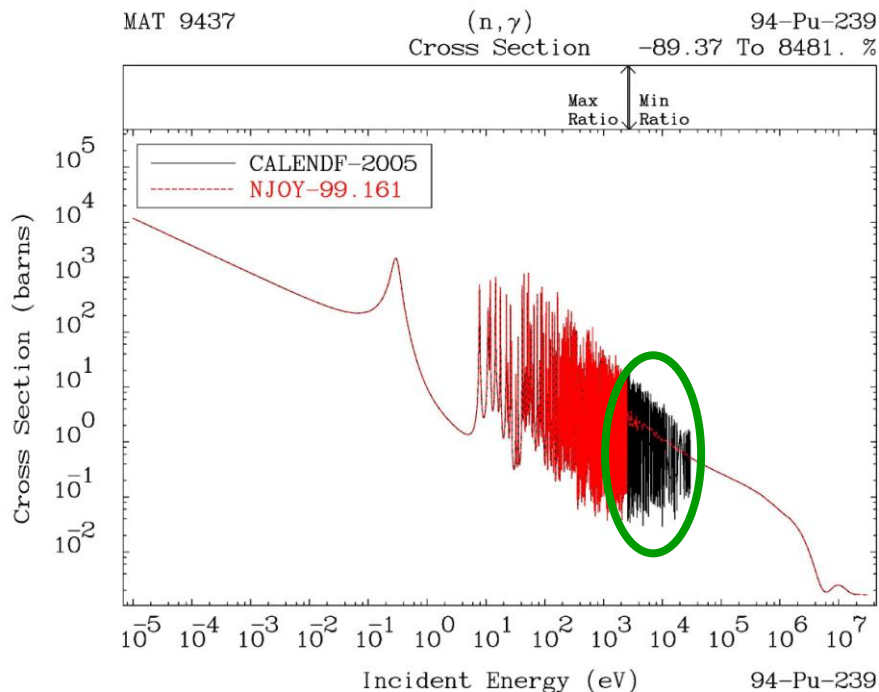
+ R&D Activities

- Improve some nuclear data process
 - Unresolved range 
 - Anisotropy 
 - Thermal range
 - Uncertainties 
- Define new nuclear data representation
 - Anisotropy

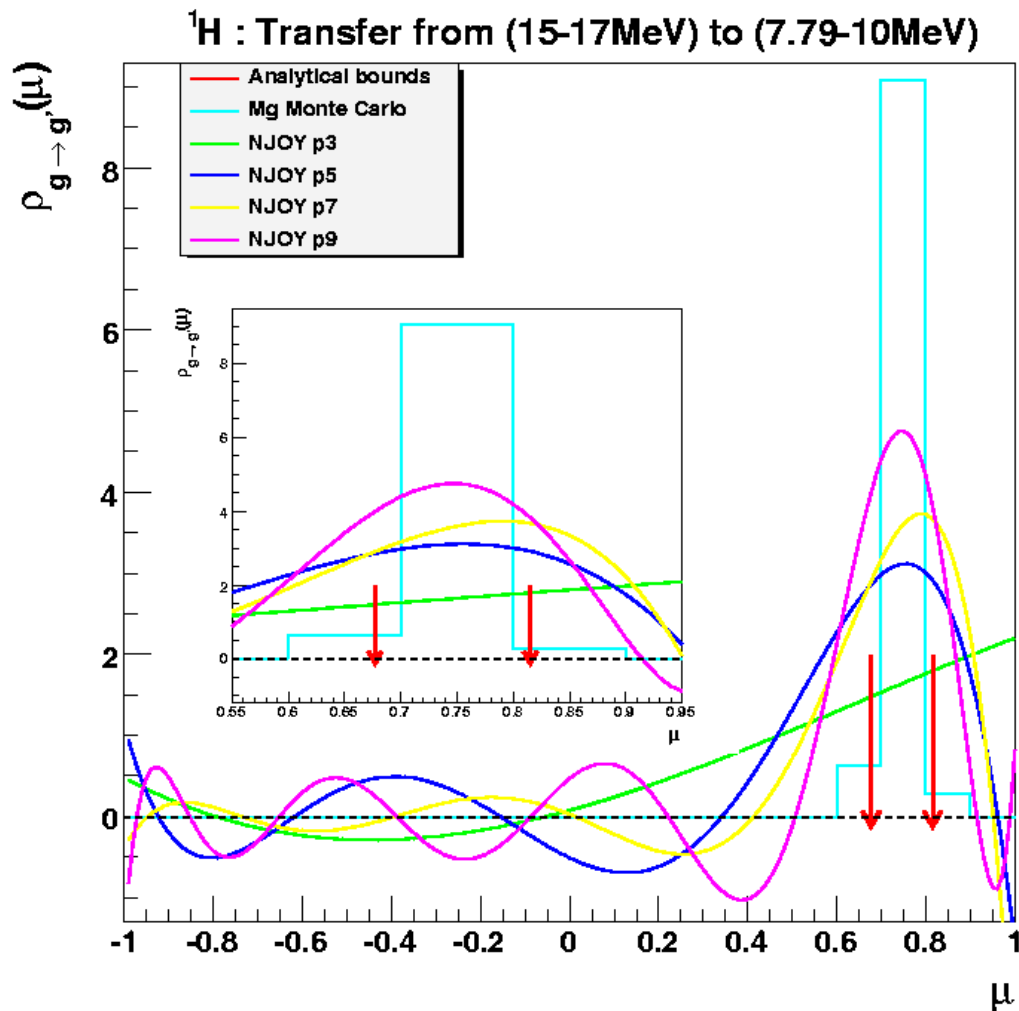




From J.C SUBLET

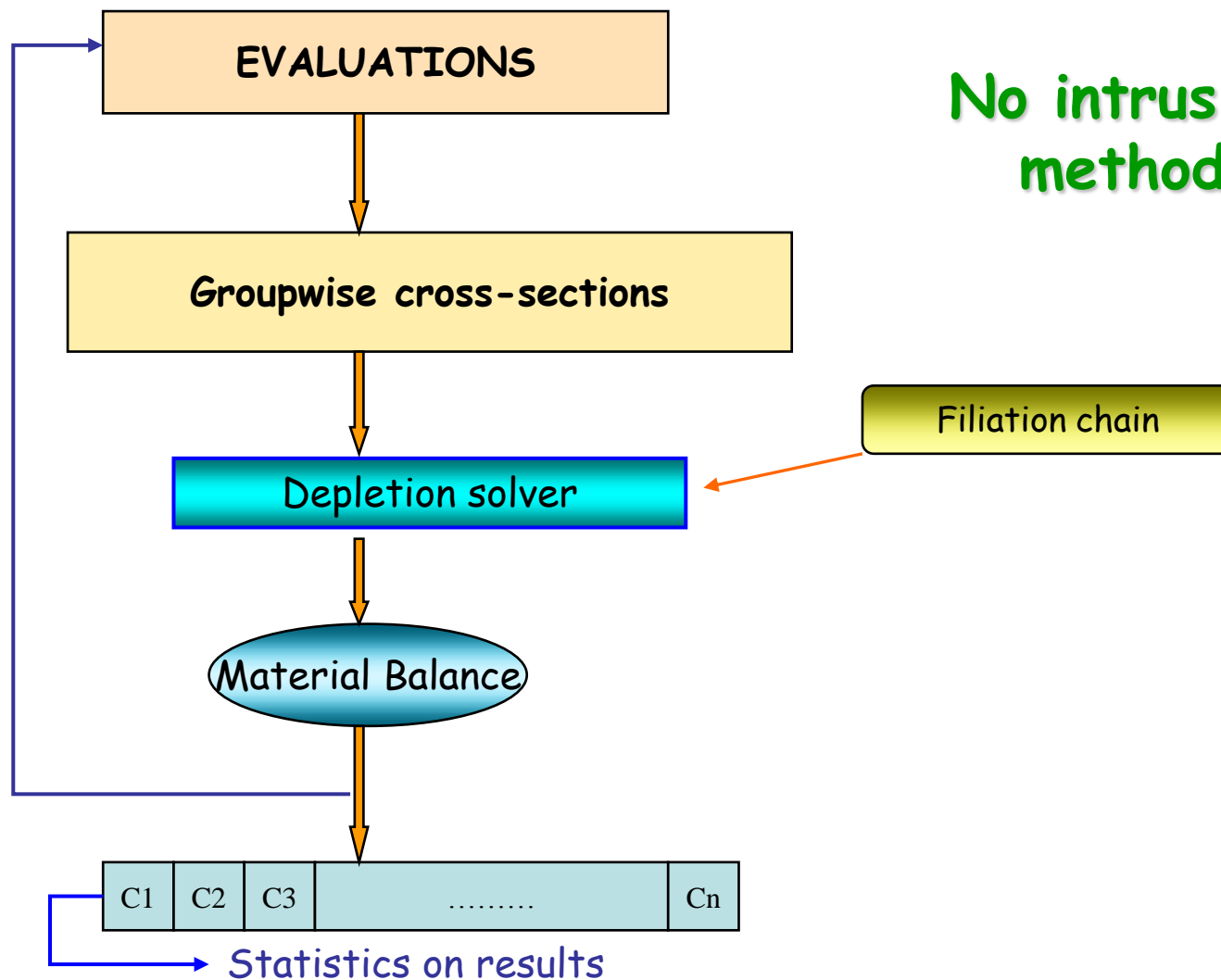


Cross-section reconstruction in unresolved resonance range



From C. JOUANNE &
C.M. DIOP







- + Global modelling of a nuclear system needs several application codes which data must be fully consistent
- + Code to code comparisons are often used
 - To validate an industrial calculation scheme versus a reference calculation scheme
 - To validate a reduced depletion chain used in a transport code versus a complete one used in a depletion code
- + Modelling effects in application codes begin smaller and smaller
→ Process inconsistencies appear

GALILEE-V0 : Integrated system ensuring consistent libraries for TRIPOLI-4 and APOLLO2/CRONOS2

GALILEE-V1: Integrated system ensuring consistent libraries for all the codes used in the global modelling of a nuclear system
Neutronics, criticality, fuel cycle, shielding
GEN II, GEN III, GEN IV, ITER, ...



- ✚ Application code libraries are no longer “static” ones
 - with a collection of given isotopes
 - processed once and for all
 - on a given temperature grid
 - on a given energy mesh

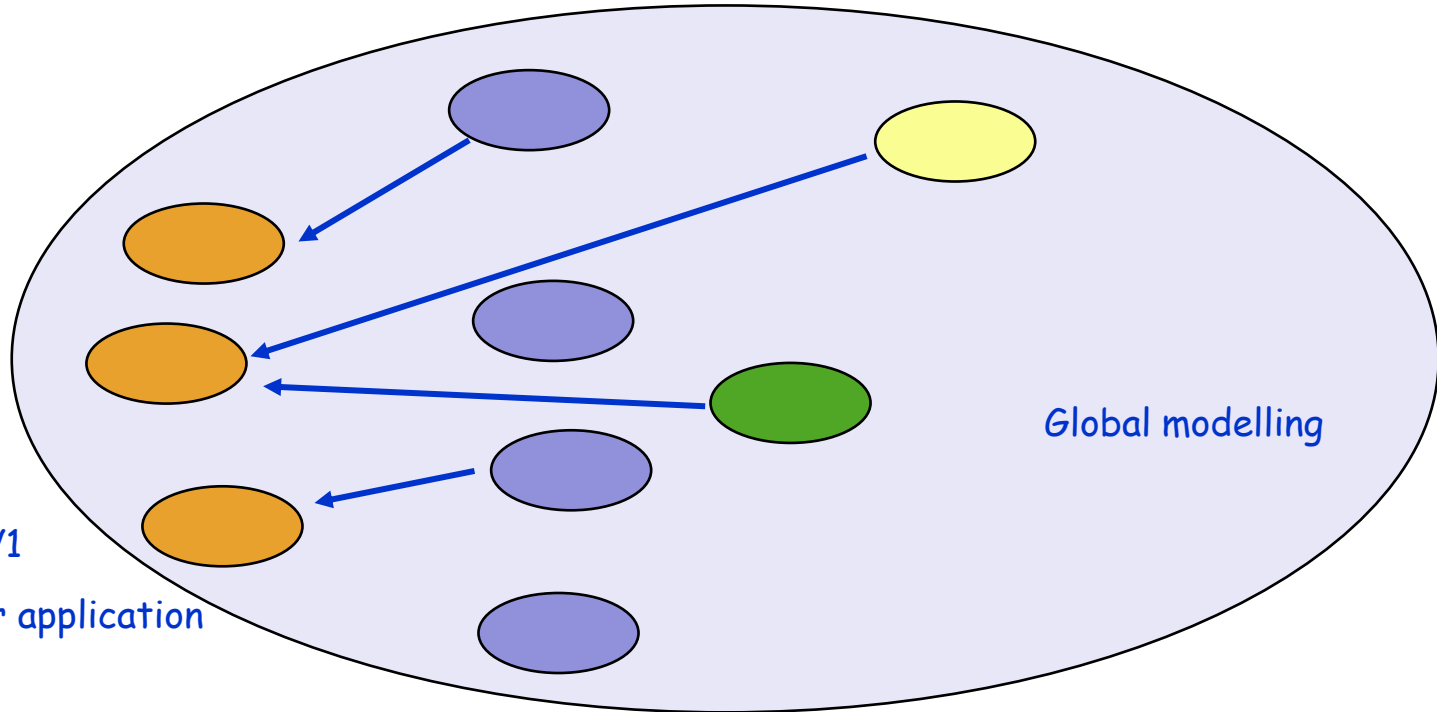
- ✚ Part of the processing can be done during a neutronics calculation
 - In a neutronics/thermo-hydraulics coupling, temperature distribution varies and cross-sections have to be broadened dynamically (already possible in TRIPOLI-4)
 - Cross-section description can be calculated on a refined energy mesh thanks to a specific tool creating a fitted energy mesh which is under progress at CEA

GALILEE-V1:

- will provide a dynamic interface with application codes
- will gather modular and parameterised tools

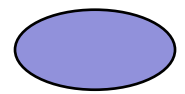


Aim : Global modelling of a nuclear system

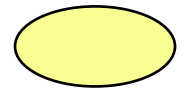


GALILEE-V1

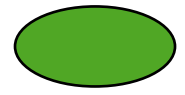
Tool box for application codes



APOLLO3



TRIPOLI-4



DARWIN3



- ✚ New processing system
 - Conceived in a modular and parameterised way
 - With an automatic and integrated way of running

- ✚ Based on CALENDF-2005 for physical models
 - Renewed for all computational aspects
 - Modern computer language (C++)
 - Completed
 - Provide all NJOY functionalities needed for core physics
 - Comparison between several processing tools
 - Inter-Validation

- ✚ Ensuring consistent models with codes that create nuclear evaluations
 - CONRAD



+ Build a test collection

- Ensuring the quality of the data provided to application codes
- Ensuring that there is no regression when a component is changed
- Allowing to measure the impact, on representative core physics situations, of changing an isotope evaluation, a model, ...

+ Benchmarks participation

- ICSBEP (criticality)
- SINBAD (shielding)
- DICKENS, AKYIAMA (residual power)
- Benchmarks AEN/OCDE (depletion)
- ...



Nuclear Data Processing at CEA

- ✚ Major activity
- ✚ One fundamental component of nuclear system global modelling
- ✚ Nuclear Data Processing System GALILEE
 - Is in phase with the new generation of reactor physics codes
 - Brings consistency and representation flexibility to nuclear data used in application codes
 - Is unified, integrated or open, and validated
 - Allows R&D activity
 - Ensures consistency with models used to create evaluations (CONRAD)

